BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

BY BOUTELLE & BURR. BANGOR, ME., SATURDAY MORNING, JULY 11, 1874. VOLUME XLI—NUMBER 163.

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Daily Whig & Courier,
PUBLISHED MORNINGS
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INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

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IS PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY,
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AGENCIES.

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Business Cards.

NOYES AMES.
DEALER IN
Pure Drugs & Chemicals,
PATENT MEDICINES,
Fancy Goods, and Toilet Articles
41 BROAD, corner WATER STREET,
BANGOR.
A skilful Prescription Clerk always in attendance.
may12 tf

DENNISON'S
PATENT TAGS
FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE
We print them at a very low figure.
Bangor, July 13, 1873.

H. W. & H. S. HOBBS,
PRACTICAL SLATERS & CONTRACTORS.
Making Slate Roofing and Repairing done at short notice. 100 Harlow St. Bangor, Me. aug29

JOSIAH H. DRUMMOND,
COUNSELOR AT LAW,
PORTLAND, MAINE.

WM M ROBINSON,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
And Solicitor in Bankruptcy,
HOULTON MAINE.
sep27

FILES------FILES.

NOW IS THE TIME to Sharpen up and get ready for business. I have on hand
1000 DOZEN FILES,
And am finishing off 150 Dozen per week, which I am selling at
The Lowest Prices,
and will warrant them equal to any imported. ☞Call and see them.
OLD FILES RECUT, as usual.
JOB COLLETT
Exchange Street.

SEASIDE HOUSE,
ISLESBORO, MAINE.
This Hotel is now open for summer visitors. Good boating, fishing, and bathing. Terms reasonable.
J. H. RYDER. Pro'r.
july1 eodlm

PROVINCE HOUSE
ON EUROPEAN PLAN.
152 Washington and 11 Province Court,
Opposite Old South Church, Boston.
G. A. COWAN, Proprietor.
(Late of Parker House.)
This House recently opened. Everything new throughout. Rooms by the day or week. 75 cents and $1 00 per day.
aug28

GEORGE'S HOTEL,
THOMASTON, MAINE.
Nearly opposite the Maine State Prison.
W. K. BICKFORD, Proprietor.
GEO. W. MARCY, Clerk.
Coaches to take passengers to and from the Cars. A good Livery Stable connected with the House.
feb4

J. H. CLERGUE,
Hair Goods Manufacturer,
Has removed to NO. 66 MAIN ST., where he will be happy to see all his friends and customers, old and new. His stock of Wigs, Front Pieces, Switches, Braids, Curls, Frizettes, etc., is, as usual, complete, and receiving large additions daily. Remember that he is a manufacturer and sells at manufacturer's prices. Please call and see the new store and new stock. may13

LOCUST TREENAILS.
200 M Sawed, Turned, Split and Shaved Treenails. Also, all kinds of Ship and Bridge stock. For sale by
F. S. & J. B. HUCKINS,
190 Border St.,
Opposite Central Square, East Boston.
Boston Office, 44 Central Street.
dec1 ly

State of Maine.
PENOBSCOT ss. Court of Probate, June Term, A. D. 1874.

Upon the petition of George W. Field, friend of Eliza E. Miles, late of Bangor, in said county of Penobscot, deceased, that the administration of the estate of said deceased may be granted to Joseph S. Wheelwright of said Bangor.

ORDERED, That said petitioner give public notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this Order thereon, to be published once a week three weeks successively in The Bangor Daily Whig and Courier, a newspaper published in Bangor, in said County, that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said County, to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor, on the last Tuesday in July next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and shew cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted.

JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge.
A true copy—Attest: [illegible], Register.
3wjy

BANK PRINTING!
Checks and Check Books, Drafts and Draft Books in colors or plain; Deposit Memoranda, Letter Heads, Statements, etc., printed in the best style at reasonable rates, at
WHIG & COURIER OFFICE.

LOOK. LOOK.
PRICES REDUCED.
SILKS STILL LOWER.

Good Black Silk at	87 1-2 Cents.
Splendid Quality,	$1 19
Cheney Brothers American Black,	1 50
Cheney Brothers American, all colors,	1 75
Pouit de Soie,	1 50

We wish to say to our customers, and the trade generally, that we are offering great bargains in these goods. Silks may be higher and they may be lower, but we hope and expect to be able to give a still lower price a few days, as we are determined to beat any house in the country in price of Black Silks.
E. C. NICHOLS & CO.
may5 tf

A LA MODE.
IF YOU WANT A
[illegible]
BUY THE
A LA MODE,
Which stands unrivaled for ELEGANCE OF STYLE, PERFECTION OF FINISH, and SUPERIORITY OF FORM. It is to-day the
Leading Corset of America.
Call for the A la mode, take no other. Also
[illegible]
The Best thing yet. It beats Madam Foy's out and out. Give them a trial. We will refund the money in every case where these goods do not give satisfaction.
E. C. NICHOLS & CO.,
NO. 7 MAIN STREET,
—AND—
NICHOLS & WITHAM,
NO. 19 MAIN STREET,
BANGOR, MAINE.
June 26, 1874 SOLE AGENTS.

Sanford's Independent Line.
FOR BOSTON AND LOWELL.

Fares and Freight Reduced.
1874! Arrangements for Season of 1874.
Two Steamers on the Route. Four Trips per Week.
Fare Only $3.
STEAMER CAMBRIDGE. Capt. J. P. JOHNSON.
STEAMER KATAHDIN. Capt W. R. ROIX.
Will leave Bangor for Boston every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at 11 A. M., touching at all the usual landings on the river and bay.
Will leave Boston for Bangor every MONDAY, TUESDAY, THURSDAY and FRIDAY, at 5 o'clock P. M., touching as above.
Fares from Bangor, Hampden, Winterport and Bucksport to Boston, $3.00
do do do do Lowell, 4.15
No extra hazardous freight taken. Freight must be accompanied by bills of lading in duplicate.
april29 d&w LOOMIS TAYLOR, Agent.

TRUNKS,
TRAVELING BAGS,
SHAWL STRAPS.
A new and large assortment at
MANUFACTURERS' PRICES,
—AT—
Buzzell & Shaw's,
20 Main Street.
may9 tf

WRAPPING PAPERS, PAPER BAGS, Cotton and Jute Twines, at low prices.
CHAS. HIGHT,
june18 3 Smith Block.

New Music.
Received by E. F. & W. G. DUREN.
june18

Notice to Builders.

Sealed proposals will be received for erecting a brick building on the Dummer Farm in Hallowell, for the Maine Industrial School for Girls, about 61 or 62 feet long, and 35 or 36 feet wide, and three stories in height, according to plans and specifications which may be examined at the office of H. K. Baker in Hallowell, on and after the 18th instant. Proposals may be made for the whole, or separately for the granite, brick, wood work, &c., and will be opened after the 22d inst.

H. K. BAKER,
J. L. STEVENS,
SIMON PAGE,
Committee.
April 3, 1874. apr9 tf

Copartnership Notice.

The undersigned have this day formed a copartnership for the purpose of carrying on the Seed Store and Grocery Business as formerly carried on by F. H. & P. H. Prescott. We shall transact business at No. 1 Mercantile Square, Bangor, under the name and style of DUNNING & PRESCOTT.

WILL H. DUNNING,
FRANK S. PRESCOTT.
Bangor, April 1, 1874. apr18

Died in Pittsfield, June 16, 1874.

Of consumption, Dr. W. H. Tibbetts of Bangor, aged 39 years. He was a successful Humor and Cancer Doctor, without using the knife in any case, as many who have been cured by him in the State of Maine can testify. He left the knowledge of his discoveries and his Receipts for Humors and Cancers with his brother, STEPHEN W. TIBBETTS of Pittsfield, Me., with whom any desiring, can communicate. june20 6w*

Paper Bags!
Great reduction in prices, this day.
july1 D. BUGBEE & CO.

[illegible]

W. F. WEEKS.

A new stock of fine Watches and rich Jewelry just received. Watch repairing a specialty. Three first class workmen who understand how to repair all kinds of difficult and complicated Watches. Also, repairing Clocks, Jewelry, Spectacles, Music Boxes, adjust Watches to heat, cold and position. New chronometer balances applied. Correct time by transit observations.
All work warranted. W. F. WEEKS,
3 Smith Block, in Charles Hight's Bookstore.
apr10 d&w

PLUMBING.
J. P. GOULD, for a long time in the tin roofing and jobbing business in Bangor, having made arrangements to carry on PLUMBING in connection with his other work, announces that he is prepared to make estimates of Plumbing for public and private buildings of every description.
Orders solicited. may4 tf

THOSE
Ladies' Silk, Ivory Handle,
SUN UMBRELLAS,
have been received.
Buzzell & Shaw,
20 Main St.
june16

[illegible]
All Kinds and at [illegible] at
WHIG & COURIER OFFICE

LOOK!
[illegible]
Bangor, [illegible] 1874. d&w

LEMUEL NICHOLS,
Having purchased the entire
HACK & COACH INTEREST
Connected with the
Franklin House,

(now under the management of Mr. N. J. Davis, formerly of the United States Hotel of Portland) would inform the public that his facilities for Hacking are now complete. All Trains and Steamers will be visited on arrival and departure. Orders for Weddings, Parties, Calls, Funerals, &c., will be promptly executed.
An Elegant Barouche
will be furnished for Pleasure Parties and Strangers visiting our city. The above will be furnished with reliable and accommodating drivers who will take pains to please their patrons. Orders to be left at Franklin House or Stable Office. He has also taken the business of the
Transient Stable
connected with the above House, and will be happy to see his old friends.
The FRANKLIN HOUSE LIVERY STABLE has been freshly stocked with Driving Horses and New Carriages and Harnesses, and can furnish as good a team for business or pleasure as can be found in the city.
Please give me a call.
L. NICHOLS.
june23 3mos

Steam Engines for Sale.
Two New 70 Horse Power,
One New 40 Horse Power,
One New 30 Horse Power,
One New 25 Horse Power,
Warranted of the latest and most approved construction in improvements and workmanship, and at lowest prices, and liberal terms of payment.
Also—One Second Hand 60 Horse Power,
One Second Hand 25 Horse Power,
HINCKLEY & EGERY IRON CO.,
Dec 26, 1873 Bangor.

Money for the Old Country.
Sight drafts on the
Union Bank of London,
National Bank of Scotland, and
Royal Bank of Ireland.
For sale in sums to suit by
P. M. BLAKE.
9 Central St

$20,000 City Bonds for Sale
The highest price paid for Government Bonds, Gold and Canada Bills by
P. M. BLAKE,
Banker, 9 Central Street.
june1 d&w

JULY.
Harper, Leslie, Peterson, &c., and other Magazines, received by
june18 E. F. & W. G. DUREN

R. P. STONE
Has this day opened one case
French Batistes
For suitings and dresses, at one shilling per yard, being ⅓ of the cost to import. Ladies' Polonaises and suits from $4 to $20. Children's Woolen, Linen and Pique dresses and suits. Parasols and Sun umbrellas from 50 cts to $10 and $12. Black Hernanis from 25 cts to $1.50 per yard.
A Fresh Invoice of Black Silk at still reduced prices, from 60 cts. to $6.00 per yard. Do not fail to call and see the bargains.
R. P. STONE, 6 & 8 Main St.
june12

FULL CARGO OF
Trunks & Travelling Bags
Just received at
THOS. HERSEY'S.
They are going with a rush at lower prices than at any other place in Maine!
june9

POTASH.
A prime lot for sale by
FLOOD & ROWE.

Currant Worms
Have come. White Hellibore will kill them. For sale by
BLOOD & ROWE
june10 131 EXCHANGE ST.

A New Sensation!
The Champoo Bath,
One of the greatest luxuries of the age. Price 50 cents. At the Bathing Rooms,
31 Central Street.
Also, Hot and Cold Water and Vapor Baths.
may8

SALEM LEAD COMPANY.
Warranted PURE WHITE LEAD.—Well-known throughout New England as the WHITEST, FINEST and BEST.
LEAD TAPE, 5-8 in. wide, on reels for Curtain Sticks.
LEAD RIBBON, from 2 1-2 to 8 inches wide, on reels for Builders.
LEAD PIPE, of any size or thickness, at lowest market prices for goods of equal quality.
Address SALEM LEAD CO., Salem, Mass.
mar11 6W&S&w3m13

Wm. M. Giles & Co.'s Liniment.
IODIDE OF AMMONIA
CURES
RHEUMATISM, PAIN in the JOINTS or BONES, FACE ACHE, NEURALGIA, FELONS, TUMORS, PARALYSIS, HARD SWELLINGS, and EVERY KIND OF PAIN. Can be taken inwardly. For sale by WARREN & ROBINSON, Bangor. Depot 451 Sixth Avenue, New York. jan26 3m

$10 to $100 invested in Wall Street, often leads to fortune. New system. No liability. "THE ART OF SPECULATION," 48 pages. Sent free. Coupons collected, Securities negotiated. J. HICKLING & CO., Bankers and Brokers, 12 Broadway, and 14 New St., New York.
june8 3m*

CARRIAGES FOR SALE
VERY CHEAP
One Second Hand Carryall made by Whiton, in perfect running order, fitted with pole and shafts, $75.
One Second Hand Side Spring Open Wagon, in good order.
One Second Hand End Spring Open Wagon, made by Whiton.
One very light Trotting Wagon, New York made, weight 138 pounds.
These Carriages will be sold at low prices as I have no further use for them. Enquire of
F. P. WOOD,
2 Kenduskeag Block.
june20

PARIS PATTERNS
For Ladies and Children,
Just received from the fashionable establishment of S. T. Taylor, 816 Broadway.
These patterns we consider the very best, and most stylish patterns in the market, and we shall be very happy to show them to all who may favor us with a call.
MRS. J. A. FOLSOM,
7½ Main Street.
Over E. C. Nichols & Co.'s Store.
apr8 tf

For Sale.
Running part of an Express Wagon, nearly new, also a buggy.
WM. R. [illegible]
may27 No. 1 Smith Block.

Notice.

[illegible]

Real Estate.

House for Rent
On Pine street, near State street.
J. H. FOSTER.
july3

House on Birch Street.
10 Rooms, convenient for one or two families, hard and soft water in kitchen, small Stable attached. Lot is 65 by 132. Terms easy. Inquire at 8 State Street.
may12 eod tf

For Sale or Rent.
House situated on Cedar Street, near West Broadway within ten minutes' walk of the Post office, conveniently arranged for two families.
Also, FOR SALE, a lot situated on the corner of West Broadway and Union Streets, to be sold in one lot or four. Inquire of
J. T. DINSMORE, Cedar Street
june19 tf

For Sale.
House No. 6, Davis Street; Lot 60 by 114. Price $2800. If not sold within a short time, part of the house will be rented to a small family.
june1

Two Houses in Brewer for Sale
AT A BARGAIN. Situated on Jordan Street, within ten minutes walk of Bangor. Terms reasonable. Enquire on the premises.
may26 3w* PETER KAVANAGH.

THOMPSON & KELLOGG
KEEP FOR SALE
Portland Star Matches!
30 Central Street.
june16

ENGINES FOR SALE.
FOUR YACHT ENGINES from 6 to 50 horse power, STATIONARY and PORTABLE Engines, from 8 to two hundred horse-power, with Corliss, Babcock, Wilcox and plain slide valves, New and Second Hand, also BOILERS, SHAFTING, WOOD and IRON working Machinery of all kinds.
WINCHESTER & HIGHTS
MACHINERY DEPOT,
71, 73 and 75 Dorchester Avenue
BOSTON.

DOLE BROTHERS,
DEALERS IN
Black Walnut Parlor Suits
In Plush, Terry and Hair Cloth, of the latest styles.
A large assortment of
B.W. WALNUT, ASH & PINE DRESS CASE SUITS
at low prices.
Parties will find it to their advantage to call and examine our extensive stock before purchasing elsewhere.
FURNITURE WAREROOMS,
june11 Hammond Street

Board Wanted.
Two young men wish to obtain board in some good private family, within five minutes' walk of the Postoffice. Address P. O. Box 1517, Bangor.
april4

ALEX. PIRIES' "Bep" Note Papers and Envelopes, latest shapes and tints.
june18 CHAS. HIGHT.

EATON FAMILY SCHOOL
FOR BOYS
AT NORRIDGEWOCK, ME.
The Eaton School, which has been under the charge of its present principal for 38 years, offers unequaled advantages as a Home School. Fall Term will commence August 18.
For circular apply to HAMLIN F. EATON.
june29 d2m

HATHAWAY SHIRTS
Are acknowledged to be the best fitting Shirt in the Market.
Windsor Scarfs, Ties, Collars.
Gents' Dog Skin and Kid Gloves.
Ladies' Dog Skin Gauntlets, for gardening.
BUZZELL & SHAW
june16

GENTLEMEN'S
MANILLA HATS, STRAW HATS,
DERBY SILK HATS,
BLACK AND DRAB FUR HATS,
BUZZELL & SHAW.
june10

AMERICAN AND FOREIGN PATENTS
R. H. EDDY,
SOLICITOR OF PATENTS
For Inventions Trade Marks or Designs,
No. 76 State Street, opposite Kilby Street, Boston,
After an extensive practice of upwards of thirty years, continues to secure Patents in the United States; also in Great Britain, France, and other Foreign countries. Caveats, Specifications, Assignments, and all papers for Patents executed on reasonable terms, with despatch. Researches made to determine the validity and utility of Patents of Inventions, and legal and other advice rendered in all matters touching the same. Copies of the claims of any patent furnished by remitting one dollar. Assignments recorded in Washington.
No Agency in the United States possesses superior facilities for obtaining Patents or ascertaining the patentability of inventions.
All necessity of a journey to Washington to procure a Patent, and the usual great delay there, are here saved inventors.
TESTIMONIALS.
"I regard Mr. Eddy as one of the most capable and successful practitioners with whom I have had official intercourse.
CHARLES MASON,
Commissioner of Patents."
"I have no hesitation in assuring inventors that they cannot employ a man more competent and trustworthy, and more capable of putting their applications in a form to secure for them an early and favorable consideration at the Patent Office.
EDMUND BURKE,
Late Commissioner of Patents."
"Mr R. H. EDDY has made for me over THIRTY applications for Patents, having been successful in almost every case. Such unmistakable proof of great talent and ability on his part leads me to recommend ALL inventors to apply to him to procure their patents, as they may be sure of having the most faithful attention bestowed on their cases, and at very reasonable charges.
JOHN TAGGART."
Boston, Jan. 1, 1874. 1tawly

Notice.

The Annual Meeting of the Corporation of the Dirigo Slate Quarry Company will be held at the office of the Company, in Dexter, at one o'clock P. M., on the 21st day of July, it being the third Tuesday of said month, for the choice of officers and the transaction of any other business which may properly come before it.

W. D. EATON, Secretary.
july3 MW&S3w

GEN. VALEJO
—AND—
MORRILL PRINCE,

Two of the best Stock Stallions in the State, will make the Season at the
[illegible] PARK, BANGOR.
Description and Pedigree.
GEN. VALEJO—5 years old, sired by Penobscot Chief, he by Gen. [illegible], he by Old Drew; Dam a large and powerful black mare, part Morgan and Drew.
MORRILL PRINCE—a combination of the best blood in the world for stock raising, 5 years old, sired by Young Morrill, the sire of [illegible]
[illegible]
At the Park, [illegible]
Bangor, May 26, 1874. [illegible]

Whig & Courier.

Daily Established 1834 - - - Weekly 1815.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING

For one square (one inch in space) one insertion,	$1 00
For one square, two insertions,	1 25
For one square three times in the Daily,	1 50
For one square, one week,	1 75
each week's continuance,	75
For half square, one time,	50
For half-square, three times,	1 00
For half-square, one week,	1 25
each week's continuance,	40
For one square, in Weekly, three times	1 50
each week's continuance,	25

SPECIAL NOTICES.
$2,50 per square for first week—$1,00 per square for continuance.
DOUBLE COLUMN ADVERTISEMENTS, inserted at the rate of "Special Notices."
☞Advertisements continued three times a week at two-thirds price; two times a week, one half price, one time a week, one third price.
☞Advertisements, where the time of insertion is not specially designated, will be continued until otherwise ordered.
☞All Transient Advertising must be paid for in advance.
Advertisements under the head of "Business Notices" 10 cents per line, each insertion, for solid matter, and 15 cents per line for leaded.

HYDROPHOBIA.

NOT A SPECIFIC DISEASE BUT A NERVOUS DISORDER.

Henry Bergh sends to the New York papers the following summary of the results of medical study of the mysterious disorder known as hydrophobia.

With a view to allaying the present unreasonable canine scare, I reproduce the opinions of some of the highest scientific minds on this subject. They are collected from a medical work loaned me by Dr. Charles Bernacki, and translated by Dr. Ernest P. Hofmann. Much of the subjoined is from the works of Professor Moschka, head of the University of Prague. By him we are assured that many persons suffering from apparent hydrophobia, have never been bitten by any animal, and that all the symptoms ascribed to hydrophobia are to be met with in various other diseases. He further states that no reliable sign after death can be discovered whereby one could positively assert that a person had died of hydrophobia or tetanus. He therefore concludes that hydrophobia is not a specific disease, but only one occurring under certain conditions incident to various diseases.

Post mortem examinations have shown nothing except a hyperemiatic state of the blood, redness of the mucous membrane of the throat and stomach, and some have observed hyperæmia of the vagus and sympathicus nerves, while others again deny this—The same appearances, however, are noticed in tetanus and other diseases attended by convulsions. Maschka, Bruckmuller and Lorinser came to the conclusion that it is a nervous disease and resembles tetanus, that it may follow an injury as well as occur without any previous injury or bite.

Stadthagen treated twelve persons who had been bitten by rabid dogs. Of this number only one showed signs of sickness and recovered. Cramer relates that in the year 1852, in Hamburg, 100 persons were bitten by rabid dogs, and that only one died with symptoms of hydrophobia. These authors also state that diseases produced by other animal poison have no resemblance to the so called hydrophobia, inasmuch as in the wound and surrounding part of the former immediate reaction takes place. The imagination always plays an important part in the development of supposed hydrophobia.

Lorinser, of Vienna, successfully proves that no specific disease is produced in man from the bite of a mad dog. Even inoculation has failed to establish the contagion theory. Hartwig cites 137 dogs bitten by rabid dogs and of all these only six died with symptoms of hydrophobia, while the rest remained perfectly well. According to Bruckmuller, after extensive experiments by inoculating animals with the saliva of mad dogs only about 15 per cent showed any symptoms of hydrophobia, a smaller percentage than would be expected from any other animal poison. On the other hand, however, cases of assumed hydrophobia have occurred, produced by wounds of the most trivial nature, such as a scratch with an iron nail, hardly drawing any blood. The sum total of all this is that the mind is master of this situation, as of many others.

THE TIMBER LANDS OF NEW BRUNSWICK

The increasing scarcity of timber adjacent to the sea and to navigable streams has within a few years become a subject of great moment to the inhabitants of this province.—Until recently some of our people have been accustomed to look upon our spruce and pine trees as an encumbrance to the land and unworthy of the cost of protection. The public however, think differently now, since they find that more than one half of the best timber lands in New Brunswick have been utterly destroyed by fire, wind and axe, while nine-tenths of the remainder have been worked on so much that they have been largely deprived of their most valuable soft woods. On the St. John River we find that the Kennebeccasis, the Washademoak, the Grand Lake and its tributaries on the east side, and the Nerepis and Oromocto on the west side, have been nearly denuded of the valuable timber which skirted the country watered by them. In the county of Charlotte the only river which still holds out is the Saint Croix, while the logs coming down it are becoming yearly smaller in size, and even more than one-third of these are probably composed of Hemlock, a wood which we formerly despised. The only reason why this stream still affords a sufficient supply of logs is because private individuals, many years since, bought large tracts of timber land on its shores as a reserve for their mills. These they have since carefully protected. Had they remained in the hands of the crown they would long since have been utterly destroyed. The Magaguadavic and all the other rivers of Charlotte have ceased to be timbered, and the lumbermen and mill owners who once derived support from the cutting and marketing of woods have, for the greater part, been forced to engage in other occupations. On the shores of the Gulf of St. Lawrence we find that the extensive pine and spruce lands of the Shediac, Cocagne, Buctouche, Richibucto and many other small rivers are rapidly being denuded of their lumber; and, indeed, until one reaches the Miramichi, North, the supply of wood fit for saw logs is not very satisfactory. Reverting to the St. John, we find (that above the Beccaguimic (twelve miles above Woodstock,) the country is more covered by hard than by soft wood, and much more fit for settling than for lumber purposes. The southern part of New Brunswick, always was the best timbered, and as is remarked by woodsmen, good farming land is seldom or ever good timbered land. Seeing that matters are thus, it becomes the especial duty of the government, as conservators of the public property, to look after the interests of the public in the protection of the timber lands which we have left, as well as to see what revenue commensurate with their value be derived from them. It is a subject which should be entered upon in a fearless and independent spirit, guided only by a regard to the public interests.—[St. John Telegraph.

Says an American paper: "Small-pox need not be feared here—it will not come here. The gnats and mosquitoes are occupying the entire ground, and are now working it vigorously, and under the mining law extension no relocations can be made before winter."

"Hillo, where did you get them trowsers?" asked a Dublin Irishman of a fellow who happened to be passing with remarkably short trowsers on. "I got them where they grow," was the indignant reply. "Thin, begorra," said Paddy, "you've pulled them a year too soon."

TRAVELLING IN FARMING. Did any of your readers ever think of the amount of travel, it takes to raise a crop of corn? I never saw an illustration in print, and I thought I would give you one. I have a twenty acre field, forty by eighty rods. To break this up would take one hundred and sixty-five miles; harrowing it, about forty [illegible] forty-five miles, if with a [illegible]; and I [illegible] and then covered, ninety miles; and for each plowing of two furrows in a row, ninety miles, or five plowings, four hundred and fifty miles. Thus, you will see, it takes about eight or nine hundred miles of travel to raise twenty acres of corn, not counting going to and returning from the field. Besides, there is replanting, thinning, rolling, etc.—[Ex.

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE

Rev. Mr. Rowell, of Biddeford, baptized sixteen last Sabbath.

The Universalist society at Fairfield has closed its church.

Rev. E. M. Emery, of Thomaston, has recently baptized seven converts.

Rev. Dr. Estes of Paris, baptized two converts last Sabbath.

There is a marked revival in religious interest in Standish and North Gorham.

Rev. E. H. Butts has accepted a call to the pastorate of the Shapleigh church.

Rev. C. E. Tucker of Biddeford has closed his labors with the Universalist church there.

Rev. A. H. Moment has been induced to remain with the Congregational church at Freedom another year.

The total receipts of the Maine Baptist Missionary Convention so far this year are $7,061 07.

Mr. A. K. Gurney of Cape Elizabeth, a graduate of Colby University and Newton, goes to missionary fields.

Rev. M. H. Tarbox, of the Freewill Baptist Church in Houlton, has preached his last sermon there. He goes to Lewiston.

Rev. W. T. Smith will close the pastorate of the West Lebanon, F. B. church, August 1st, to assume the work of an evangelist.

Rev. Mr. Sprague of the Methodist church in Paris, recently administered the ordinance of baptism to nineteen persons.

Rev. Albert H. Thompson of Searsport, a graduate of New Haven Divinity School, will supply the Congregationalist pulpit at Enfield N. H. the present summer.

Rev. Charles Tucker, formerly of Bath, for several years pastor of the Universalist society in Biddeford, closes his labors in that place next Sunday.

Eight persons were baptized at the Park street Methodist church, Lewiston, last Sabbath by the pastor Rev. Mr. Bolton, and an equal number of persons united with the church.

Rev. Dr. Ricker, of Augusta, Secretary of the Trustees of the Maine Baptist Convention, has been granted a vacation of three months, to improve his health.

In the State Street Congregational Church Portland, there were five baptisms of children last Sabbath. In Williston Chapel seven children were baptized.

Seventeen persons were baptized in the Kennebec River on Sunday, by Rev. Mr. Stratton, of Augusta, and united with the First Christian Union Church.

Rev C. C. Mason has failed in his ministerial labors, congestion of the bronchial arteries being the cause. His pulpit is being supplied by neighboring ministers.

Mr. James Brownville of South Boston, a student at Colby University, is supplying the pulpit of the Sebago Church for a few weeks to the great acceptance of the society.

The pulpit of the Congregational Church in Warren is at present supplied by Mr. Burgess, of the Bangor Theological Seminary, who will remain during his summer vacation.

Eight candidates were baptized by Rev. Mr. Penny, at Augusta, on Sunday and afterwards received into the Free Baptist church.

The interest in Bowdoin in religious meetings has largely increased. Four were baptized at West Bowdoin, Sunday; these with others have recently been baptized make eighteen that have gone forward.

Rev. E. B. Pike has just completed a year's engagement with the Congregational Church at Boothbay Harbor, and is engaged for another year. Ten persons have united with the church on profession and three by letter the year past.

Rev. A. Turner, of Maryland Ridge, has baptized nine persons since Conference, and one has recently been converted and united with the class. One week ago last Sabbath six young men were baptized. The church was crowded, and the scene very impressive.

The new M. E. church at Rockport is being rapidly pushed forward. It is hoped that the vestry will be ready for use the first of September. The ladies have formed a Church Aid Society for the purpose of furnishing the audience room of the church.

The presiding elders of the Methodist church who were appointed a committee to designate a plan for assisting in raising money to purchase a Bishop's residence in Boston, decided to recommend the churches of Maine Conference to each take a collection for that purpose some Sabbath during the month of August.

Sunday June 21st, the Baptist church at Winthrop celebrated its jubilee. Rev. W. T. Whitmarsh, the pastor, delivered an appropriate address. Since the foundation of the church, fifty years ago, it has had ten pastors, Mr. Whitmarsh being the tenth. In the evening of Jubilee Sunday, Mr Enoch Ward, of Manchester, a convert of the revival of 1821, suddenly fell dead from his chair.

The following is a list of Methodist campmeetings to be held in the State, with dates of holding, etc:—Maine State Camp-meeting, at Richmond, Me., (to continue eight days), Aug 4, Yarmouth Camp-meeting, Aug. 11 to eve, 16; Orchard Beach Camp-meeting, Aug 12 to 20, Martha's Grove Camp-meeting (Fryeburg, Me), Aug. 24 to 31; East Machias Camp meeting, Aug. 24 to eve, 28, East Livermore Camp-meeting, Aug. 24 to 29, 1st Poland Camp meeting, Aug. 24 to 31, Houlton Camp-meeting, Sept. 8 to 14, Anson Camp meeting, Sept. 14 to 19.

The Woman's Christian Association of Portland, is doing a good work. The secretary's annual report shows that thirty nine young women have availed themselves of the Young Women's Home since it opened in June, 1873. Since October 175 girls have been assisted to employment ranging through art and trades to house service. The treasurer's report shows that the expenses the past year were $6,043 53, and the receipts $6,084-74 leaving $041 21 in the treasury, of which $100 are credited to the relief fund, $519.54 deposited in the Maine Savings Bank, and $21 67 are on hand. There are 41 life members, and 286 annual subscribers.

A verification of the old joke has already been attempted with much success: "The pilgrim o'er a desert wild should ne'er let want confound him, for he at any time can eat the sand which is around him." It might seem odd that he could find such palatable fare, did not we know the sons of Ham were bred and mustered there."

An Italian journal speaks of the discovery of a plot to liberate ex-Marshal Bazaine from his confinement on the island of Sainte Marguerite. This explains the re-doubling of the surveillance that has been lately remarked on the island. The ex-Marshal has been confined to his rooms.

HUSBANDS IN DANGER. The recent Montebello-Metternich duel is the inspiration of much fun in European circles, and the statement is made that at present in Paris when a lady is going to a ball the husband cautions her nervously to be civil to Mr. So-and-so, and not to frown at Count Castowhiski. The worst phase of the matter, according to the wits, is that the ladies have a very effective whip to hold over their husbands' backs when they desire to compel a favor. For instance one will say, "Henri, if you don't buy me that bonnet I'll insult M. Trois Etoiles, and he's a dead shot," or "Hyppolyte, if you don't bring that diamond spray home this evening I'll call Baron thus-and-so a fool." It is certainly a dangerous thing to be a married man in regions where the duello is honored, if a lady's expression of aversion or contempt is to make her husband a target for the man she insults, as in the case of the Princess Metternich.

The Savannah News informs its readers that "The Sheriff of Chatham county has provided himself with forms for the benefit of those who desire to make out descriptive lists of slaves owned at the date of emancipation." Do they propose putting these lists in the hands of detectives, and having the fugitives locked up?

NEW PUBLICATIONS

NEW VOLUME OF LITTELL'S LIVING AGE. The numbers of the weeks ending July 4th and 11th, have the following notable articles:—Recent Works on the Buildings of Laon, by Edward A. Freeman, Letters from Elizabeth Barrett Browning on Literary and General Topics, part IV, Manners and Customs in China, Women's Rights in the Last Century, Shakespeare's Son-in-law, a Study of Old Stratford, by C. Elliott Browne, Colour in Animals; Mr Browning's Place in Literature, Ornithological Reminiscences, Col Gordon's Journey to Gondokoro; The Names of Plants, Alfred B. Street, etc., with instalments of the "Story of Valentine and his Brother," "A Rose in June," and "Alice Lorraine, a Story of the South Downs," poetry and miscellany. These numbers, the first of a new volume, begun July 1st, are excellent ones with which to begin a subscription. With fifty two numbers of sixty four large pages each (aggregating over 3300 pages a year) the subscription price ($8) is low. Littell & Gay, Boston, Publishers.

STATE NEWS

On one street in Rockland it is said there are twenty-five cases of scarlet fever.

A movement is on foot in Skowhegan to build a woolen factory.

The grass crop in Aroostook county is reported to be light.

Henry Teague escaped from jail in Lewiston last week. He has not yet been heard from.

The excitement in regard to the recent burglaries in Portland has in a measure subsided.

The Belfast shoe factory has got well under way again. The force has been considerably increased.

The Portland Society for the prevention of cruelty to animals will hold a fair in City Hall the first of September.

There will be 1200 Knights of Pythias in uniform in Portland on the occasion of the anniversary in August.

On Sunday an Englishman, named J. Bradbury of Auburn, was thrown from a carriage and received serious injuries.

Workmen have commenced to make the necessary alterations in the Augusta jail in order to provide workshops for the prisoners.

Mrs. Dummer of Hallowell has given $1000 to establish a scholarship for the poor and meritorious students in Bowdoin College.

A little daughter of Rev. Mr. Sweetser of Rockland, was quite badly kicked in the side by a horse, Monday, but is doing well.

Waldo Co. Lodge of Good Templars will hold a session and have a picnic excursion to Unity by rail about the middle of August.

Belfast Lodge of Good Templars, No. 60, now numbers 98 members, and is located in the Universalist vestry. Meetings every Saturday evening.

The cheese factories in Waldo county, nine in number, are now all in operation. They manufacture the milk of from 100 to 300 cows each.

Clarence Horn, an operative at the mills of the A. & W. Sprague Company, in Augusta had his feet jammed by the elevator at the factory, Thursday afternoon.

Cyrus F. Mitchell of Saco, who was under bonds for perjury in the case of the Goose Rock House, has been delivered up by his bondsmen he having shown signs of an intent to abscond.

The prospects of the shoe business in Auburn are improving. Manufacturers are receiving heavy stocks of leather and are preparing samples for the fall trade in anticipation of a better business than has been had the past year.

There is an old lady in Greene, over ninety-two years of age, who walked to a neighbor's, more than half a mile, the other day, to participate in an old fashioned quilting where she showed an expertness with her needle which many younger ones might well envy.

A reward of $300 has been offered for the discovery of the person who abducted Miss Ella Brookings of Woolwich, June 26th, keeping her in custody two days ere she escaped. It seems that she received several months previous anonymous letters threatening her with injury.

On Saturday the citizens of Hebron and vicinity visited the farm of Abel Taylor whose barn was burnt by lightning a short time since, for the purpose of assisting him to raise a new one. They not only raised the frame, but succeeded in boarding the sides and ends, thus leaving only the roof to be completed.

On Saturday last, a schooner loaded with liquor, found its way into South West Harbor from Portland, and produced some excitement among the temperate people of the island. Its stay was short, and notwithstanding the storm, it soon weighed anchor and stood out to sea, and thus avoided the officers.

The so-called black grasshopper, which is such a pest to farmers in various parts of the country, has made its unwelcome appearance in Lisbon. Mr. John Goody is the greatest sufferer, he losing his entire crop of winter rye. Even in the grass fields the depredations of the insect have been so thorough that Mr. Goody does not now expect to get a single swath of hay.

THE SEA SERPENT DEAD. Some of the Kansas papers have been spreading out on the story of a sea serpent thirty-six feet long killed in Republican river, near Belleville, in that State. He was first seen by the toll-keeper on a bridge, who was so startled that he forgot to return change to a wayfarer who had handed him a ten cent scrip, out of which to take toll, but started up the river bank after the monster, which was wiggling up stream. A crowd soon gathered, and his marine snakeship was well peppered with missiles from revolvers, shot guns and rifles. This, however, only made him mad and he lifted his head five or six feet out of the water, opened a very capacious mouth and hissed like a steam engine. At this juncture a stream from a fire extinguisher was turned down his throat. The beverage was one to which he had evidently not been accustomed, and he concluded not to fight, but made remarkable time up the river and out of sight. The next day the huge carcass drifted down stream and was secured. Fancy drinks were too much for him and he died.

THE DESTITUTION IN MINNESOTA. A despatch from St. Paul says that since the appeal of Gov. Davis of Minnesota to the War Department has been denied on account of insufficiency of the law, it is time for the United States to be informed that utter and wide-spread destitution exists in the southwestern counties of that State among the new settlers whose crops have been destroyed for two years, and that urgent appeals must be made to benevolence everywhere for contributions in aid of the starving people who own farms under the homestead and preemption laws, but who have been unable to obtain subsistence from their farms because of destitution caused by grasshoppers. These pests are now moving away to devastate and ruin other settlers now in comfortable circumstances, but in the meantime those whom they have robbed are in a starving condition. The County Commissioners of the different counties of the State are making appropriations to relieve the present sufferings, but large and immediate help is needed from the country at large. Contributions of money or clothing should be addressed to Gen. H. H. Sibley, or Gov. C. K. Davis, St. Paul. Provisions or their equivalent are most needed.

Whig & Courier.

BOUTELLE & BURR, PROPRIETORS.

C. A. BOUTELLE, Editor.

All business letters should be addressed to Boutelle & Burr, and communications intended for publication, to the Editor.

SATURDAY, JULY 11 1874.

Republican Nominations.

FOR GOVERNOR

NELSON DINGLEY, JR.

FOR REPRESENTATIVES TO CONGRESS

First District—JOHN H. BURLEIGH
Second District—WILLIAM P. FRYE
Third District—JAMES G. BLAINE.
Fourth District—SAMUEL F. HERSEY
Fifth District—EUGENE HALE

BOWDOIN COLLEGE.

The Commencement exercises at Bowdoin College were concluded yesterday, the supervisory Boards have met and disposed of the questions demanding their attention, a large number of the graduates and friends of the institution have been in attendance, and we have as yet seen no sign of that "revolution" so confidently predicted in certain quarters a few weeks ago. Since the rebellious classes returned to their duty the affairs of the College have moved along smoothly, and from all the reports we gather the impression that the annual proceedings were not marked by any unusual excitement. Sufficient time had elapsed to enable the more thoughtful of the revolting students to perceive the impropriety of their action, and to afford the Trustees and Overseers ample opportunity to consider the merits of the vexed question as to military drill. The result has been a modification of the requirements in this direction, and one of the chief arguments of the revolters has been met by making the military drill optional with other physical exercise.

As we were inclined to believe that a judicious employment of the drill might be made beneficial in physical development and in promoting a regard for discipline, we refrained from a decided expression of what might be regarded as prejudiced views, but we are justified in citing the deliberate action of the managing Boards of the College as a vindication of our belief in the utility of the exercises. The primary object is such physical training as is most needed and most apt to be avoided by those engaged in study, and the principal advantage of military drill is in providing exercise in the open air and the combining of exercise with the attainment of such a rudimentary knowledge of military art as may prove useful to the individual and the country in time of need. It is true that students do not go to Bowdoin to become soldiers, but neither is it desirable that bodily health should be sacrificed in obtaining knowledge, and all experience shows that such is the natural tendency in schools and colleges.

Just how far it is wise to extend the elective principle to students, many of whom are quite young on entering college, is a matter to be decided by those having the subject in charge, but in making it optional for the students to attend the military drill or the gymnasium we presume it is not intended that it shall be optional with the student to take or shirk the equivalent amount of exercise in the gymnasium. The pretense that compulsory exercise is not beneficial is flatly contradicted by the fact that compulsory labor is one of the laws of our existence. Those who earn their daily bread by the sweat of their brows enjoy the best health, but if labor were made optional, we should find many of them choosing idleness and dyspepsia. There is abundant evidence that physical and mental culture may be happily combined, and it is to be hoped that our colleges will direct their efforts to the development of men who shall be sound in mind and body.

We would politely remark to our good neighbor of the Portland *Press* that we have no idea of submitting to the catechism of its anonymous correspondents who are permitted to propound queries in very impertinent form in its columns. To the question asked we have a very emphatic answer which will be given whenever the *Press* or any other person entitled to consideration sees fit to ask the information. We confidently predict that the *Press* will make no such assertion and ask no such question in its editorial columns.

Suggestions reach us from several parts of the State that the collection of customs, etc., in the Portland District must be light at this season, as some of the officials entrusted with that important work are devoting their energies exclusively to political measures just now. Has the *Press* heard anything of the kind?

Judge T. J. Mackey of South Carolina has returned to his home from a visit to Washington, where he had a conversation with the President. He says Gen. Grant asked him sharply "Why don't you convict Moses?" and when he replied that he could not get him into court, the President denounced the assumption that a President or a Governor is above the law as monstrous. In the subsequent conversation the Judge represents the President as saying that there must be a true reform this Fall or the Republican party would at once repudiate the so called Republicans of South Carolina. The Judge was convinced that the President is much disgusted with the present condition of affairs in South Carolina, and that henceforth he will pursue a broader policy toward the South. Judge Mackey hopes that by the aid of the National Administration and the labors of honest men in the State, an honest candidate for Governor will be nominated, who will rout Moses and all his corrupt allies.

A timid correspondent wrote to a New Orleans paper asking "how to tell a mad dog," and the editor made the following suggestion: "We don't know what he wants to tell him, but the safest way would be to communicate to the dog in writing. Send the letter from a gun in the shape of wadding, followed by small shot to see if he gets it."

We have in Connecticut a brilliant example of Democratic attachment to what is called Home Rule. The city of New Haven is now managed, in many of its departments, by non-partisan commissions. These the Democrats in the Legislature propose to turn out of office, to substitute new officials appointed by the Mayor, and this radical measure is to be undertaken without submitting it for approval to the people of the city. It will be seen by this that what the Democrats mean by home rule is the rule of Democrats, and when these do not go together, the latter is preferred. Another illustration of their attachment to their favorite dogma is to be found in the desperate effort made to secure a redistricting of the State, in order that they might gerrymander it, and make Republican districts return Democratic representatives. This is not a new trick in politics, but there is a spice of novelty in its being undertaken by professed adherents of local rule.

Speaking of corruption, particularly in Ohio, the Toledo *Blade* states: "Wherever an examination has been made, the facts have shown heavy robberies of the treasury in Democratic counties. Such has been the case in Fairfield, Butler, Hancock, Henry, Wayne and Holmes."

The Argus eyes of the New York *World* have discovered that Mr. Blaine's letter denouncing the proposed treaty of reciprocity with Canada is an attack upon the President, preparatory to contesting with him the nomination for the Presidency in 1876. There are two weak points in the discovery, and possibly more—the first is that the treaty is not an administration measure, and the second that the President is not a candidate for re-election. Either of these two circumstances is calculated to impair the effect of the *World's* broadside. Mr. Blaine put into his letter what appears to be the almost universal sentiment of the great producing interests of New England. The ship-building constituency which he represents is not more hostile to the treaty than the farming and manufacturing districts which it also assails. If there were ever danger that it would be made an administration measure, the danger ceased to exist the moment the treaty was submitted to public examination and criticism.

The New York *Tribune*, too, having taken a leap in the dark in favor of the treaty, is infinitely disgusted with Mr. Blaine for having an opinion about it. The able editor works himself into a lively excitement on the subject of antediluvian politics, and deprecates the time wasted in "discussing abstractions with the Troglodytes!"—[Boston *Advertiser*.

The predictions of those Republicans in New Hampshire who declared that the Democrats would not dare to repeal the prohibitory law have been verified. Mr. Sinclair's license bill was defeated in the Legislature, yesterday, by a vote of 137 yeas to 175 nays. The main issue in the campaign, last Spring, grew out of the liquor question, and the Democrats were supposed to have made a considerable portion of their gains on it, and yet there seems to have been a large prohibitory element in their ranks, and the law so vigorously denounced by their orators remains as it was.

A volume of incidents in the history of the town of Livermore, Me., the birthplace of the Washburns, has recently been published, and it has a good word to say for the candidacy of ex Governor Washburn for the succession to Hamlin in the United States Senate, insisting that the Hon. Senator has once squarely promised not to run again.—[Boston *Globe*.

The *Globe* must be mistaken, for "Notes of Livermore" was written by the ex Governor himself, and he isn't the man to sound his own praises. Oh, no!—[Portland *Argus*.

The Cleveland (Ohio) *Leader* is bothered by the Indiana Democratic platform. It says:—"In the Second Indiana Congressional District the Democrats have adopted an inflation platform, and in the Ninth District they inveigh bitterly against irredeemable currency. What is to be the Democratic doctrine for the campaign?"

THE NEW LAW AS TO SAVINGS BANKS. An impression seems to have been made that the bill for the relief of the savings institutions having no capital stock, and doing business solely for the benefit of depositors, failed to become a law at the last session of Congress, but such is not the case, as the bill passed both houses and was approved by the President on the 22d of June. It provides that no collection of internal revenue taxes shall be made on the earnings of savings banks having no capital stock, and doing no other business than receiving deposits to be loaned or invested for the sole benefit of the parties making such deposits, without profit or compensation to the association or the company, whether the earnings of the same have been or may hereafter be divided annually, semi annually, or at any period.

The New York *World* has caused a thorough examination to be made into the quality of the liquors sold in that city, where a "stringent and judicious license law" prevails, and publishes as a result of the investigation the statement that not one specimen out of a hundred of the intoxicating liquor sold in that city is pure, but that on the contrary it is almost universally adulterated with poisonous compounds.

THE POPE EXPELLED FROM THE FREE MASONS. The "Voice of Masonry" says: At the semi-annual meeting of the grand lodge of Masons, Scottish Rite of the Orient, of Palermo, Italy, on the 27th of March last, Pope Pius IX. was expelled from the order. The decree of expulsion was published in the official Masonic paper at Cologne, Germany, and is preceded by the minutes of the lodge in which he was initiated, and is as follows. "A man named Mastai Ferretti, who received the baptism of Freemasonry, and solemnly pledged his love and fellowship, and who afterwards was crowned Pope and King, under the title of Pio Nono, has now cursed his former brethren and excommunicated all members of the Order of Freemasons. Therefore, said Mastai Ferretti is herewith, by decree of the Grand Lodge of the Orient, Palermo, expelled from the order for perjury." The charges against him were first preferred in his lodge at Palermo, in 1865, and notification and copy thereof sent to him, with a request to attend the lodge for the purpose of answering the same. To this he made no reply, and, for divers reasons, the charges were not pressed until he urged the bishops of Brazil to act aggressively towards the Freemasons. Then they were pressed, and, after a regular trial, a decree of expulsion was entered and published, the same being signed by Victor Emmanuel, King of Italy, and grand master of the Orient of Italy.

There was received at the Treasury on Friday $575,000 in national bank notes for redemption.

POLITICAL AND PERSONAL.

Gov. Jewell will be the fourth Postmaster General from Connecticut, and the third from Hartford county.

President Grant will leave Long Branch Monday or Tuesday for Saratoga, where he will remain several days.

Commissioner Baker of the Pension Bureau has gone to Minnesota, where he will spend some weeks in recruiting his health.

A new "independent" paper is to be started. This time in Washington, and the funds are to be supplied by Democratic Congressmen.

The Washington correspondent of the Chicago *Tribune* predicts Senator Thurman's nomination by the Democrats, and Speaker Blaine's nomination by the Republicans.

It is stated that while the prospects of the coming campaign in New Jersey render the Governorship somewhat uncertain, the Republicans are likely to carry the Legislature and choose a United States Senator, probably Mr. Robeson.

The Connecticut Legislature has adopted an amendment which will give every town having a population of 5000 and over, and having but one Representative, two Representatives in the House. This will double the representation of Bridgeport, Derby, Meriden and Vernon.

Mr. Disraeli has been making a speech which is taken not only as warning to his party, but as an appeal to his country at large. The gist of it is, that the right sort of Toryism is the Toryism of Pitt and Granville; that is to say, a cautious liberalism; and that the Tory party of England must make up its mind to keep moving.

La Dow, the newly-elected Democratic Congressman from Oregon, refused to take the stump during the campaign which resulted in his election, declaring that he could not stand the racket and the expense. "Why," said he to a friend, "I went to Pendleton and made a speech there, and it cost me ten dollars! If I should go down thar to the Willamette and go to speechifyin', it would cost me a hundred an' fifty dollars!"

QUEEN VICTORIA ON KINDNESS TO ANIMALS. It will gratify the members of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals to know that Queen Victoria has expressed the deepest sympathy with their organization. A copy of the London *Times* forwarded us by Geo. F. Godfrey, Esq., of this city, contains a letter read by the representative of the Queen at the recent jubilee meeting of the London Society, in which occurs the following passage:

"The Queen hears and reads with horror of the sufferings which the brute creation often undergo from the thoughtlessness of the ignorant, and she fears also sometimes from experiments in the pursuit of science. For the removal of the former, the Queen trusts much to the progress of education, and in regard to the pursuit of science she hopes that the entire advantage of those anaesthetic discoveries from which man has derived so much benefit himself in the alleviation of suffering may be fully extended to the lower animals. Her Majesty rejoices that the society awakens the interest of the young by the presentation of prizes for essays connected with the subject, and hears with gratification that her son and daughter-in-law have shown their interest by distributing the prizes. Her Majesty begs to announce a donation of £100 to the funds of the society."

A GREAT INVENTION IN TELEGRAPHY. A new invention in telegraphy, the property of the Western Union Telegraph Company, by which four messages can be sent at the same time on one wire, was successfully tried in New York city Thursday in the presence of President Orton, Electrician Prescott, and others.

Special Notices.

Grand Mass Temperance Meeting at City Hall, July 12th, 1874, at 4 1/2 P. M. A thrilling address may be expected on the above subject from the gifted orator Rev. Dr. B. F. TEFFT.
July 11th, 1874 sn

CARD.

The officers and members of Hector Engine Co take pleasure in expressing their thanks for the kind and generous manner in which they were entertained by the Firemen and citizens of Bucksport, while visiting the place on the Fourth.

WM T. HOOPER, Foreman
J. I. REA, Clerk,

July 1 2t*

Card of Thanks.

The six young ladies who, by kind invitation of Mr Hunting, enjoyed a free ride to and from Bangor, on the first day of the COACH, take this method of acknowledging not only this courtesy, but the uniform kindness and attention of Mr Hunting for his passengers.
Kenduskeag, July 9, sn 1t*

CUSTOM COAT MAKERS WANTED,

—AT—

Wheelwright, Clark & Co.
July10

Bangor Mercantile Association.

An Adjourned Annual Meeting of the Bangor Mercantile Association will be held at the Common Council Room, THIS (Friday) EVENING, at 7 1/2 o'clock.

JOHN H HAYES, Sec'y
July10 sn

AS TRUE AS YOU LIVE! No. 6

Never fails to give immediate relief in all cases of Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Diarrhea, Cramps, Pains in Stomach or Bowels, Pain attending Menstruation, &c., &c.

Enquire for No 6. Prepared by A. J. WEBB

For sale in Bangor, at wholesale and retail by W. L. ALDEN & CO.

At retail by B. H. Butler, Blood & Rowe, and at the "People's Store," Hammond St.
July10 sn d&w

REMOVAL.

Dr. SIMMONS

has removed his office to

Nos. 4 and 6 Kenduskeag Block.
July9 sn 4w

THE BEST EVIDENCE.

The following letter from Rev. E. S. Best, pastor M. E. Church, Natick, Mass., will be read with interest by many physicians. Also those suffering from the same disease as afflicted the son of the Rev. E. S. Best. No person can doubt this testimony, and there is no doubt about the curative powers of VEGETINE.

NATICK, Mass., Jan 1, 1873

Mr. H. R. STEVENS:
Dear Sir—We have good reason for regarding your VEGETINE a medicine of the greatest value. We feel assured that it has been the means of saving our son's life. He is now seventeen years of age, for the last two years he has suffered from necrosis of his leg, caused by scrofulous affection, and was so far reduced that nearly all who saw him thought his recovery impossible. A council of able physicians could give us but the faintest hope of his ever rallying, two of the number declaring that he was beyond the reach of human remedies, that even amputation could not save him, as he had not vigor enough to endure the operation. Just then we commenced giving him VEGETINE, and from that time to the present he has been continually improving. He has lately resumed his studies, thrown away crutches and cane, and walks about cheerful and strong.

Though there is still some discharge from the opening where his limb was lanced, we have the fullest confidence that in a little time he will be perfectly cured.

He has taken about three dozen bottles of VEGETINE but lately uses but little, as he declares that he is too well to be taking medicine.

Respectfully yours,
E. S. BEST.
MRS. L. C. F. BEST

FURTHER PROOF.

CANCER CAN BE CURED.

For every complaint for which VEGETINE is recommended many testimonials of which it has done, is furnished to the public at large, and no one should fail to observe that nearly all the testimonials are from people right at home, where the VEGETINE is prepared, and as the street, and numbers are given, there can be no possible doubt about the matter.

The following extraordinary cure of a Cancer, which had been pronounced beyond the reach of medicine by the best medical skill of New England certainly merits the most profound attention of the medical faculty, many of whom are now daily prescribing VEGETINE in New England, where it has already become firmly established, and is recognized by all classes of people to be the only reliable Blood Purifier.

APPROVED STATEMENT.

CHARLESTOWN, Mass., March 24, 1869.

Mr. H. R. STEVENS:
Dear Sir—In the year 1865, while residing at Portland, Me., I was afflicted with a Cancer on my nose, which made rapid progress. All of the best physicians there were consulted, without any benefit. For a period of six years it continued to increase and extend, until it was invading my whole system. I suffered the most excruciating pains, until my nose was nearly gone, and I found it was approaching a fatal termination. Being burnt out of house and home by the great fire of 1866, I moved here when I was entreated to try the Indian Blood Remedy, VEGETINE, and, suffering greatly, without hope or confidence in relief by any medicine, I finally consented to try it, and only those who have a similar suffering can realize my feelings when, after two months' trial, four of the open sores commencing to heal. Gaining confidence that the disease was being successfully combated by the VEGETINE (for I took no other medicine), I faithfully continued its use, and in six months the cancer was healed and my health fully restored.

I am confident if I had used VEGETINE in the early stage of the disease, it would have arrested its progress and saved years of great suffering. I desire simply that others may be benefitted and attention called to its usefulness, and, in the interest of suffering humanity only, I cheerfully add my testimonial to its entire success in my case; and, though I have lost nearly all of my nose, my face is entirely healed, and I enjoy good health. My husband joins with me in approving this statement.

MRS. JOAN PATTERSON,
21 Everett street.

Fully concurring in the above
JOHN PATTERSON

The above statement is from one who was a great sufferer for many years, trying many physicians and many remedies, and not finding relief until trying this remedy—the VEGETINE. Does it not conclusively show the searching, cleansing, purifying and healing qualities of the VEGETINE? Have you any doubt about trying the VEGETINE for diseases of the blood? If you have, reference can be given to over five hundred who have voluntarily given testimony of its cures.

"VEGETINE," says a Boston physician, "has no equal as a blood purifier. Hearing of its many wonderful cures, after all other remedies had failed, I visited the laboratory and convinced myself of its genuine merit. It is prepared from barks, roots and herbs, each of which is highly effective, and they are compounded in such a manner as to produce astonishing results."

VEGETINE IS SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

july10 S&W1w

For Rent and Sale.

Tenements for rent and House Lots for sale by [illegible] LAUGHTON.
june30

For Rent or the Sale.

Brick House on Court Street, with gas and [illegible] [illegible] Possession given [illegible]
[illegible] DR. HAMLIN.
April24 sn tf

Norombega Hall!

One Night Only!

TUESDAY EVE'G JULY 14.

WASHBURN'S

LAST SENSATION!

The largest Hall Show ever organized in this country embracing the finest classical Gymnastic Performances, the greatest Musical organization, the best troupe of Character Artists, composed of

40 STAR PERFORMERS 40

A splendid Brass Band and Superb Orchestra and the great troupe of six genuine

WARM SPRING INDIANS.

5 CELEBRATED CHIEFS 5

AND

1 DISTINGUISHED BRAVE 1

Just arrived from the lava bed county, and are the first real genuine Indians ever brought east from this great friendly nation. These six Indians are the identical party rendered famous by their capture of Captain Jack and his treacherous band of Modocs, and were brought out by Mr. E. S. Washburn, Esq., at the enormous expense of over $5,000.

Admission 35 and 50 cents according to location. Secured without extra charge at Hughes & Co's.

Sale of numbered coupon tickets will commence on Saturday, July 11th, at 10 o'clock A. M.

Parties holding numbered coupon tickets purchased as above will be entitled to their seats at any time during the entertainment.

Fun commences at 8 o'clock. Carriages may be ordered at 10.15. W. J. CHAPPELLE, Agent.
July8 td sn

LOST.

Between Kenduskeag and Bangor, a Wallet containing a sum of money and papers of no value to any one but the owner. The finder will be rewarded by leaving same at the Whig office.
July7 sn 1w*

CITY HALL.

Lecture on Idiosyncrasies.

COL. B. B. DYER

Will deliver his CELEBRATED LECTURE on IDIOSYNCRASIES at City Hall,

MONDAY EVENING, July 13th.

Tickets of admission 25 cents, for sale by D. Bugbee & Co and E F & W G Duren.
July8 sn 1w

Mrs. W. H. Toward,

Clairvoyant Physician, would inform the public that she can be found at No. 93 1/2 Hammond St.

Patients from a distance will be examined and prescribed for on receipt of $1 00 and stamp.
July8 sn 1w*

SALT.

Now discharging and for sale cheap, cargo LISBON SALT

10,000 Bushels.

J. C. TOWLE & CO.
July7 d. w&w2m.8 sn

HALE'S SUBSTITUTE FOR CASTOR OIL.

The most reliable and safe vegetable substitute for Castor Oil ever compounded. Instantly relieves Colic, Cramps, Diarrhoea, and all diseases of Children Teething, causes natural and healthy sleep, gives rest to mother and child, regulates the bowels, assimilates the food, and builds the child right square up from suffering, puny weakness to strong and robust health. A perfect *medicine chest for our little ones*. *Only* 25 *cents*, by all dealers.
July3 sn d&w 8m

ARTIFICIAL TEETH $10 PER SETT.

Until such time as the Dentists of this city shall fix upon some regular and reasonable price for a sett of artificial teeth, which they *propose to abide* by, I shall make them at the above rates regardless of the loss involved to me. I shall make no reduction whatever, in the quality of the work heretofore done by me at regular prices, viz., $25.00, but will guarantee all ten dollar sets to be in *every respect* the same. All other prices will remain as usual.

J. Frederick Babcock,

Graduate Penn'a College Dental Surgery,
No.'s 2, 3, 4, 5, & 6 Kenduskeag Block,
Jun29 sn 3m* Bangor, Maine.

Until further notice, the Steamer FAIRY OF THE LAKE, will leave Eveleth's Wharf, Greenville, daily, (Sundays excepted) for KINEO, on arrival of Merrill & Hunting's Stage, and return in the morning in time to connect with above Stage for GUILFORD and DEXTER.

On Mondays and Fridays, will extend trip to North East Carry, and return in time to connect with same Stage.

J. H. EVELETH, Agent.
July3 sn 1w*

PIANOS —AND— ORGANS.

For quarterly or monthly payments, or for cash, at lower prices than any dealer in New England.

Call and see the New Styles.

F. S. DAVENPORT.

Warerooms, Kenduskeag Block, near the Postoffice.
Jan28 sn

NOTICE.

Mariners, raftsmen, lumbermen, and all other persons navigating the Penobscot River, are hereby cautioned, and will be held strictly responsible for any interference with or damage done to, the blasting sloop or machinery operating in the river opposite Dole's mill and the M. C. R. R. wharf, at Bangor, on and after June 15th, 1874.

GEORGE THOM,
Bvt. Brig. Gen'l U. S. A.
June17 tf

Law and Collection Office

Of H. J. PREBLE.

No. 3, Kenduskeag Bridge, Bangor Maine.
June29 sn tf

Wassaumkeag Hotel

FORT POINT.

Penobscot Bay.

The undersigned desires to inform the former patrons of this House and the public generally, that it has been re-fitted and elegantly furnished throughout; Steam-heat added, besides extensive improvements in the culinary department, thereby insuring the comfort of all who may bestow their patronage. The rooms are now ready for inspection, and engagements can be made as follows:

First floor, per week, $18 00; second floor, per week, $14.00, third floor, per week, $10.00. Transient rates, $2.50 per day.

Due notice will be given of the formal opening.

D. W. RANLETT,
June27 sn 1m Proprietor.

THE MOST

Wonderful Discovery

Of the 19th Century.

Dr. S. D. HOWE'S

Arabian Milk Cure

FOR CONSUMPTION,

And all diseases of the Throat, Chest and Lungs. The only medicine of the kind in the world.

A SUBSTITUTE FOR COD LIVER OIL. Permanently cures Asthma, Bronchitis, Loss of Voice, Shortness of Breath, Catarrh, Croup, Coughs, Colds, &c., in a few days, like magic. Price $1 per bottle.

—ALSO—

DR. S. D. HOWE'S

Arabian Tonic Blood Purifier

Which differs from all other preparations in its immediate action upon the LIVER, KIDNEYS AND BLOOD.

It is purely vegetable, cleanses the system of all impurities, builds it right square up, and makes pure rich blood. It cures Scrofulous Diseases of all kinds, removes Constipation and regulates the Bowels. For General Debility, Lost Vitality and Broken-Down Constitutions, I shall challenge the 19th century to find its equal.

Every Bottle is worth its weight in Gold.
Price $1 per bottle.

Sold Wholesale and Retail by W. L. ALDEN & CO., General Agents, No. 2 Union Block Main St., Bangor, Me.

For sale at retail by BLOOD & ROWE, J. F. PATTEN, H. S. HARLOW, H. H. BUTLER, WARREN & ROBINSON and SWEET & EMERY.
June10 W&S&W sp

Burnett's Cocoaine.—A PERFECT DRESSING FOR THE HAIR.—The Cocoaine holds in a liquid form, a large proportion of deodorized COCOA-NUT Oil, prepared expressly for this purpose. No other [illegible] [illegible] the peculiar properties which so exactly suit the various conditions of the human hair. A single application renders the hair (no matter how stiff and dry) soft and glossy for several days. It is conceded by all who have used it to be the best and cheapest *Hair Dressing* in the World.
June18 W&Sm

$500 Reward.

A reward of five hundred dollars will be paid for information which shall be sufficient to procure the conviction of any person guilty of setting incendiary fires in this city the present municipal year, the same to be paid upon the conviction of the incendiary.

NEWELL BLAKE, Mayor.
May 26, 1874. tf [Com. copy.]

Bangor Savings Bank.

The Annual Meeting of the Members of the Bangor Savings Bank, will be held at the Bank, on Monday, the 13th day of July, instant, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the election of five Trustees, and for the transaction of any other business which may be necessary.

JOHN PATTEN, Clerk.
Bangor, July 6, 1874. tm

Summer Beverages!

J. A. WALLIS has removed to rooms UNDER KENDUSKEAG BLOCK, where he continues to manufacture

SODA WATER,
PURE SYRUPS,
MINERAL WATER,
GINGER ALE,
POP & SPRUCE BEER,

He also keeps on draft GINGER ALE, SODA, and GREEN MOUNTAIN BEER
may29 tf sn

City of Bangor.

The Joint Standing Committee of the City Council on Accounts and Claims, will be in session, at the Aldermen's Room on the SATURDAY preceding the FIRST TUESDAY of each month during the present municipal year, at 2 o'clock P. M.

Claims against the City, not presented as above, will not be acted upon until the succeeding month.

ISAAC M. BRAGG, Chairman.

All claims passed at the regular meetings of the City Council, for payment of which orders are signed by the Mayor, will be paid on and after the following THURSDAY.

JOHN L. CROSBY, Treasurer.
March 26, 1874 tf

In order to insure the prompt payment of bills against the Pauper Department, they should be left at the Store of the undersigned No. 5 State street on or before FRIDAY MORNING next preceding the FIRST TUESDAY of every month.

Per order.
J. BURBANK, Sec'y,
Overseers of the Poor
Bangor, July 1, 1874. tf

UP TOWN OFFICE.

To accommodate my customers and the public, I have made arrangements with GEO. H. GREELEY, R. R. Ticket Agent, No. 24, West Market Square, to take orders for Wood and Coal, all of which will be sold at lowest rates and delivered promptly.

EDWIN S. FARRAR,
July3 2w

For Sale or Rent.

10 GOOD 7 AND 6 OCTAVE PIANOS.

Prices for Rent, from $6 00 to $20.00 per quarter. Rent allowed on the purchase.

Now is the time to get a good Piano low. Call and see them.
June16 PATTEN & WHEELDEN.

New Furnishing Goods!

Store 134 Exchange St.

White Shirts, all Grades, from $1 00 to $3 50
Fancy " New Styles, $1.00 to $3.50
Gauze Under Shirts & Drawers,
Merino " " "
Jean " " "

LINEN COLLARS,

Paper Collars, Linen Cuffs, Paper Cuffs,

Windsor and Calais Neck Ties,

Of the Latest Styles. A good assortment of

Sleeve Buttons

—AND—

STUDS,

And all goods to be found in a Furnishing Goods House.

These goods were bought low and will be sold low for Cash. Call and examine our new goods. No trouble to show goods.

E. F. Fifield & Co.
Jun16 1m sn

FOR SALE —OR— RENT.

The residence of the late Wm. Margesson, Ohio Street, in thorough repair. One of the most desirable places in the city. Apply to

A. MARGESSON,
may5 sn Columbia Street

House in Brewer for Sale.

Situated on Main St., (east side,) fronting Oakes & Sons' Shipyard. Will be offered at a bargain for cash. Apply to

CALEB HOLYOKE,
JOSEPH BAKER, or
Z. LAWRY, Jr.
Brewer, June 29, 1874. 4w

Artificial Teeth.

DR. GARDNER makes the insertion of ARTIFICIAL TEETH A SPECIALTY. With teeth made by him one can eat, talk and laugh with confidence, and the mouth and teeth look pleasant and natural. Teeth filled with gold and silver or extracted when required.
oct1 eotf No. 52 Main Street.

SCHLOTTERBECK'S

Moth and Freckle Lotion.

A safe and sure remedy for removing Tan, Pimples, Moth Blotches, Freckles and Eruptions from the Skin rendering it soft and fresh and imparting to it a marble purity. Price 50 cents a bottle. Prepared only by A. G. SCHLOTTERBECK & CO., Portland Me. For sale by all druggists. mar16eotf

BURNETT'S FLAVORING EXTRACTS. There is no subject which should more engross attention than the purity of the preparations which are used in flavoring the various compounds prepared for the human stomach. Burnett's Extracts are prepared from fruits of the best quality, and are highly concentrated.

"Pre-eminently superior." Parker House, Boston.
"The best in the world." Fifth Av. Hotel, N. Y.
"Used exclusively for years" Continental Hotel, Phila.

For sale by all Grocers and Druggists
June13 sn S&Wtm

INSIDE LINE.

Portland, Boston, Lawrence, Lowell, Lynn Salem, Dover and Haverhill.

THREE TRIPS A WEEK.

On and after WEDNESDAY, April 1st, 1874, Steamer CITY OF RICHMOND, C. KILBY, Master, will run between Portland and Bangor, touching at all the usual landings on the River and Bay. Leaves Bangor MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, and FRIDAY mornings at six o'clock.

Leaves Portland (Railroad Wharf, foot of State Street) same evenings at ten o'clock.

For further particulars enquire at the Steamer's Office, Upper Steamboat Wharf.

F. F. KENDRICK, Agent.
Bangor, March 28, 1874.
may8 tf sn [Com. copy]

THOS. W. VOSE.

Attorney and Counsellor at Law and Notary Public, Corner Central St., over Mann's Drug Store, Bangor Maine. Practice in Admiralty Courts.
may14 sn 6m

Special Notice.

Bangor, Portland and Boston.

In consequence of the 8 o'clock P. M. Steamboat and Express Train from Portland for Boston having been withdrawn, the Steamer CITY OF RICHMOND will land Passengers and Freight for Boston at the Wharf of the Boston Steamers at Portland. Tickets will be sold in connection with the Railroad as usual, and will be good on any trains following the arrival of the Steamer. Returning from Boston, Passengers will take the evening Express Train connecting with the Steamer City of Richmond at 10 o'clock P. M. as usual.

Fare from Bangor to Boston, Boat and Rail, $4 00
Fare from Bangor to Boston, by Boat from Portland, $ [illegible]

For further particulars enquire of
[illegible] KENDRICK, Agent.
Bangor, June [illegible] Com. copy.

Dissolution.

The firm of [illegible] & [illegible] is this day dissolved by mutual consent. [illegible]
Bangor, July 14, 1874.

Oliver's Precedents,

New edition received by
July11 D. BUGBEE & CO.

City of Bangor.

IN CITY COUNCIL.

Ordered,—That the City Marshal be and he is hereby directed to destroy all dogs found going at large within the limits of the city without a license, and that this order be published in the daily papers of the city, for one week.

Passed July 7, 1874.
Attest,—JOHN H. HAYES, City Clerk
July 9 1w

LOST.

A blue and white Lap Robe, on State St., near the Store of Thomas Williams. A gentleman was seen to pick it up. He will confer a favor and receive a reward by leaving it at 55 State St.
July9 3t* J. W. PALMER

Norombega Hall, Bangor.

SATURDAY AND MONDAY,

July 11th and 13th.

BURKE'S TABLEAU of ERIN.

The Great Original

Dublin Dan,

JOHN M BURKE,

Miss ANNIE F. IRISH,

and the Celebrated

Hibernian Comedy Company

NEW SCENES,
NEW SONGS,
NEW MUSIC & DANCING.

Admission 35 cents. Reserved Seats, 50 cts

Grand Matinee

SATURDAY, at 2 1/2 o clock

Admission—Children 10 cents; Adults 25 cents
July9 4t* J. V. FALKAR, Agent.

IMPORTANT TO COMMERCIAL TRAVELERS

COMMERCIAL TRAVELERS who solicit orders by CARD, CATALOGUE, TRADE-LIST, SAMPLE, OR OTHER SPECIMEN, also those who visit their customers and solicit trade by purchases made DIRECT FROM STOCK, and who travel in any section by Rail or Boat, selling any class of goods are requested to send their BUSINESS and PRIVATE ADDRESS, as below, stating class of goods they sell, and by whom employed, also those who are at present under no engagement. This matter is of GREAT IMPORTANCE INDIVIDUALLY to salesmen of this class, or men soliciting trade in this manner. It is therefore ESPECIALLY desired that this notice may meet the eye of ALL Commercial Travelers and Salesmen in this country and that they will AT ONCE give it their attention. Those who comply with the above request will be CONFIDENTIALLY treated and duly advised of an object in view. Please address (by letter only)

CO OPERATION,
care Geo. P. Rowell & Co., 41 Park Row, N. Y. city
July9 eodlm

Having purchased the stock at

No. 48 Main Street,

and secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS MILLINER from Boston, I now offer a fine assortment of

Millinery and Fancy Goods,

At the lowest city prices, hoping to merit, and receive a good share of your patronage.

M. L. WALKER.
april25 tf

Cook Wanted,

AT CHILDREN'S HOME
July9

Wanted.

To communicate with some person who is desirous of purchasing a good House in this city, which is quite near the business portion of the city.

Address Box 891,
July1 tf Bangor Post office.

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINE CO,

The Headquarters of this Company for Maine, have been transferred to

173 Middle St., Portland.

The Agency for this city has been taken by Mr. C. W. COFFIN, who has the Agency for BUTTERICK'S PATTERNS, at

NO. 17 MAIN STREET.

Same location formerly occupied by the undersigned.

The Howe Sewing Machine Co,

A. K. BANGS, Manager.
July1

Notice.

Parties in Castine and elsewhere are hereby notified that Mr. ISAAC H. COFFIN is wholly unauthorized to transact business for me.

MRS HARRIET W. FISHER,
(formerly Harriet W. Stevens.
July4 1m*

C. W. Coffin's GREAT CLOSING SALE.

MILLINERY & FANCY GOODS.

Special Bargains

Before moving to our

New Store No. 17 Main St.
July7

THE CRESCENT SPECTACLES!

The best in the market
—ALSO—
Watches, Clocks, Jewelry &c.,
At DANIEL WHITE'S,
Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and all other repairing done to order.
July7

WARD'S NEW YORK SHIRTS,

The Best Fitting White Shirts Ever offered for Sale.

W. H. PRESCOTT,

Sole Agent for Bangor,

has just received a full stock of these celebrated Shirts. Call and examine them.

Every Shirt Warranted to fit.

Also, a splendid line of

FANCY SHIRTS,

All styles Linen Collars, Cuffs, Windsor Scarfs, Ties,

and a general line of

FURNISHING GOODS.

W. H. PRESCOTT,

mayfel6 TT&S 1m Kenduskeag Bridge

SUPERLATIVE KID GLOVES
THOMSON'S SEAMLESS
LOCK
SOLE AGENTS FOR HRI JOUVIN, PARIS
THE FINEST KID GLOVES IMPORTED
THOMSON, LANGDON & CO. NY IMPORTERS. SOLE
QUALITY NOT EXCELLED

Creditors' Meeting.

Notice is hereby given that the third general meeting of the creditors of Blackman Brothers, Bankrupts, will be held at Bangor, in the District of Maine, on the fourth day of August, A. D. 1874, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Bankrupt Court Room, before Charles Hamlin, Esq., one of the Registers in Bankruptcy in said District, for the purposes named in the 28th section of the Bankrupt Act, approved March 2, 1867. Notice is also given that the undersigned will apply for a final discharge, as provided in the 28th section of said Act.

JASPER HUTCHINGS,
CHAS. O. FARRINGTON.
Assignees.
Bangor, July 1, 1874. eS3w

WAR DEPARTMENT,
SURGEON GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Washington, D. C., July 1, 1874

An Army Medical Board will meet at New York City, and a similar board at San Francisco, on the 4th of August next, for the examination of candidates for admission into the Medical Staff of the U. S. Army.

Applications for permission to appear before these Boards should be addressed to the Secretary of War, through the Surgeon General, U. S. Army.

The application must be in the hand-writing of the candidate, and must state the full name, residence, age, and date and place of birth. Candidates must be between 21 and 28 years of age, and graduates of a Medical College having a thorough and complete course of medical education—evidence of which must be submitted to the Board.

Testimonials as to character and qualifications must be furnished.

If the applicant has been in the medical service of the army [illegible], and in such [illegible] recommended, subject to the decision of the Secretary of War in each special case.

No allowance is made for travel or other expenses of persons undergoing examination, as it is an indispensable prerequisite to a [illegible].

[illegible] BARNES,
Surgeon General, U. S. Army.
July4 [illegible]

GEO. W. STEVENS',

Would invite special attention to his Stock of

LADIES' UNDER GARMENTS

Night Robes, Walking Skirts, Under Skirts

Chemise, Drawers, Dressing Sacques, &c.

Particular attention given to the manufacture of Under Clothing of every description. [illegible] charge for making Garments to order, and perfect satisfaction guaranteed in every [illegible] MRS. COLBATH will have charge of the order Department. MRS. COLBURN will attend to [illegible] Ready Made Goods

No. 40 Main Street.

Bangor, June 29, 1874.

Bargains all the Year Round AT CURTIS',

Ladies you want a pair of MUNSON'S WALKING BOOTS for the season, [illegible] thread Double Sole Serge Button for $2.00, no shop-worn goods, every pair warranted. Call and see the

BROADWAY SERGE BUTTON.

We give new pairs for all that prove poor, and Booty Hats. HEADQUARTERS for [illegible]
July9

TRAVELERS

To the Mountains,
To the Country,
To the Seaside,
By Railroad or Steamboat,
By Stage Coach or Carriage,
On Horseback or on Foot,
On Business or Pleasure,

Before you go obtain a yearly General Accident Policy in the

TRAVELERS

Accident Insurance Company, of Hartford, Conn.

No medical examination required.

Policies issued for any period from one day to one year, by

D. M. HOWARD,

AGENT.
July7 1w

Prescriptions compounded with great care at

HARLOW'S DRUG STORE,
No. 1 Smith Block

Mr. Harlow has recently engaged, with special reference to the most careful and accurate dispensing of medicines, the services of an accomplished Pharmacist from Philadelphia, in whose knowledge and skill the utmost confidence may be placed by all in want of medicines.

N. S. HARLOW Apothecary,
July7 4 Smith Block

Fresh Strawberries

Received every morning from the garden of B. I. NICHOLS South Corinth, and for sale by

FRED T. HALL & CO,

No. 30 Central St.

Also, a choice stock of Family Groceries at lowest market prices. Call and satisfy yourselves before purchasing elsewhere. July8

Our Own Kids

THE BEST IN THE MARKET.

Beautiful Spring Colors

JUST RECEIVED.

Every pair warranted.

—ALSO—

Gents' Kids

—AND—

Dog Skin Gloves,

ALL COLORS

Nichols & Witham,

NO. 19, MAIN STREET.
may27 tf

Rooms to Let.

Inquire of
MRS CARLISLE
July8 Park Street

To Let.

House No 73 Broadway, suitable for large family, with hard and soft water, carriage and stable room for eight horses. Also a large garden. For further particulars enquire at premises.
July8 1m*

House for Sale in Brewer.

A 1 1/2 story house on Spring St., Brewer, in good repair. Hard and soft water convenient. House contains five rooms. Enquire on premises of JOHN RUTLEDGE
July8 2w*

A FINE & BEAUTIFUL CHROMO

GIVEN AWAY FREE!

We have just received a fresh lot of TEAS which we propose to sell cheaper than any Store in Bangor will sell the same grade for.

Any person purchasing a pound of Tea of us will receive a fine Chromo free.

China Tea Store,

51 West Market Square, Bangor.
July8

July Magazines.

Harper, Leslie, and Pleasant Hours, received by
June18 CHAS. HIGHT.

Dissolution!

The firm of Pomfret & Turner is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts due and claims against the said firm will be settled by the late Company.

POMFRET & TURNER,
Bangor, April 21, 1874. apr3

SEASIDE RESORT

Searsport House,

SEARSPORT, MAINE.

The above House has recently been rebuilt and refurnished throughout; contains all the modern improvements. Bath-rooms, Billiard Hall. Connected with the House is a first-class Livery Stable. Also Boats at the wharf ager by with competent persons in charge. Good fishing. Persons wishing to spend a few days or weeks by the sea shore, will find it to their advantage to visit the above House before going elsewhere.

Address communication to
W. A. MATHEWS, Prop'r,
H. A. CLARKE, Manager,
may23 tang1 Searsport, Maine.

P. BARNES,

Baggage and City Express,

Calls for and delivers Baggage, Parcels, &c., from or to any part of the city. Having had an experience of [illegible] years, I am prepared, with the assistance of competent help, to pack and move Pianos and Furniture of every description, in the most careful manner.

Hard and soft Wood, in stock and prepared for the stove, for sale.

Orders left at Arnold & Sawyer's, 11 West Market Square.
June30 tf P. BARNES

Auction Sales

R S PRESCOTT

REAL ESTATE BROKER

Commission Merchant, Auctioneer

AND

GENERAL APPRAISER

No. 14, - - - Central Street

Most Desirable Property

ON OHIO STREET,

AT AUCTION!

On WEDNESDAY, July 2[illegible], at [illegible] P. M.

on the premises

The following described [illegible] on the easterly side of Ohio Street, formerly owned by the late Samuel Garnsey, Esq. The buildings consisting of Dwelling House NO. 10 OHIO STREET, late built [illegible], all finished and in good condition, with gas, pure hard and soft water, Woodshed, Carriage House and Stable. Also, a 1 1/2 Story House on the westerly side of said lot. The lots are about 100 feet on Ohio Street, and 120 feet deep on the westerly line, with a beautiful lawn in front, situated within three minutes walk of the centre of business, and on one of the most desirable streets of our city. Let any one in want of [illegible] location [illegible] property and attend the sale.

The sale will be made [illegible] by parcel as a whole or in two separate parcels [illegible] [illegible]
R. S. PRESCOTT, [illegible]
July [illegible]

Brick Store on Main Street

AT AUCTION!

On WEDNESDAY, July 22,

at 3 o'clock P. M.

BRICK STORE NO. [illegible] MAIN STREET now occupied by J. P. [illegible], the ground floor and cellar being subject to a lease [illegible] for three years from January 1st, 1874. This Store has recently been put in good condition with hard pine floor, new roof covered with tin, and a large light for the show of goods in the rear, making it at this time one of the most desirable Stores and stands on the street, offering a nice favorable opportunity for investment in a permanent paying property. Title good. Terms liberal.

R. S. PRESCOTT, Auct'r
July [illegible]

E. B. PATTEN,

COMMISSION MERCHANT AND AUCTIONEER

Nos. 1, 2 and 3, Broad Street, head of Mercantile Block.

Feather Beds, Carpets, Stoves Bedsteads, Chamber sets, &c

On SATURDAY, July 11, at 10 o'clock A. M.

at Patten's Auction Room

a large [illegible] of second hand Carpets [illegible] [illegible] Beds, [illegible] Stoves [illegible] Crockery and Glassware
[illegible]

C S. PEARL,

REAL ESTATE BROKER.

COMMISSION MERCHANT AND AUCTIONEER

No 6 Kenduskeag Bridge, Up Stairs

FOR SALE.

The Homestead of the late [illegible] Curran, at Field's Pond in the town of [illegible]ton, 5 miles from Bangor [illegible] fifty acres of upland with large House [illegible] all in good repair. This Farm will be sold at a bargain. For particulars inquire of [illegible], Administrator, No. 2, Mercantile Square, or C. S. PEARL, 6 Kenduskeag Bridge.
april29 tf

Proposals.

Proposals will be received [illegible] Engineer of the Bucksport & Bangor Railroad Co. on Brewer until July 11th, for [illegible] spruce and white pine timber to be used in the construction of their Bridge and trestle work which crosses the Penobscot River at Brewer. Plans and specifications to be seen at the office. The right is reserved to reject any and all bids [illegible] the interest of the company.
Bucksport July 7 1874.

Good Stock!

A JERSEY BULL

From one of the best herds in Massachusetts,

AT THE HERSEY FARM, WEST BANGOR

$2.00 for Service.
June15 4w

Pressed & Common Brick.

Constantly on hand and delivered in city [illegible] in lots to suit, at lowest market rates.

Orders by mail or otherwise will receive prompt attention.

Works Fourth and Parker streets, Bangor.
may8 tf STODDARD & HEISLER.

For Sale Cheap.

A pair of dark bay horses 5 and 6 years old. Have trotted a full mile in 2 57. Address Box 1413, Bangor P. O.
Jun 17 tf

BABCOCK Portable Fire Extinguisher.

Used in Mills, Factories, and Public Buildings in the country. Millions of dollars of property has been saved by them. Simple, durable, and not liable to get out of order. Easily handled by one man. Always ready. Every building should have them. Price $55.

W. H. HARLOW
Agent Bangor, Maine
Treasurer's Office [illegible]
Jun24

Merchants Steam Navigation Company of Bangor.

Notice is hereby given that there will be a meeting of said Company at the office of James F. Rawson, Esq., in Bangor, on TUESDAY the 14th inst., at 3 o'clock P. M., for the election of officers of said corporation, and the transaction of any other business that may properly come before them.

Per order
GILMAN CRAM Clerk
Bangor, July 7 1874

DENTISTRY.

DR. E. T. WASGATT

Will insert artificial teeth for the next thirty days at the low price of $15 00 per set on red or black Rubber, warranted to fit at his Den[tal Rooms], 4 Kenduskeag Bridge, Bangor, Me.
June 23d, 1874. 4w

Proposals.

Sealed proposals will be received by the Building Committee for the ERECTION OF A CHURCH EDIFICE for the Universalist Society Rockland, Maine.

Plans and Specifications may be seen at the office of Messrs. Kimball & Coombs, Architects, No. [illegible] City Building, Lewiston, Me., until and including the eighth day of July, 1874, and thereafter at the store of J. F. Wise, 10 and 11 Kimball Block Rockland, Me., until 12 M the twentieth day of July 1874.

Proposals will be received for excavating and building the foundations separately from the Church Edifice, or in connection with the same, also for the Church Edifice above the foundation.

The Proposals may be addressed either to the Architects at Lewiston, Me., or to J. F. Wise at Rockland, Me., and endorsed "Proposals for building the Universalist Church at Rockland, Me."

The Committee reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

JOSEPH FARWELL,
JOHN F. WISE,
JONA. S. WILLOUGHBY
JOHN T. BERRY,
ALFRED K SPEAR,
Committee.
Rockland, July 7th, 1874. 1July10

TELE[

MAINE

Heavy thunder showers [

The weather is rainy [

Wm. McGarry, a boy [at Baltimore Hospital to [

It is reported that Insp[be the new Police Super[

W. F. Colley, Deputy [formerly of Marblehead [

About twelve mail dog[pouch in this city and Br[

The New Hampshire [in town and was just [night.

The coroner's jury have [against [for two cents [

Kate Stoddard, the m[Goodrich, will undoubte[Insane Asylum next wee[

Thos. and John Ryan, [9 years, were drowned [bathing in one of the sli[Brooklyn.

The report of Postmas[only for the last quarter [receipts of the Post Office [over [

A heavy storm of [over Paterson N. J. [finished house at [and other damage done.

The hotels at Long B[patronized this year [Grant and the only time [during a race day.

During the recent thun[Island, a schoolhouse at [struck and Mrs. Abrams, [killed by lightning.

Donaldson and balloon[N. J., yesterday at 12 30, [into the harbor and bei[ing boats. After lunch [ascension and landed saf[

This evening during t[cloudburst a land slide occurr[River railroad between [[ ]ville which delayed th[hours.

Wm. Lyon, a Scotchma[

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PRESCOTT, Auct'r.
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Main Street
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AY, July 22d,
on the premises,
10 16 MAIN STREET
P. Tucker, Esq., the
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show of goods in the rear,
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street, offering a most fa-
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PRESCOTT, Auct'r.
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ATTEN.
NT AND AUCTIONEER
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Carpets, Stoves,
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NT AND AUCTIONEER
Bridge, Up Stairs
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order. Easily handled
Every building should
W. H. HARLOW,
eet, Bangor, Maine.
Office 2 & N A. R.
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Bangor.
there will be a meet-
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NDAY, the 14th inst.,
oice of officers of said
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before them.
EAN CHASE, Clerk.
STRY.
ASGATE
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or Me.
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F A GROUND HOU-
Bowling, Rockland.

TELEGRAPHIC
TO THE
Whig & Courier.

MAINE NEWS.

FROM LEWISTON

OPENING OF THE NEW RAILROAD.

LEWISTON July 10.

A special train from Portland, on which were the Railroad Commissioners and several of the officers of the Grand Trunk, arrived in this city at about ten o'clock this morning, over the Grand Trunk and Lewiston and Auburn railroads. The latter road will be open for passenger trains on Monday next. The Boston and Maine directors who are in this city will go to Portland on the new road.

FROM PORTLAND.

THE BOARD OF TRADE

PORTLAND, July 10.

At a meeting of the Board of Trade of Portland this morning, it was decided to extend proper courtesy to the members of the National Board of Trade and to the Dominion delegates who are to pass through the city to attend the Dominion meeting at St. John next Wednesday, and a committee was appointed to make the necessary arrangements for their reception on Tuesday.

FIRE

The house of Wm Blanchard in Cumberland was burned yesterday afternoon. Loss $. 00, no insurance.

THE MAINE EDITORIAL EXCURSION

leaves here on the Grand Trunk Railway to-morrow afternoon.

VERDICT

The coroner's jury's verdict on the body of Stephen Griswold, found drowned, was jumped overboard from the Mary C. Marr in a state of intoxication.

IN THE U S COURT

to-day the writ of Charles Pike vs the Providence & Worcester Railroad Co, for infringement of a patent of a spark arrester, was heard, and decision reserved.

The case of Henry W Putnam vs. Ephriam D Weatherbee et al., motion for preliminary injunction to restrain defendants from infringing plaintiff's patent for bottle stopper fastening, was heard and an injunction granted.

DOMESTIC NEWS.

NEW YORK CITY.

SPORADIC CHOLERA.

NEW YORK, July 10. There was a marked case of Asiatic cholera in Brooklyn yesterday which the doctors declare sporadic, owing to a local nuisance in the shape of a lot of Chinese fire crackers that had been soaked in bilge water.

Mrs Mary Ann Hannon, aged 63 years, died to-day from genuine Asiatic cholera at her residence in Orange street, Brooklyn. She was attacked by the disease Wednesday night.

THE BLOODY SHIRT

discovered in the demolition of the Nathan mansion, has been identified as that worn by Nathan when murdered. It was at first supposed that it might belong to one of his sons against whom some suspicions were entertained at the time of the murder.

Mansell B Field, foreman of the coroner's jury on the body of Nathan, states that he saw the bloody night gown on the body of Nathan the night of the murder, July 29th, and again in September. It was under the safe in the room in which Nathan was murdered.

Harmon Nathan to-day identified the bloody shirt as that worn by his father when murdered. When the family left the house they did not wish to take any relics of the murder with them and the shirt was wrapped up and thrown under the safe. The police have given up all idea of this being any clue to the murder.

THE POLICE BOARD

At the meeting of the Police Board, yesterday, an organization was effected by the election of Matsell, President, and Duryea, Secretary.

HAVEMEYER GLOOMY

Mayor Havemeyer is reported as saying to an interviewer that he was inclined to take a gloomy view of the situation political and thought the public had seen the last of the reform movement of 1871. Those who took an active part in that movement have joined the Democratic or Republican party. In regard to his reported intention of resigning the Mayor said there was not a word of truth in it. He never abandoned a contest when he believed himself in the right.

PETITIONS FOR THE MAYOR'S REMOVAL.

A Times special from West Hampton, L I says that Pinckney, Clerk of the Common Council, arrived here last evening and presented resolutions of the Board of Aldermen to Gov Dix, asking for the removal of Havemeyer. Speaker Husted arrived at West Hampton yesterday. Col. DeKay left there for this city last night with despatches from the Governor, supposed to be his decision on the Mayor's removal. The author of the despatch says "I understand on good authority that the Governor has taken action adverse to Mayor Havemeyer."

THE INVESTIGATION.

Gov Dix's private secretary, DeKay, has gone to Albany with a batch of papers connected with the charges against Mayor Havemeyer to be delivered to the Attorney General. It is said, on the alleged authority of DeKay, that an investigation of the Mayor's conduct will probably be ordered by the Governor before some county Judge. The Governor will hold back his decision as to when the investigation will take place for a day or two.

THE UNION PACIFIC REPORT.

The official report of the Union Pacific Railroad for May shows a decrease in the net earnings for that month of $65,760, and a decrease in five months of $40,000.

THE BOY FREDDY

The father of Fred English confesses that he caused the abduction of Freddy. He says no other course was left to save the boy from becoming the absolute tool of fanatical crusaders, as his wife was in league with them.

VARIOUS MATTERS

Heavy thunder shower to-night.

The weather is muggy and heat oppressive.

Wm McGinnis, a boy, died of hydrophobia at Baltimore Hospital to-day.

It is reported that Inspector Walling will be the new Police Superintendent.

W P Gilley, Deputy Register of this city, formerly of Marblehead, died yesterday.

About twelve mad dogs were shot by the police in this city and Brooklyn yesterday.

The New Hampshire Press Association is in town and will visit the hippodrome to night.

The coroner's jury have returned a verdict against Vacari, who murdered Brancomano for two cents.

Kate Stoddard, the alleged murderess of Goodrich, will undoubtedly be sent to the Insane Asylum next week.

Thos. and John Ryan, brothers, aged 6 and 9 years, were drowned last evening while bathing in one of the small ponds in South Brooklyn.

The report of Postmaster James of this city for the last quarter shows that the receipts of the Post Office for that time were over $700,000.

A heavy storm of short duration passed over Paterson, N. J., last night and an unfinished house at Riverside was blown down and other damage done.

The hotels at Long Branch are not well patronized this year. The prices are exorbitant and the only time there is a crowd is during a race day.

During the recent thunder storm on Long Island, a schoolhouse at Pearsall's village was struck and Mrs. Abrams, the teacher, was killed by lightning.

Donaldson and balloon landed at Ramapoo, N. J., yesterday at 12.30, after having dipped into the harbor and being chased by three tug boats. After lunch he made another ascension and landed safely.

This evening during the storm about 8 o'clock a land slide occurred on the Hudson River railroad between Inwood and Manhattanville which delayed the trains about two hours.

Wm. Lyon, a [illegible], conductor on one of the Brooklyn horse car lines, appeals to the Mayor for the recovery of his three children who were placed in the Howard Mission House. He wants his children but is refused.

A special from Crown Point, N. Y., says that a cyclone yesterday in that village ruined houses, factories, barns, trees, fences, &c., and many people and cattle were injured. It went down Put Creek valley and it is feared that great damage was done.

The *Times* has filed its answer to the bill in equity of the Bullock Press Co. for alleged violation of patent. The answer is a general denial and an assertion that the Walter printing press is not an infringement of the Bullock patent.

It appears the notorious Carlotta alias Fanny Shotwell, well known in connection with an attempted blackmailing operation in this city and various other places, has been in the Tombs for the past month under an indictment here for perjury and grand larceny.

NEW JERSEY.

YACHT CAPSIZED AND FOUR PERSONS DROWNED.

ATLANTIC CITY, July 10 This afternoon while the yacht A. B. Thompson, Capt. Frank Steelman, was returning from a trip, in crossing the bar opposite this city a heavy sea struck and capsized her. The following residents of Philadelphia were drowned: Daniel Ulley Sharpless and Esther S Sharpless, his wife, Master Alfred H. Sharpless and Anna W Roberts, daughter of E. Roberts. The body of Miss Sharpless was recovered. The remaining three persons were rescued, and are doing well. This is the first instance of life being lost by a sailing party since Atlantic City was a watering place.

OHIO.

A FATHER SHOOTS HIS SON.

CINCINNATI, July 10. Israel Elias had some difficulty with his son this forenoon, and the boy attempted to run away, when the father seized his musket and fired the contents at the boy, inflicting probably fatal wounds.

"WALKING IN(TO) THE ZOO."

Mayor Johnston has vetoed the ordinance leasing forty-five acres of the Burnett Wood Park to the Zoological Society for a zoological garden. The new ordinance will probably be passed free of the points objected to.

METEOROLOGICAL.

Rain fell nearly all day and there is a prospect of its continuing to night. Refreshing showers fell yesterday in all the surrounding country. The weather is much cooler and the benefit to crops is very great. The burning of forests and fields along the railroads has about stopped.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

ADJOURNMENT OF THE LEGISLATURE.

CONCORD, July 10. Both branches of the Legislature met at 8 o'clock this morning to finish up the business of the session.

The Senate gave notice that they have postponed to next session the bills to prevent incompetent persons from engaging in the business of apothecaries and druggists, and to prevent the use of fire-arms on Sunday.

The Senate also postponed indefinitely a bill regulating a standard weight for herds-grass seed.

The Speaker replied to a resolution of thanks which passed unanimously. Another was passed complimentary to the clerks, doorkeepers and reporters.

A committee consisting of six, with such as the Senate may join, was appointed to wait on his Excellency the Governor, and inform him that the business of the session has been brought to a close.

The Senate amended the house bill to prevent bribery in elections; the House adhered to its action after hearing a report from a committee of conference, and the bill fails to become a law.

At 11 o'clock, the Governor sent a message to the Secretary of State, adjourning the Legislature to the last Wednesday in Mar next.

MORE OFFICERS REMOVED.

At a meeting of the Governor and Council to-day the following officers of Hillsboro county were removed: David Cross, Judge of Probate; C V. Dearborn, Register, Chas Scott, Sheriff; E P. Emerson, Police Judge and Henry Parkinson, Special Justice of the Police Court of Nashua.

The following were appointed to their places Lucien B Clough of Manchester, Judge of Probate; Timothy B. Crowley of Nashua, Register, Thomas P. Pierce, Sheriff, Solomon Spaulding, Judge, and B. B. Whitmore, Special Justice of the Police Court of Nashua.

The following removals were made in Belknap county. David C. Batcheldor, Sheriff, and John W. Currier, Solicitor. The following were nominated to their places: Benj E. Thurston of Laconia, Sheriff, and Charles C. Rogers of Tilton, Solicitor.

THE NEW CABLE.

PORTSMOUTH, July 10. The underground end of the new Atlantic cable at Straw's Point, Rye, was commenced to be laid to day to connect with the portion on board. The steamer Ambassador is daily expected here.

THE DEMOCRATS

here think the failure to repeal the prohibitory law will injure their party at next election.

CALIFORNIA.

EXTENSIVE FIRE.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 10. The fire which commenced at the corner of California and Front streets, in Allyn & Co.'s oil works has extended to the liquor store of Schultz & Co. and the cigar store of R. G. Gillien. The fire is still burning, but under control. Losses about $50,000.

FROM BOSTON.

MARINE NEWS.

BOSTON, July 10. Arrived brig Shasta, Baltimore, schooner Wm. D. Cargill, Elizabethport. Schooner Caleb Eaton, from Barnegat for Boston, which was ashore on Cedar Tree Neck, Vineyard Sound, came off Thursday night. Steamer Oriental from Boston for Savannah, which was ashore in Vineyard Sound will be towed back to Boston for examination.

WASHINGTON.

IMPORTANT DECISION

NEW YORK, July 10. A Times special says that the U. S. District Court at Washington has decided the ejectment case in favor of G. W. C. Lee in the matter of the mill property on the Four Mile Run, and that the decision is likely to affect the Government title to the Arlington property.

REDEMPTION OF NATIONAL BANK NOTES

A Washington despatch states that Mr. Graves, Superintendent of the National Bank Redemption Agency in the Treasury Department, gives the following additional information of the regulations governing the redemption of national bank notes:—Under that portion of section 3 requiring every association to keep on deposit in the Treasury of the United States, in lawful money, a sum equal to five per cent. of its circulation for redemption of such circulation, any person is permitted to send bank notes, assorted or unassorted, and of any national bank whatever, to be sent in packages by express under the government contract in sums of $1000 or a multiple thereof, for which returns are to be made in new legal tender notes. Under the contract the expenses of expressage and for assorting the notes will be charged to the banks by which the notes were issued. The notes redeemed will be assorted among the two thousand national banks of the United States in the following manner:—Assorting tables with fifty-two tills the size of the notes will be provided; the two thousand banks will be divided into fifty sections of about forty banks each, arranged alphabetically, the notes will be twice assorted, first among the sections and second the notes of each section will be assorted among the banks in the forty sections. The notes fit for circulation, it is found, constitute a very small portion of the total received, thus far about one-tenth. These notes, after assortment, will be returned to the banks which issued them. Those unfit for circulation will be forwarded to the Comptroller of the Currency, who will furnish new notes, the banks being required to make good the amount charged to the five per cent. fund for the redemption of their notes. The redemption of national bank notes is now as free as legal tenders except that they must be sent in larger sums.

The Superintendent states that under the five per cent. fund of the new bill the redemption agencies are in receipt or have in process of collection about $9,000,000 to date. The larger portion comes in legal tenders and the balance in drafts on New York, Philadelphia and Boston, payable in legal tender notes. The daily receipts are about $500,000.

[illegible]

WASHINGTON, July 10. In response to an application of the Governor of Arkansas that he be permitted to draw [illegible]

thority to transfer appropriations from one purpose to another, and that he has no money whatever at his command with which to purchase the supplies requested.

ECONOMY TO THE FRONT.

The District Commissioners have issued an official order in the interest of economy, abolishing all the offices of the late District government and establishing the headquarters in Columbian building. No advertising is hereafter to be done except on the express direction of the Commissioners. Nearly all the horses, carriages, and harness belonging to the District are to be sold, the number of property yards reduced, the offices of eleven assessors abolished and various watchmen and employes at the legislative hall discharged. All the current expenses shall be paid the first of every month. The Comptroller and Auditor and Treasurer are constituted a committee to transfer all money, bonds, and other securities in the hands of the late Treasurer of the Board of Public Works to the U. S. Treasury, subject to the orders of the Commissioners. All contracts hereafter given out will be awarded to the lowest responsible bidder after due notice by advertisement, and the right reserved to reject any and all bids.

WITHOUT FEAR OR FAVOR.

Attorney General Williams has instructed A. G. Riddle, who was designated a few days ago to prosecute the burglary cases, to prosecute those cases without fear, favor or affection and summon every one who can throw any light upon the subject. It is the intention of the Attorney General to have these cases thoroughly sifted in the courts and bring all the offenders to justice.

PENNSYLVANIA.

DEATH OF A WAR PILOT

PHILADELPHIA, July 10 Geo. D Hoffner, who died of heart disease on the pilot boat Thomas Howard, off Lewes, Delaware, was a pilot of forty years' standing, served during the war as executive officer or sailing-master of the U. S. Steamer Hatteras.

THE INDIANS.

SAVAGES ON THE WAR PATH.

NEW YORK, July 10. A Topeka (Kansas) despatch states that there can no longer be any doubt that a large body of Indians are on the war path, and are menacing the lives and property of people on the southwestern border of Kansas. The raid was begun by the Kiowas and now comprises parties from that tribe, the Cheyennes and Arapahoes. Lone Wolf and Kicking Bird are the leaders, and the outbreak is being made on their part with unusual ferocity. The Quaker Indian Agent, Miles, had to fly for his life from the Cheyenne agency.

THREE MEN WERE KILLED AND SCALPED near Mozer's Ranche, Indian Territory, Monday, and one of them, Patrick Hennessey, formerly Sheriff of Christian Co., Illinois, was tied to his wagon and burned alive. Two men, herders were killed and scalped within three miles of Sargent, Kansas, and two others on Bates Creek, Colorado, 12 miles from Granada.

FIGHTING FOR THEIR LIVES.

A party of hunters were surrounded by Indians on the Cimmaron, 75 miles from Caldwell, and have been fighting for their lives since last Sunday. Eight have been killed and there is little chance of escape for the remainder. A panic prevails all along the border, and settlers are leaving their homes and hurrying into the towns and railroad stations.

WASHINGTON ADVICES.

WASHINGTON, July 10. The following Indian news was received this morning by the War Department:—

Major Brunt telegraphs from Fort Laramie to Omaha Headquarters, June 26th, that a freighter was fired that morning by a party of Indians near Eagle's Nest.

Capt. Cain, commanding at Fort Fetterman, Wyoming, telegraphs to Omaha, July 3d, that citizens, cutting wood, were fired upon about daylight by six Indians; also that at noon, 16 miles from the fort, a man named Jesse Hampton was shot dangerously by eight Indians, supposed to be Sioux.

FORWARDING TROOPS.

Three Companies of the Fifth Infantry passed here yesterday from Fort Leavenworth for the scene of the disturbance. Adj't Gen. Morris has gone to the front to organize and the settlers. Governor Osborne and General Pope are doing everything in their power for the protection of the people and chastisement of the Indians.

TEXAS.

NEW COTTON

GALVESTON, July 10. The first bale of new cotton was shipped to New Orleans to-day.

NEW YORK STATE.

WRECKED BY A HURRICANE.

OSWEGO July 10. During the late hurricane the Canadian steamers Osprey and Corinthian were sunk in the St. Lawrence river, the former by being driven on Oggens Island, 70 miles below Ogdensburg, and the latter on the Cascades at the foot of Beauharnois canal. The schooner Eliza Fisher was dismasted off Sodus Lake, Ontario.

KILLED BY LIGHTNING.

POUGHKEEPSIE, July 10. During a severe thunder storm to-night, Matthew Farrand, who resides in Pine street, while looking out of an open window was instantly killed by lightning.

THE WEATHER.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
WASHINGTON, July 11—1 A. M.

PROBABILITIES.

For New England, partly cloudy weather and warm with local rains, southeast to southwest winds and falling barometer, followed by clearing weather and lower barometer Saturday night.

FOREIGN NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

THE LINCOLN TOWER.

LONDON, July 10. Rev. Newman Hall, of the New Chapel delivered an eulogy on Lincoln at the laying of the corner stone of the Lincoln Tower. The Tower which is erected by a joint subscription of Englishmen and Americans, was decorated with flags and the arms of both nations.

FRANCE.

THE ASSEMBLY.

LONDON, July 10. A Paris despatch to the Times say that M. Duval's demand for "urgency" on his motion for the dissolution of the Assembly after voting upon the bill named, received 180 votes. It seems certain that if M. Casimir Perier's bill will be rejected, which is probable, the Centres will submit either a fresh proposal for dissolution or for a protracted prorogation, but most probably the former which will then obtain a large majority.

THE REPUBLIC.

PARIS, July 10. The Republican papers conclude from MacMahon's message that he recognizes the Republic.

PARIS, July 10. In the Assembly this afternoon, M. Bertauld, Moderate Republican, asked leave to submit the following question to Gen. Cissey, Vice-President of the Council.—

"Whether it is claimed for the President of the Republic that he denies the right of the Assembly to determine whether the law of the 20th of November, 1873, is irrevocable or not, and also if it is denied that the President is responsible to the Assembly?"

On motion of Gen. Cissey, the debate on the interpellation was postponed until the constitutional bills come up for discussion.

PASSPORTS.

It is officially stated that citizens of the United States will be permitted to enter France from any direction without showing their passports, but they must be prepared to prove their nationality when required.

ULTIMATUM OF THE GOVERNMENT.

PARIS July 10. The Committee of Thirty on Constitutional bills held an important sitting to-day. M. Fourtou, Minister of the Interior, appeared and presented the views of the Government. He said the Government would accept the bill drawn up by the committee which provides for the continuance of the title of President of the Republic, for the creation of a second chamber and for the organization of personal Septennate to terminate with the expiration of MacMahon's seven years' term of power, in case of his resignation or death; but it was desirable that certain provisions which required immediate action, should be embodied in a separate measure for speedy passage by the Assembly, but M. Fourtou [illegible] that the President should be empowered to nominate a considerable proportion of its members.

Third, and finally, the Government insists that the power be given to the President to dissolve the lower chamber, but, as the manner of the appointment of members of the upper house is not decided upon, it cannot say whether the power should be exercised with or without the co-operation of the latter.

M. Fourtou in conclusion remarked that the Government was not desirous of interfering with the duty of the Assembly in framing the constitution, but merely pointed out what it considered the essential points. Full expression would be given to its opinions in the debate when the subject came before the Assembly.

The Legitimists are irritated by the President's message and have resolved to oppose the personal septennate.

SPAIN.

A BLOODTHIRSTY CARLIST.

MADRID, July 10. The Carlist General Dorregaray, has issued a manifesto to the civilized nations in which he calumniates the Republicans and admits and justifies the shooting of fifteen of them.

CANADA.

NEW MINISTRY IN MANITOBA.

TORONTO, July 10. A despatch from Ft. Garry, Manitoba, says the Ministry has been defeated on a direct motion of want of confidence. A new Anglo French coalition Ministry is formed, as follows: Hon. M. A. Girard, Premier; Hons R. A. Davis, E. H. Hay J. Dubuc, F. Ogletree. Its policy will probably embrace fixing of the qualification for representation on an extended basis, the abolition of the Legislative Council, an improved Judiciary, and reduction of public expenditures.

THE CANADIAN TEAM AT WIMBLEDON.

A cable despatch says the shooting for the first stage of the Queen's prize at Wimbledon has been completed, and that among the first sixty who are qualified to participate in the second stage are the following members of the Canadian team: Lt. Whitman of Quebec, Private T. Mitchell of Ontario, Capt J. P. McPherson of the Governor-General's Foot Guard, Color-Sergeant Baillie of Ontario, Major Gibson of Ontario and Hancock. All of the above are entitled to a prize of £12 and to wear the National Rifle Association badge.

Sergt. Vail was the only Canadian who got into the second stage last year in the contest for the Alexandra prize.

The following have been returned winners: Capt. Layton of Nova Scotia, Capt. McPherson and Lt. McNaughton of the Coburg Artillery, Ontario; Private Disher of Ontario and Capt Morgan of Quebec.

DEAF AND DUMB CONVENTION.

BELLEVILLE, July 10. The eighth convention of American Instructors of the Deaf and Dumb will meet at the Ontario institution at this place on Wednesday, July 15th, and remain in session until the 20th. One hundred and thirty delegates have signified their intention to be present, representing thirty-five institutions in the United States and Canada.

SAN DOMINGO

TRANQUILITY REIGNS

SAN DOMINGO CITY, June 26. The Republic is tranquil, business is dull and money scarce. The commissioners sent to Hayti to conclude a treaty of peace and commerce have returned without fulfilling their mission, being accredited to President Messages, who had vacated the office in favor of General Domingue before they arrived. This circumstance will cause a delay in the treaty.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

NEW YORK, July 10.

MONEY easy at 2 a 3 per cent.
GOLD closed at 110.
STERLING EXCHANGE at 4.89 a 4.90.

Government securities closed at the following quotation:—

U. S. Fives,				112
U. S. Sixes, (coupons)		1881		118
U. S. 5-20s	do	1862		112
U. S do	do	1864		115
U. S do	do	1865		116
U. S do	do	1865	new (ex int)	116
U. S. do	do	1867	"	114
U. S do	do	1868	"	116
U. S. 10-40s	do			117
Currency Sixes,				116
Central Pacifics,				89
Union Pacific, 1st mortgage				82

Southern State securities closed this afternoon at the following quotations:

Tennessee 6's,	79
Tennessee 6s, (new)	80
Virginia 6's,	30
Virginia 6's (new)	30
North Carolina 6's	10
North Carolina 6s (new	10
South Carolina 6's	15
South Carolina 6s, (new	10
Alabama 8s,	45
Alabama 5s,	35
Georgia 6s,	72
Georgia 7's,	86
Missouri 6s,	92
Louisiana 6s.	20
Louisiana 6s, (new)	20

The Stock market closed this afternoon at the following quotations:—

Western Union 72; Pacific Mail, 42, Boston Water Power Company 11; N. Y. Central & Hudson River Railroad Company, 90; Harlem Railroad Company 124; pfd 125; Reading R R Company, 00, Michigan Central Railroad Company 70, Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railroad Company 15, Illinois Central Railroad Company 97; Cleveland & Pittsburg Railroad Company 87; Chicago & Northwestern Railroad Company 37, do preferred, 54. Chicago and Rock Island Railroad Company 97, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railroad Company 34; do preferred 33; Pittsburg & Fort Wayne Railroad 91, Wabash R R 34, pfd 65; Erie R R 31; do preferred 45; Ohio & Mississippi Railroad 21; Boston Hartford & Erie 1

MARKETS

NEW YORK, July 10.

COTTON dull — sales 1429 bales — Middling uplands 17

FLOUR is unchanged — sales 12,600 bbls — State 5.00 a 6.20, western, 5.00 a 6.75, Round Hoop Ohio, 5.80 a 7.25; Southern, 5.80 a 11.00.

WHEAT — sales 95 000 bushels — No 2 Milwaukee, 1 32 a 1.38; No 2 Chicago, 1.30 a 1.32

CORN is firmer — sales 124,000 bush — new mixed western 75 a 77; western yellow, 76 a 77.

OATS are heavy — sales 52,000 bush — new mixed western, 59 a 62; white western, 66 a 67.

BUTTER steady — New western, 16 a 26, new State 20 a 30.

SUGAR is steady — Fair to good refining, 7 a 8.

MOLASSES quiet.

COFFEE quiet.

PORK steady — New mess, 19 00.

BEEF is quiet — Plain mess, 9.50 a 12.00, extra mess, 11 00 a 14.00.

LARD heavy — prime steam, 11 a 11

PETROLEUM lower — Crude, 9, refined, 12

ROSIN steady at 2 05 a 2.10

TALLOW is quiet.

FREIGHTS TO LIVERPOOL — Cotton per steamer, 11-32d, wheat per steamer, 9.

CHICAGO, July 10.

FLOUR is dull.

WHEAT higher — No. 2 Spring, 1 13 a 1.14

CORN is higher — No. 2, 60 a 61.

OATS are higher — No. 2, 46 a 46.

RYE is firm — No. 2, 86.

BARLEY higher — No. 2, 107.

BRIGHTON CATTLE MARKET.

[For the week ending Wednesday, July 8.]

At market for the current week—Cattle 2866, Sheep and Lambs, 4,070, Swine 12,650; number of Western Cattle 2,623, Eastern Cattle 18, Milch Cows, Working Oxen, and Northern Cattle, 125; Cattle left over, —.

Prices of Beef Cattle ₩ 100 lbs, live weight. Extra quality $7 25 @ 7 50; first quality 6 75 @ 7 12½, second quality 6 12½ @ 6 62½, third quality 5 00 @ 6 00, poorest grade of coarse Oxen, Bulls, &c, $3,50 @ 4,50.

Brighton Hides 8½c. ₩ lb

Brighton Tallow 5 @ 5½c ₩ lb

Country Hides 7 @ 7½c ₩ lb

Country Tallow 4c @ 4½c ₩ lb

Calf Skins 15c @ 17c ₩ lb.

Sheep Skins 50c each.

Lamb Skins 50c each.

No Wool Skins in market.

The trade for good Cattle has been better this week than it was one week ago. The quality of the Cattle in was not so good upon an average as those of one week ago. There were but few Cattle sold at our highest quotations. There were several hundred Cattle, mostly Texas, left over from our last market, for which class of Cattle the trade has been dull unless they were of a good grade.

Working Oxen—But few pairs in market. Not much call for them. As soon as Cattle come in more plenty from the North and East the trade for Working Oxen will probably be better. We have not noticed any sales this week.

Store Cattle—None in market, the trade being principally confined to Beef Cattle. Most of the small Cattle are bought up to slaughter.

Milch Cows—Extra $50 @ $90, ordinary $25 @ $50 ₩ head. Most of the Cows offered in market for sale are of a common grade. Good Cows command fair prices.

Sheep and Lambs—From the West the supply was not as large as that of one week ago. Western Sheep cost landed at Brighton 4 @ 5c; Lambs 0 @ 10c ₩ lb

Swine—Store Pigs, wholesale, 7 @ 7½c; retail, 7½ @ 9c ₩ lb. Fat Hogs, 12,000 at market, prices 6¾ @ 6¾c ₩ lb.

NEWS BREVITIES.

The Supreme Court at Austin, Texas, has decided against the International Railroad.

Secretary Fish has refused to sign the contracts for the stone from Ordway's quarry, Richmond, Me.

A London special says a man who attempted to fly on a new flying machine from a balloon at a high altitude to the earth, fell to the earth and was horribly mangled, the machine proving a failure.

The jury in the case of Deputy Tax Collector Gill of Brooklyn, tried for embezzling $123 retired Thursday afternoon, and, not agreeing, were locked up for the night, but were discharged Friday morning.

Owing to the exposures made in the [illegible] Congress, United States Solicitor [illegible] [illegible], Friday, it [illegible] [illegible] lights.

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS

Miniature Almanac, Saturday, July 11th.

Sun Rises,	4 23	Moon Rises,	1 56 AM
Sun Sets,	7 38		
Length of Day	15 15	High Water	8 15 AM 8 35 PM

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

[*All notices for this department must be sent in before 6 P. M. on Friday, to secure insertion.*]

Morning services commence at 10½ o'clock, afternoon services at 3 o'clock; evening services at 7 o'clock.

FIRST PARISH CONGREGATIONAL,—Broadway, corner State St. Pulpit supplied by Prof. Wm. M. Barbour. Preaching at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Seats free to all. Rev. J. G. Leavitt of St. Stephen will preach to-morrow.

HAMMOND ST. CONGREGATIONAL.—Hammond St., corner High; Rev S. P. Fay, Pastor. Services forenoon and afternoon, seats P. M. free to all.

CENTRAL CONGREGATIONAL.—French St., near State, Rev. Geo. W. Field, Pastor. Services at 10½ A. M., and 7½ P. M. Evening sermon by Rev. J. E. Pond.

FIRST BAPTIST.—Harlow St, corner Centre; Rev. F. T. Hazlewood, Pastor. Gallery pews free to all.

SECOND BAPTIST.—Columbia Street; Rev. N. Butler, D. D., Pastor. This is a Free House and the seats are open to all.

FIRST FREE BAPTIST,—Essex St. Rev. Arthur Given, Pastor. Sermon in the forenoon, followed by Sabbath School. Seats free to all.

FIRST METHODIST,—corner Pine and Somerset Sts, Rev Cyrus Stone, D. D., pastor. Services forenoon. Sabbath School at close of forenoon services. There will be special religious services at 7 P. M., by Col. B. B. Dyer.

UNION ST. METHODIST EPISCOPAL.—Union St. corner Clinton, Rev W. L. Brown, Pastor. Preaching forenoon and afternoon. Sabbath School at close of forenoon services.

INDEPENDENT CONGREGATIONAL, (Unitarian)—Union St. corner Main. Rev. Arthur May Knapp, Pastor. Services at 10½ A. M. Rev. Howard N. Brown will preach to-morrow.

UNIVERSALIST,—Park St. near Centre. Rev. S. Goodenough, Pastor. Services at 3 P. M. Mrs. C. A. Soule, President of the Women's Centenary Association, will speak to-morrow afternoon.

ST JOHN'S, EPISCOPAL,—French St. Rev. E. C. Gardner, Rector. This Church is supported by voluntary offerings, and the seats are free to all.

ST. JOHN'S, ROMAN CATHOLIC,—York St, Rev Father McSweeney, Pastor.

ST. MARY'S, ROMAN CATHOLIC,—Cedar St., corner First; Rev. J. W. Murphy, Pastor.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH.—West Bangor, Allen street School House; Rev. J. T. House, Pastor. Services forenoon and afternoon. Sabbath School at close of afternoon services.

WEST BANGOR CHAPEL.—Services at 2½ P. M., followed by Sabbath School. Prayer meeting at 7 P. M. Rev. J. Evarts Pond, of Hampden, will preach to-morrow.

SECOND ADVENT.—Concert Hall. Preaching every Sunday P. M. at the usual hour.

SPIRITUAL ASSOCIATION.—Temperance Hall. Meetings at 2½ and 7½ P. M. Mrs. Bradbury will lecture to-morrow afternoon and evening. All are invited.

CITY MISSIONARY.—Rev. C. G. Porter, Residence No. 5 Boynton Street.

CITY HALL.—Public Temperance Meeting at 4½ o'clock Sunday afternoon.

BREWER.

FIRST CONGREGATIONAL.—Pulpit supplied by Prof. L. L. Paine, of the Theological Seminary.

SECOND CONGREGATIONAL,—at Brewer Village; pulpit supplied by Mr. C. H. Harrington of the Theological Seminary. Sabbath School at 10½ A. M., Preaching at 2½ P. M. Sermon at 3 P. M.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL,—Main St; Rev. Chas. E. Libbey, Pastor. Sunday School at 10½ A. M.; sermon at 3 P. M.. Sunday School concert on first Sabbath evening of each month.

EDDINGTON BEND.

METHODIST,—Supplied by Samuel T. Page, Sermon at 10½ A. M., Sunday School at close of services.

HAMPDEN.

CONGREGATIONAL,—Rev. J. Evarts Pond, Pastor. Services at 10½ A. M. and 2 P. M.

METHODIST,—Rev. B. D. Thomas, Pastor, Services afternoon and evening, at West Hampden in forenoon.

ORONO

ST JOHN'S PARISH,—Rev. Henry Shepard, Pastor. Services at the usual hour in the forenoon, followed by Sabbath School. Mrs. C. A. Soule, President of the Women's Centenary Association, will speak in the forenoon.

CONGREGATIONAL,—Rev. Wellington R. Cross, Pastor; services morning and evening.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL,—Rev. G. R. Palmer, Pastor, services in the forenoon.

ST. MARY'S ROMAN CATHOLIC,—Rev. John Duddy, Pastor of St. Joseph's, at Oldtown, officiates alternately at the two churches.

BRADLEY

METHODIST EPISCOPAL. Rev. J. W. H. Cromwell preaches at Union Hall every other Sunday at 10 A. M. Sabbath School at close of forenoon service every Sunday.

SPIRITUAL ASSOCIATION. Meetings at Union Hall Sunday, Jan. 18, and every fourth Sunday for the year following, at 10 A. M. and 2 P. M. Children's Progressive Lyceum at 11½ A. M.

OLDTOWN.

CONGREGATIONAL,—Services at 2½ and 7 o'clock P. M.

BAPTIST—Rev Geo. M. Preston, Pastor. Sabbath School at 10½ A. M.; Preaching at 2½ and 7 P. M.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL,—Rev. J. W. H. Cromwell, Pastor, services 2½ and 7 P. M.

ST JAMES EPISCOPAL,—Rev. Alexander F. Samuels, Rector, services at 11 A. M., and 7 P. M.

UNIVERSALIST,—Sabbath School at 1½ A. M. Preaching at 2½ P. M., by Rev. Mr. Shepard of Orono

ST JOSEPH'S CATHOLIC,—Rev John Duddy, Pastor. Services at 10½ A. M.

WINTERPORT.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL, Main St; Rev. M. D. Mathews, Pastor Services at 10½ A. M., and 7 P. M.

CONGREGATIONAL,—Rev Mr. Ramsdell, Pastor Services at 10½ A. M., and 7 P. M.

—Good weather for corn, lately.

—One plain drunk in the lockup last night.

—Eighteen vessels arrived at this port yesterday, and ten sailed.

—Wheelwright, Clark & Co. have hung out a new sign of mammoth proportions.

—Field strawberries are quite plenty and are sold about town for 28 cents per box.

—The Maine editorial excursion party will number about fifty persons, including the ladies.

—The temperance mass meeting in City Hall this evening will be addressed by Col B. B. Dyer.

—The body of Eddie Connors, drowned near High Head on Thursday, has not yet been recovered.

—Dr. Tefft will deliver the address at the public temperance meeting in City Hall to-morrow afternoon.

—Felix Quion was thrown from his wagon on the Hampden road yesterday afternoon and somewhat bruised.

—Warm and sultry, yesterday forenoon; breezy and cloudy in the afternoon, and rain commenced falling at 5 30 P. M.

—The new three-masted schooner Lizzie Cobb, just completed in Oakes & Sons' yard at Brewer, will be launched at 8 o'clock this morning.

—The Superintendent of the Grand Trunk Railway has given orders that all train men on that road shall wear a uniform after the first of August.

—It will require several days' time to put the iron span into the new railway bridge at Mattawamkeag, but trains will not be retarded by the work.

—Mr. M. H Andrews of this city has gone to the Isles of Shoals, where he will lead the orchestra of the Oceanic hotel during the summer season.

—One of Ross & Howell's steamers will leave here for Fort Point at 6 30 this evening. Passengers can return on Sunday night or Monday morning's boats.

—An adjourned meeting of the Bangor Mercantile Association was held in the Common Council room last evening, but no business of public interest was transacted.

—Dole Brothers' furniture shop on Hammond st. is "going up," and will have another story put under it. The enlargement is demanded by their constantly increasing business.

—Special religious services will be held at the First Methodist church to-morrow afternoon under the direction of Col. Dyer of Portland, who lectures in City Hall Monday evening.

—A lad named Russell Howard, about ten years old, son of Aaron Howard of Belfast, was drowned in the harbor on Thursday, by the capsizing of a punt in which he and another boy were seated.

—The Charleston Campmeeting will be held on the old grounds in Charleston, commencing on Monday, August 31st, the committee having been unable to procure new grounds as expected.

—The schooner Elizabeth Segar, Capt. Frank Green, of this city, while on the way from Boston to this port, sprung aleak [illegible] [illegible] and is a total wreck. Crew saved.

—Mrs. Caroline A. Soule of New York, President of the Women's Centenary Association, [illegible] will speak at the [illegible] to-morrow forenoon and at the Universalist church in this city in the afternoon.

—Grand Patriarch Pressey and other Maine Odd Fellows of high rank who went to St. John this week to institute Miliete Encampment in that city, were given a grand banquet at the Victoria Hotel Thursday evening.

—St. Mary's Catholic Society of this city will hold a grand bazaar at their church on Cedar st., some time in August, the money realized to be used in paying for the stained glass windows and for the purchase of an altar.

—The Eastern Railroad Co have just had a smoke-stack put on one of their engines which is much more useful than ornamental. No cinders come from it, and passengers can sit by the open windows without danger to their eyes.

—The Handel Association have received from Supt. Angell a very encouraging proposal regarding an excursion to St John, and it is desired that all the members be present at the Common Council room Monday evening to decide upon the same.

—The down-river firemen are getting on their muscle. Gen. Berry Engine Co., No 3, of Rockland, has challenged John Bird Co., No. 5, of the same city and Eureka Co., No. 4, of Thomaston, to a trial of their respective machines for $200 a side in each case.

—Burke's Tableaux of Erin will be exhibited in Norombega Hall this afternoon and evening and Monday evening. "Dublin Dan," Mr. John M. Burke, Miss Annie F. Irish and all the old favorites will appear in a new programme, with new songs, music and dances.

—The parlor concert complimentary to Miss Isa Clark, given at the residence of Hon. I. R. Clark last evening, was largely attended, the spacious apartments being filled to their utmost capacity. The beneficiary was assisted by Mrs. Long and Mr. Howard M. Dow, of Boston, and the concert was of rare excellence.

—Mr. Geo. Fish of South Dover collected and hauled to this city during the month of June, 5,335 dozen eggs, for which he received $606.75. When it is known that Mr. Fish is a cripple, having lost the almost entire use of both legs, this statement will appear the more astonishing; and when added to that is the fact that he will be 81 years old next November, the statement approaches the marvellous.

—We enjoyed a pleasant call, yesterday, from Rev. Roger S. Howard, who was for many years so popular as the Principal of the Young Ladies' High School in this city. Mr. Howard is now settled in the Episcopal ministry at Webster, Mass., and while on his way to Mt. Desert, has been spending a day or two among his former pupils and friends in Bangor. He has met a most cordial greeting from those who remember him as at once an excellent teacher and a kind and thoughtful friend.

MISCHIEF BRUIN. Bears are becoming bold in the northern part of this county. They robbed a lumber camp in Medway of nearly a barrel of pork, and a farmer in Mattawamkeag lost a valuable heifer by one of the brutes, Tuesday. Four bears have been shot in Medway during the past three weeks, and several have been killed within a short time in other parts of the county and in Aroostook and Washington counties, as we have previously noted in these columns.

NEW GRANGE. Deputy A. K. Walker instituted Queen City Grange, Patrons of Husbandry, at West Bangor, on Wednesday evening. The following are the officers for the ensuing term:—Master, Hebron Luce; Overseer, J. T. Witherly; Lecturer, D. Bean, Steward, D. Hill, Assistant Steward, J. C. Dunham, Treasurer, E. F. Ferguson; Secretary, J. P. Gibbs; Gate Keeper, J. K. Merrill, *Ceres*, Mrs. H. Luce, *Pomona*, Mrs. Rosina E. Gibbs; *Flora*, Mrs. Susie Ferguson, Lady Assistant Stewardess, Miss T. A. Merrill.

ODD FELLOWS INSTALLATION. At a regular meeting of the Penobscot Lodge, I O O F., held on Thursday evening, the following officers were installed by Deputy Grand Master Laughton Frank E. Sparks, N. G.; J F. Swett, V. G.; Geo. S. Hall, Sec.; Chas. B. Brown, Treas.; J. D. Oakes, Warden, Wm. P Smiley, Con ; J. A. Snow, I. G , O D Maddocks, O. G ; Joseph Page, R. S. N. G ; F. A. Howell, L S. N. G.; S D Leach, R. S. V. G ; C. A. Green, L. S. V. G., G. G Nelson, R. S S ; Chas. Thomas, L. S. S.

EASTERN BURNETTIZING WORKS. The Eastern Burnettizing Company are now fairly settled in their new buildings recently finished just below their former location, on the Hampden road. The new structures are four in number, and are more convenient for the business than those which have been heretofore occupied. The first one nearest the street, is of brick, 22x22 feet, and contains two tubular boilers, each 17 feet long and 5 feet in diameter, which furnish power to the engines. This building is absolutely fireproof, and contains a large Hardick steam pump, pipes from which run to hydrants at various places in the buildings and yard, and coils of hose, ready to be attached in case of fire, are placed in easily accessible positions, thus rendering a conflagration a remote possibility. Two large engines, a horizontal of 80 horse-power from the Hinckley & Egery Iron Works, and an upright of 25 horse power, and two large planing machines are located in the next building, which is 85x35 feet. Another building, 30x40 feet, contains the circular gang saws, used for cutting up timber into blocks for wooden pavement. A large band saw is also used for cutting these blocks where one face is rounded, and it eats through ten inch timber like a hot knife through butter. The fourth building is 85x24 feet, and in it are the two great cylinders of half inch boiler iron, with massive cast iron heads, in which the lumber is prepared. One of these cylinders is 70 feet long and the other 60, and each is 6½ feet in diameter. Their capacity is 13,000 feet of lumber. An iron track extends from the wharf into each of the cylinders, and the lumber being ready for the operation is piled upon cars and run into them. The heads are then bolted, and the air exhausted by a huge air pump. The solution—muriatic acid, with as much zinc as it will "eat," reduced with water and kept in a lead tank 30 feet long, 9 feet wide and 7 feet deep—is then injected into the cylinders by a brass pump, and it penetrates every pore of the wood. Wood thus prepared will last for an indefinite length of time when exposed to air or water, and it is much used for wooden pavements, foot ways in horse railway tracks, frames of mills and other buildings exposed to dampness, etc. The works as now arranged are the largest and most convenient in the country.

BANGOR POLICE COURT.

BEFORE JUDGE GOODENOW.

Thursday, July 9th. State vs. George Dean, Allen Spencer, Henry Oliver and A. Johnson. Each respondent is charged with three distinct assaults, on C. D. Field, E. J Colburn and Patrick F. Bradley, respectively, at Orono, June 28th. Cases continued.

State vs. Laforest Corliss; assault on Silas Packard at Carmel, July 1st; fined $10 and costs; paid.

PRACTICAL OBSERVATIONS ON HYDROPHOBIA. Now that the learned physicians of New York have disagreed, as everybody supposed they would, in the cases of hydrophobia recently investigated, the remarks of an old and experienced veterinary surgeon, like Dr. Edward B. Smith of that city, become more important than ever. He says that when a person has been bitten by a mad dog it is [illegible] days before any development of the disease is perceptible. But the danger is not at all proportioned to the terror of having it, he says; in fact it is not a fiftieth part so great as of being struck with lightning, about which people have, comparatively, but little concern. It gives the following practical directions:

"And our advice to all who may be bitten by a dog, and who wish to avoid all bad results therefrom, is to have the bitten part laid open by the knife to the very bottom as soon as possible after the accident has happened, and to thoroughly cleanse the parts with a strong solution of table salt and water. After drying the parts well cauterize the wound with nitrate of silver, and be sure you get to the bottom of the wound with your caustic. Wet the diseased part several times a day with a strong solution of crude carbolic acid. The sooner this is done, the safer the patient, and if properly done soon after the bite, the success will be almost certain, and the patient need have no apprehension of the consequences. Having been bitten by dogs myself several times during my veterinary practice, and knowing of several other persons who have been bitten by dogs when sick, I have treated them in the manner before described. No bad results whatever have ever occurred therefrom."

He says, in addition:

"If we set apart one case out of every hundred of cases reported as canine madness, we should overestimate the number of animals suffering from this form and character of disease. The animal is suffering from a mental derangement of the brain. The cause of this abnormal state of the brain is the want of proper hygienic care; their food has been scanty, and in most cases putrid, or else the dogs have been unable to procure water, and they must suffer at the hands of street roughs of all ages. I should mention one point. Many female dogs are said to have hydrophobia. In my experience of twenty-five years devoted to veterinary service I have never seen a female dog afflicted with this disease; nor have I seen a well authenticated case recorded by any authority. And I can in truth assert that in every forty-nine cases out of every fifty where persons have been bitten by dogs, and have died, the disease has been lockjaw and not hydrophobia."

BOWDOIN COMMENCEMENT.

THE COMMENCEMENT BANQUET

BRUNSWICK, July 10

To the Editor of the Whig and Courier

On Thursday, after the graduating exercises, the procession formed at the church, and marched to the Memorial hall where a sumptuous repast awaited them. The tables were well filled, there being about 300 present. The President had, seated on his left Gov. Dingley and Prof. Stowe, on his right President Allen of Girard College and Dr Hamlin of Constantinople. The Alumni did ample justice to the fine dinner which was prepared by Mr. Harmon of the Tontine Hotel of this place. Excellent music was discoursed by the Germania Band.

In accordance with time-honored custom the familiar Ode was sung, Prof. J B Sewall leading off, and the venerable Prof Packard joining heartily in the singing.

President Chamberlain appropriately welcomed the Alumni, and returned thanks to them for their large attendance. He then called upon Gov Dingley, who was received with applause. The Governor said it was the first time he had the pleasure of taking part on such an occasion in this place. He thanked the College for what it has done for this commonwealth in behalf of education in having sent out men who have been an honor to the State and country.

The President said, in some respects we are more fortunate than Archimedes, who said he could move the world if he had any where to stand, for we have it here, and called upon Prof. Stowe, who was received with applause. He referred to the graduates, and asked what institution can show a more noble list of honored sons.

President Allen of Girard College was then called upon, who said, when he returned to Bowdoin College he felt as if he had returned to the roof and hearthstone of his mother. He said he loved every brick of Bowdoin's walls. When he referred to Prof Packard the Alumni applauded with much warmth. President Allen paid a high tribute to Prof Packard, who has worked so long and faithfully.

Dr. Hamlin of Roberts College spoke next. He returns to his 40th anniversary. He spoke of what the New England Colleges had done for the art of printing and diffusing intelligence in Oriental countries.

Gen. S. J Anderson of Portland, was then called upon and delivered a finished and very entertaining speech. He supported the military drill in the most earnest manner, dwelling at some length upon the benefits of the exercise and instruction. He said as a Democrat he would denounce the course of Democratic papers which had sustained the students in rebellion.

Judge Goddard followed in support of the drill and said he also protested against any Republican papers which had countenanced insubordination.

Rev. Dr Hawes of New Haven, said in regard to the drill he disagreed with the two gentlemen who had referred to it, and proceeded to advocate its abolition.

A despatch was read from E A Little of Auburn, stating that illness prevented his attendance, but announcing a bequest of $10,000 from the Edward Little Institute of Auburn, which was greeted with applause.

After some remarks by Hon L. G. Downes of Calais a meeting of the alumni was held, which resulted in taking the preliminary steps for securing such aid as is necessary to pay off the indebtedness hanging over Memorial Hall, and also with a view to raise money enough to complete the building.

In the evening President Chamberlain gave a reception to the alumni, students and friends of the college at his residence, which was largely attended.

The class reunions have been interesting this year. The class of 1854 had a jolly meeting and supper in Boston, and then eight of the number came down here,—including Mr. James R Osgood of Boston, C. B. Stetson of Boston, Joseph E Smith, Esq., of Chicago, Council Greeley of Chicago, William D. Washburn of Minneapolis, H. P. Brown of Fond du Lac, Charles F Todd of St. Stephen, N. B., and F A. Wilson of Bangor. Q. S.

The Spanish Government has approved Concha's Cuban Budget.

The Thomaston Savings Bank has four hundred and sixty thousand dollars on deposit.

BUSINESS ITEMS

"How flagrant it is!" said Mrs. Partington, as she sniffed the odor of a bottle of Sanford's Jamaica Ginger. "It is as pleasant to the olfactories as it is warming to the diagram, and it is so accelerating to the cistem that it makes one forget all pain like the exhido gas that people take for the toothache. It should have a place in every home where people are subject to hoecolics and such like melodies, besides a spoonful is so salubrious when one is run down like a boot at the heel in making one feel like a new creature."

The most saddening and disagreeable of the awful sounds of midnight is a frightful cough reverberating through the darkness. This terrible infliction can be rapidly removed by the use of Adamson's Botanic Cough Balsam.

HORSE RAKES.—The Ithaca Horse Rakes with improvements. Acknowledged to be the best Hay Rake made. Now ready and for sale by Haynes & Pillsbury, Bangor, Me. The Rakes made in Kenduskeag this year are not Ithica Rakes.
Jun29 3w d&w26

TAGS.—We keep on hand an assortment of Dennison's Tags, which we will print to order at very low prices.

Marine Journal.

PORT OF BANGOR.

FRIDAY, July 10.

ARRIVED.

Steamer Katahdin, Ro??, Boston

Sch Juniper, Kendall, New Bedford
Sch Z ? ? ?, ? , ?
Sch Hudson, ? ?, Boston
Sch M Boyd, Fripp Boston
Sch Arcola, Pitt, Boston
Sch ? , ? Boston
Sch Wm Rahr? ? , ? Boston
Sch Drey Kimball Provincetown
Sch John & Harris Weeks, Boothbay
Sch Francis A. Baker Pendleton, ?
Sch Jonas Smith, Weeks, Portsmouth
Sch Centurion, Blodgett Boston
Sch Amelia, Wentworth, Stockton
Sch R Leach, Pendleton, New York
Sch Patriot, Higgins, Rockland
Sch ?, Webster Castine
Sch ?, Bask ? New York

CLEARED.

Brig Wm H Parks, Fox, Philadelphia
Schooner Lizzie Richmond, Kelley, Portland
Sch George & Albert, Bryant, New York
Sch Medford, Jordan Boston
Sch Acorn, ?, ? Island Inlet
Sch Kossuth, Warren, Boston
Sch Alma Odlin, Eaton, Ellsworth
Sch Charles Allston ? Provincetown
Sch ? ? ? , New York
Sch Jacob & William, ? Boston

CHOLERA MORBUS

Accompanied with excessive vomiting, terrible cramps and pains, great debility, contraction, coldness of the extremities and suspended or almost imperceptible pulse instantly relieved by the use of SANFORD'S JAMAICA GINGER.

CHRONIC DIARRHŒA

Of many years' standing, has been permanently cured by it after every possible remedy had been tried in vain. Not only does it surely cure this disease, but it prevents its fastening itself upon the system, in climates where change of food and water has invariably produced it.

DYSENTERY

Of the severest type has been promptly cured. The directions for the use of this preparation in this disease are those of Dr. Edwards, of the Calcutta and Bombay hospitals, and have rarely resulted in a cure.

CRAMPS AND PAINS

Whether produced by indigestion, improper food, change of water or diet, too free indulgence in ice water, sudden changes of temperature, are immediately relieved by it.

CHOLERA INFANTUM.

This most dangerous and fatal ailment of childhood is promptly relieved in the great majority of cases by this remedy, when administered according to directions. When the first symptoms appear, its immediate use invariably prevents a serious attack.

DIARRHŒA IN TEETHING.

To check the bowels, allay pain, and quiet the child in the trying period of teething, this is the best and safest remedy that can be used.

SANFORD'S
JAMAICA
GINGER,

Is the most agreeable, effectual and safe of all the ? of the ? ? compounded by any person or process. Full and explicit directions are given in a 24-page book accompanying each bottle. Be sure you obtain the genuine, having the fac-simile signature of E. H. Sanford upon the wrapper of each bottle.

For sale by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicine. WEEKS & POTTER 176 Washington St., Boston General Agents.

For sale wholesale and retail by

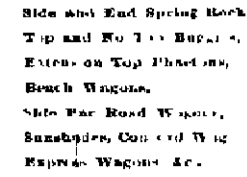
W. F. ALDEN & CO.,

General Agents for Bangor and Vicinity.
jyl2 1ywly

WHITON
CARRIAGES.

We are now offering the ? ? ? ? ?

BUSINESS
— AND —
PLEASURE CARRIAGES,



English Phaetons,
Side and End Spring Rockaways
Top and No Top Buggies, ?
Extension Top Phaetons,
Beach Wagons,
Side Bar Road Wagons,
Sunshades, Concord Wagons,
Express Wagons, &c.

All work warranted ? ? ? ?

SECOND HAND CARRIAGES.

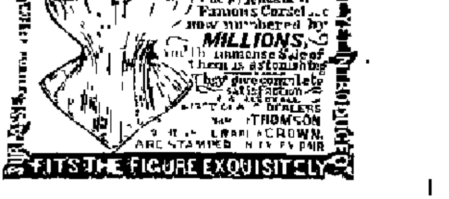
We are constantly taking in exchange, and work in part payment for new, and consequently have always on hand a great variety of SECOND-HAND CARRIAGES, comprising anything and everything, from an old degenerated calamity, worth ten dollars, to a nice Top Buggy, worth one hundred dollars, and upwards, also

CARRIAGES Repaired, Painted and Re Trimmed.

at reasonable prices and ? ? ? ?

Orders Respectfully Solicited

W. F. Whiton & Co.,
PROPRIETORS,
Harlow St. Carriage Manufactory and Repository,
Harlow Street, Bangor.
may.a MWF tf



THOMSON'S PATENT
GLOVE FITTING
CORSETS.
The ? of Famous Corsets now numbered by MILLIONS,
the immense sale of them is astonishing
They give complete satisfaction
? DEALERS
name THOMSON
and CROWN
ARE STAMPED ON EVERY PAIR
FITS THE FIGURE EXQUISITELY

Foundry and Machine Shop,
POULTNEY, VERMONT.
Established in 1828
RUGGLES & CO, Proprietors
MACHINERY & HEAVY CASTINGS.
SLATE MACHINERY A SPECIALTY.
ORDERS SOLICITED.
sep181 3tawd&wtf 31

CUSTOM MADE
Boots & Shoes
I am making GENTS' FINE CALF BOOTS
I am making GENTS' FINE CALF SHOES
The best goods in the State, made to measure and on hand; all the nobby styles a PERFECT FIT WARRANTED in all cases.
THE FARMER'S SHOE,
Soft, wide and easy,—the very best Shoe in the market for FARMERS AND MECHANICS
Shoes made to order for persons having bad joints and deformed feet
If you wish to see the very best work that is made in the New England States, call at
THOS. HERSEY'S,
CORNER MAIN AND MIDDLE STREETS.
June18 2tawd&wtf

Butter Tubs!
400 BUTTER TUBS
For sale low
GEO. B. ROBINSON,
North End Kenduskeag Market, Bangor.
June19 2tdw

CATALOGUES
The ? and ? , neatly printed, at
WHIG & COURIER OFFICE

JOHN PAUL TO THE COMET.

Eccentric orb, that madly from thy sphere,
Planet without a plan, that travel on thine ear
Through a wide expanse of space?
Out on a bender
Known to be nebulous, indefinite, fluctuating
Of volume vast but thin; wide-circulating!
Thou holy, high, translated Legal Tender.
Approach, come nigher, obliging, acquiesce,
For lo, the waiting swell-mob of the Press
Would fain go through thee,
And I, a youth, bold, honest, simple, gushing,
Of poor but honest parents born—not flush though
born in Flushing—
Am here to interview thee.

Tell us thy lineage as I've told thee mine—
We have the [illegible] already of thy aqueous line
Thy sire,
Loggia,
Thou canst not read this rhyme without a [illegible]
But tell us of thy dam,
A most transparent, permeable sham,
In all tradition linked with woe and slaughter,
Thou might'st be a son, a scion, a sliver,
An offspring of the bad days of Mill River.
But no,
Not so
Yet tell us, Comet, apropos
Of water [illegible] thou [illegible] considered cross and crabbed—
Ere thou [illegible] at nearer, tell us, art thou rap'd
Has Sirius bit thee?
Sure 'tis enough to puzzle one,
They let that star ramp round with a muzzle on!

But whether mad or not
Don't dare to wag thy tail or thou'll be shot!
For our sweet "stars"—cops, posters, worthy Celts,
Moon round with rusty pistols in their belts,
And, thinking the more dogs they kill the merrier,
They might declare that thou'rt a Sirius sky terrier,
And blaze away and hit thee.
If so, take then a crack,
And just blaze fiercely back
Until thou melt the lying, mangy pack
Confound 'em—
Like tallow candles down their shoes
Or if thou burn'st with more [illegible] views
Expound 'em!
This "mad-dog" cry—
I hate the back word,
But turn it round and spell it backward,
And it describes the lie.

If naught's the matter
With thy medulla oblongata,
Tell us how goes the mart up there
What are the movements now of bull and bear?
Is [illegible] same Daniel Drew
The milky way where all the small stars meet,
Is it there, O Comet, that thou call'st the street?
A [illegible] with his pot,
Who waters, waters, with one ceaseless drip,
And only rests at times to dry his scrip
[illegible] name Sage [illegible] not?
A [illegible] earnings of your railroads ever pooled?
The little fishes, are they ever fooled?
And the Great Bear is his name Jay Gould?
Thou canst not tell? yes, yes, one ought to know
[illegible] up in heaven [illegible] Board meets down below

What papers have they there above the moon?
In [illegible] to see a glo[illegible] Tribune
[illegible] a radiance [illegible] pure and sweet—
[illegible] but the Triple sheet

That tail, O Comet, gives another text
[illegible] ends it here, complete [illegible]
[illegible] to be [illegible] in the next
[illegible] like Braddon's, Wilkie Collins,
And [illegible] "History" of Rollins"
[illegible] when [illegible] I'd beaten [illegible] last [illegible]
A [illegible] me with another volume

Is it thy intent to pass [illegible] with [illegible] spiteful threat
[illegible] "bon [illegible]" [illegible] out [illegible] crust?
[illegible] on this planet's brow
[illegible] turn [illegible] to have a raw?
If [illegible] thy game [illegible] why [illegible] it
[illegible] full of [illegible] and you can't come it,
[illegible] same?
But [illegible] your tail away [illegible] and I [illegible] to twist me.
[illegible] thing in life that ever miss-
ed us?"

— N. Y. Tribune

It is a Crime

[illegible] still further the vitality of an already feeble invalid with sharp evacuants and other [illegible] medicines. No case of dyspepsia, liver complaint [illegible] nervous weakness or [illegible] fever was ever cured in that way. What [illegible] is a remedy in which [illegible] a stimulant, a mild [illegible] a sedative and a blood depurent are combined and Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is the only preparation before the world in which these essential [illegible] are united in the proportions necessary to overcome disease without prostrating the patient. This agreeable and potent vegetable [illegible] the [illegible] of the world's restorative [illegible] the [illegible] of the body [illegible] regularity, enriches the degenerated [illegible] and clears the clouded brain. [illegible]

C. P. KIMBALL,

Carriage Manufacturer

PORTLAND, MAINE

I am now prepared to offer the

LARGEST AND BEST ASSORTMENT

OF

CARRIAGES

Ever Exhibited in Maine,

AT

Extremely Low Rates.

[illegible] STANDARD CARRIAGE, I have added [illegible] and improved facilities to my factory and shall continue to improve the quality of my carriages in every possible way [illegible] for BEAUTY and DURABILITY at low prices.

In addition to my very large Stock I shall continue to make the Kimball Phaeton a specialty. [illegible] whether you want to purchase [illegible]

All carriages bearing my name are thoroughly warranted.

mar5 [illegible] C. P. KIMBALL

This is to certify that I, Leonard R. Hall of [illegible] George W. Hall [illegible] this date [illegible] I shall pay no debts of his contracting [illegible] claim any of his wages [illegible]
L. R. HALL.
Witness [illegible]
Charleston, June 30th, 1874.

Dissolution of Copartnership

The copartnership heretofore existing under name and style of F. S. & F. H. Prescott, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Either party can sign [illegible] at store of [illegible] & Prescott.

FRANK S. PRESCOTT,
FRED H. PRESCOTT.

Bangor, Apr. [illegible] 1874. apr25

To the Honorable Judge of Probate for the County of Penobscot.

[illegible] administrator of the estate of Charles [illegible] deceased [illegible] the goods and chattels rights [illegible] charges of administration by the sum of [illegible]

A. M. WHITCOMB.

STATE OF MAINE.

[illegible] Court of Probate, June Term, A. D. [illegible]

[illegible] ORDERED That said [illegible] in the Bangor Daily Whig [illegible] Bangor [illegible] at a Court of Probate [illegible] Tuesday in July next at ten of the [illegible] why the [illegible]

JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge.

A true copy—Attest: [illegible] First Register.

[illegible] Register.

District Court of the United States, District of Maine.

In the matter of JOHN Z. SWANTON, Bankrupt.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

This is to give notice that a petition has been presented to the Court, this 26th day of May, by John Z. Swanton of Houlton, a Bankrupt, individually and as a member of the firm of Swanton & Lovejoy, praying that he may be decreed to have a full discharge from all his debts, individual and copartnership, provable under the Bankrupt Act, and upon reading said petition, this third day of June, 1874, It is ORDERED by the Court that a hearing be had upon the same, on the first Monday of September, A. D. 1874, before the Court in Portland, in said District, at 10 o'clock, A. M., and that the third meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupt, be held before Charles Hamlin, Esq., Register, on the eighth day of July, 1874, and that notice thereof be published in the Bangor Daily Whig & Courier, and the Presque Isle Sunrise, newspapers printed in said District, once a week for three successive weeks, and once in the weekly Bangor Courier, the last publication to be thirty days at least before the day of hearing, and that all creditors who have proved their debts and other persons in interest, may appear at said time and place, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

WM. P. PREBLE,
Clerk of District Court for said District.

jn19 3TuSat&w1724

District Court of the United States, District of Maine.

In the matter of DANIEL COVELL, Bankrupt,

IN BANKRUPTCY.

This is to give notice that a petition has been presented to the Court, this 3d day of June, 1874, by Daniel Covell, of Orrington, a bankrupt, individually and as a member of the firm of Daniel Covell & Son, praying that he may be decreed to have a full discharge from all his debts, individual and copartnership, provable under the Bankrupt Act, and upon reading said Petition, It is Ordered by the Court that a hearing be had upon the same, on the first Monday of September, A. D. 1874, before the Court in Portland, in said District, at 10 o'clock A. M., and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupt, be held before Chas. Hamlin, Esq., Register, on the 6th day of July, 1874, and the third meeting of the same on the 8th day of July, 1874, and that notice thereof be published in the Bangor Daily Whig & Courier and the [illegible] Observer, newspapers printed in said District, once a week for three successive weeks, and once in Bangor Weekly Courier, the last publication to be thirty days at least before the day of hearing, and that all creditors who have proved their debts and other persons in interest, may appear at said time and place, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said Petition should not be granted.

WM. P. PREBLE,
Clerk of District Court for said District.

jne9 3TuSat&w1724

State of Maine.

LAND OFFICE,
Bangor, June 2, 1874.

Pursuant to the provisions of "Resolve authorizing the sale of State lands and timber" approved March 4, 1874, the undersigned, Land Agent of Maine, will sell at public auction at the City Hall, in Bangor, on WEDNESDAY, the twenty-third day of September next, at ten o'clock A. M., the following described lands and interests in lands and timber belonging to said State, viz.—

I. The following described lands held by the State in fee and unconditionally, viz.

Township No. 4, R. 5, W. B. K. P., Oxford County, (No. of acres to be determined.)

N. W. corner part of Township No. 5, R. 5, W. B. K. P., Oxford County, containing about 3765 acres.

Tract of land lying north of township No. 1, R. 5, W. B. K. P., and west of township No. 6, Range 2, N. B. K. P., Franklin County, (No. of acres to be determined.)

Tract of land lying north of township No. 4, Range 6, Oxford County. (No. of acres to be determined.)

II. The following lands set apart and held by the State for Permanent School Fund, viz.

Township No. 2, R. 9, W. E. L. S., Piscataquis County, 23,038 acres.

S. ½ Township No. 11, R. 16, W. E. L. S., Aroostook County, 11,521 acres.

W. part Township No. 11, R. 17, W. E. L. S., Aroostook County, 5,901 acres.

Township No. 6, R. 18, W. E. L. S., Somerset County, 23,883 acres.

Township No. 4, R. 5, N. B. K. P., Somerset County, 16,191 acres.

Township No. 4, R. 6, W. B. K. P., Oxford County, (No. of acres to be determined.)

III. The right to take off timber and lumber from the following townships until 1894 as excepted in the grant to the European and North American Railway Company all in the County of Somerset.

Township No. 7,	Range 16,	W. E. L. S.,	14,245	acres
" " 8,	" 16,	"	24,118	"
" " 9,	" 16,	"	24,512	"
" " 8,	" 17,	"	22,038	"
" " 4,	" 18,	"	30,828	"
" " 6,	" 18,	"	23,631	"
" " 7,	" 18,	"	24,343	"
" " 5,	" 19,	"	15,074	"
" " 6,	" 19,	"	28,616	"
" " [illegible]	" 19,	"	24,195	"

All the foregoing townships are subject to the usual reservations of lots for public uses.

IV. Also the right to take off timber and grass from the public lots reserved in the following described townships and parts of townships, the right to continue until the townships are organized into plantations or incorporated into towns.

AROOSTOOK COUNTY.

E. ½ township No. 9, R. 3, W. E. L. S., 500 acres.
E. ½ township No. 10, R. 3, W. E. L. S., 500 acres.
Township No. 8, R. 4, W. E. L. S., 1,000 acres.
Township No. 3, R. 5, W. E. L. S., 1,000 acres.
N. ½ township No. 16, R. 5, W. E. L. S., 500 acres.
Township No. 13, R. 7, W. E. L. S., 1,000 acres.
Township No. 14, R. 9, W. E. L. S., 1,000 acres.
Township No. 17, R. 10, W. E. L. S., 1,000 acres.
Township No. [illegible], R. 11, W. E. L. S., 1,000 acres.
Township No. 17, R. 13, W. E. L. S., 1,000 acres.
S. E. ¼ township No. 18, R. 13, W. E. L. S., 250 acres.
Township No. 15, R. 13, W. E. L. S., 1,000 acres.
Township No. 16, R. 13, W. E. L. S., 1,000 acres.
Undivided ½ T. No. 18, R. 13, W. E. L. S., 500 acres.
W. ½ township No. 12, R. 14, W. E. L. S., 500 acres.
Township No. 13, R. 14, W. E. L. S., 1,000 acres.
Township No. 15, R. 14, W. E. L. S., 1,000 acres.
Township No. 16, R. 14, W. E. L. S., 1,000 acres.
Township No. 14, R. 15, W. E. L. S., 1,000 acres.
N. ½ Township No. 11, R. 16, W. E. L. S., 500 acres.
S. ½ Township No. 11, R. 16, W. E. L. S., 500 acres.
E. part Township No. 11, R. 17, W. E. L. S., 770 acres.
W. part Township No. 11, R. 17, W. E. L. S., 230 acres.

PENOBSCOT COUNTY.

Township No. 4, R. 7, W. E. L. S., 1,000 acres.
E. ¾ & S. W. ¼ T. No. 5, R. 7, W. E. L. S., 750 acres.
Township A, R. 8 & 9, W. E. L. S., 750 acres.
S. ½ Township No. [illegible], R. 8, W. E. L. S., 500 acres.

PISCATAQUIS COUNTY.

Township No. 3, R. 9, W. E. L. S., 1,000 acres.
Township No. 4, R. 11, W. E. L. S., 960 acres.
Township B, R. 10, W. E. L. S., 750 acres.
Township No. [illegible], R. 11, W. E. L. S., 1,000 acres.
Township No. 6, R. 13, W. E. L. S., 1,000 acres.
W. ½ Township No. 7, R. 13, W. E. L. S., 500 acres.
Township No. 8, R. 15, W. E. L. S., 1,000 acres.
Township No. 9, R. 15, W. E. L. S., 1,000 acres.
Township No. 10, R. 15, W. E. L. S., 1,000 acres.

SOMERSET COUNTY.

Township No. 2, R. 2, N. B. K. P., 960 acres.
S. W. ¼ Township No. 3, R. 3, N. B. K. P., 250 acres.
Township No. 4, R. 4, N. B. K. P., 60[illegible] acres.
Township No. 5, R. 4, N. B. K. P., 156 acres.
Township No. 3, R. 5, N. B. K. P., 1,000 acres.
Township No. 4, R. 5, N. B. K. P., 702 acres.
Township No. 7, R. 16, W. E. L. S., 1,000 acres.
Township No. 8, R. 16, W. E. L. S., 1,000 acres.
Township No. 9, R. 16, W. E. L. S., 1,000 acres.
Township No. 10, R. 16, W. E. L. S., 1,000 acres.
Township No. 5, R. 17, W. E. L. S., 1,000 acres.
Undivided ½ Township No. 7, R. 17, W. E. L. S., 500 acres.
Township No. 9, R. 17, W. E. L. S., 1,000 acres.
Township No. 4, Range 18, W. E. L. S., 1,000 acres.
Township No. 5, Range 18, W. E. L. S., 1000 acres.
Township No. 6, Range 18, W. E. L. S., 1000 acres.
Township No. 7, Range 18, W. E. L. S., 1000 acres.
Township No. 8, Range 18, W. E. L. S., 1000 acres.
Township No. 3, Range 18, W. E. L. S., 692 acres.
Township No. 5, Range 19, W. E. L. S., 757 acres.
Township No. [illegible], Range 19, W. E. L. S., 1000 acres.
Township No. [illegible], Range 19, W. E. L. S., 1000 acres.
Undivided ½ Township No. 8, R. 19, W. E. L. S., 500 acres.

FRANKLIN COUNTY.

S. ½ Township No. [illegible] R. 4, W. B. K. P., 500 acres.
Tract of land lying north of Township No. 1, Range 5, W. B. K. P., and west of Township No. 6, Range 2, N. B. K. P., (number of acres reserved to be determined.)

OXFORD COUNTY.

Township No. 4, R. 5, W. B. K. P. (No. of acres to be determined.)
N. W. corner part of Township No. 5, R. 5, W. B. K. P., 164 acres.
Township No. 4, R. 6, W. B. K. P., (No. of acres to be determined.)

V. Also the following described lots reserved by the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in grants made by it "for the future disposition of the Legislature," and since transferred to this State, the lots to be sold being those so reserved in the following towns and townships, viz.

Bucksport, Hancock County, 300 acres.
Gore adjoining Ellsworth, Hancock County, 320 acres.
Part of lot No. 35 in Penobscot, Hancock County, [illegible] acres.
Charleston, Penobscot County, 60 acres.
E. ½ Township No. 3, R. 6, N. W. P., Penobscot County, 160 acres.
Williamsburg, Piscataquis County, 320 acres.
Township No. 8, R. 8, N. W. P., Piscataquis County, [illegible] acres.
Kingfield, Franklin County, 320 acres.
Township No. 4, Range 1, W. K. R., Franklin County, 20 acres.
Township No. 3, Range 3, W. K. R., Franklin County, [illegible] acres.
Township C, W. B. K. P., Oxford County, 320 acres.
Township A, No. 1, Oxford County, 320 acres.
Township No. [illegible], Oxford County, 320 acres.
Kingsbury, Piscataquis County, 320 acres.
Mayfield, Somerset County, 320 acres.
Ripley, Somerset County, 320 acres.
Township called "Seboomook," Somerset County, 320 acres.
Township No. 1, Range 2, W. K. R., Somerset County, [illegible] acres.
Township No. 1, R. 3, W. K. R., Somerset county, 320 acres.
Township No. 2, Range 7, W. K. R., Somerset County, 320 acres.
Township No. 3, Range 7, W. K. R., Somerset County, 320 acres.

The right is reserved to withdraw any of the lots from the sale in case there shall be found any doubt of the right to sell.

Bids to be made for specific prices per acre in all cases.

Payment to be made as follows, viz: For all sales of timber and grass on lots reserved for public uses, being those of Class IV, terms cash. For all other sales, one third cash, and the balance in one and two years, respectively, with interest.

No timber to be cut until permit is granted specifying the price and time of payment, as provided in said Resolve.

PARKER P. BURLEIGH,
Land Agent.

jne5 [illegible]

APPLETON'S AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA

New Revised Edition.

Entirely rewritten by the ablest writers on every subject. Printed from new type, and illustrated with Several Thousand Engravings and Maps.

The work originally published under the title of THE NEW AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA was completed in 1863, since which time the wide circulation which it has attained in all parts of the United States, and the signal developments which have taken place in every branch of science, literature, and art, have induced the editors and publishers to submit it to an exact and thorough revision, and to issue a new edition entitled THE AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA.

Within the last ten years the progress of discovery in every department of knowledge has made a new work of reference an imperative want.

The movement of political affairs has kept pace with the discoveries of science, and their fruitful application to the industrial and useful arts and the convenience and refinement of social life. Great wars and consequent revolutions have occurred, involving national changes of peculiar moment. The civil war of our own country, which was at its height when the last volume of the old work appeared, has happily been ended, and a new course of commercial and industrial activity has been commenced.

Large accessions to our geographical knowledge have been made by the indefatigable explorers of Africa.

The great political revolutions of the last decade, with the natural result of the lapse of time, have brought into public view a multitude of new men, whose names are in every one's mouth, and of whose lives every one is curious to know the particulars. Great battles have been fought and important sieges maintained, of which the details are as yet preserved only in the newspapers or in transient publications of the day, but which ought now to take their place in permanent and authentic history.

In preparing the present edition for the press, it has accordingly been the aim of the editors to bring down the information to the latest possible dates, and to furnish an accurate account of the most recent discoveries in science, of every fresh production in literature, and of the newest inventions in the practical arts, as well as to give a succinct and original record of the progress of political and historical events.

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None of the original stereotype plates have been used, but every page has been printed on new type, forming in fact a new Cyclopædia, with the same plan and compass as its predecessor, but with a far greater pecuniary expenditure, and with such improvements in its composition as have been suggested by longer experience and enlarged knowledge.

The illustrations which are introduced for the first time in the present edition, have been added not for the sake of pictorial effect, but to give greater lucidity and force to the explanations in the text. They embrace all branches of science and of natural history, and depict the most famous and remarkable features of scenery, architecture and art, as well as the various processes of mechanics and manufactures. Although intended for instruction rather than embellishment, no pains have been spared to insure their artistic excellence; the cost of their execution is enormous, and it is believed they will find a welcome reception as an admirable feature of the Cyclopædia, and worthy of its high character.

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That a prophet is not without honor save in his own country is not true in the present case, as will be seen by the following:

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ASSEMBLY CHAMBER,
Albany, March 14th, 1874.

To Doctors Carpenter, Becker, Buckley, Brewer, Stacy, Lordon and Holden.

Gentlemen—Nothing would please me more than to accept your invitation, but I am just now so positively engaged that I cannot at present spend more time in Albany. If you will specify an evening a week or two hence, I shall and will very gladly reciprocate your politeness and do my best to entertain you upon the very interesting and exceedingly important subjects which you mention.

Very respectfully and truly yours,

T. S. LAMBERT, M. D.

Albany, March 16th, 1874.

In accordance with the foregoing correspondence, and also upon the invitation of the Insurance Committee of the Assembly of the Legislature of New York State, the Lecture, therein referred to, will be given on Wednesday evening, April 1st, in the Assembly Chamber.

(From the Albany Argus.)

DR. LAMBERT UPON "BIOMETRY."

The crowded state of our columns in yesterday's issue compelled us to defer a [illegible] of Dr. Lambert's address before the committee of the Legislature, on Wednesday evening. The house was crowded by an attentive audience, including members of the medical fraternity, the bar, and the clergy, and other professional men. The scope of the lecture was to present in some of its leading principles and features, the subject of "Biometry," or the laws of hereditary descent, and the signs and indications of longevity, as a science, positive, practicable, and of very great value in its application in all the varied relations of life. He gave practical illustrations referring to strangers in the audience, of the signs and indications of longevity—and stated very clearly and succinctly the laws and principles upon which the science rests. The practical facts noticed by all, of hereditary tendencies, were shown to have relation to the inherent capabilities of living. These conditions can all be measured, and a judgment upon them by one who has become over ordinarily expert may be relied upon—especially in determining the proper premiums to be charged in insuring lives. Referring to the "experience" tables in use by the Insurance Companies, their disagreement with each other and their inconsistencies as assumed data were pointed out. It was urged that the only safe and just basis was found in following the teachings of Biometry, and rating each risk upon its own characteristics. The safety, as well as the equity, of this was shown in the fact, as an illustration, that in the company with which he is connected (the American Popular), which originated the plan, the death losses have been for the last year only between three and four per thousand persons, while some companies have lost as high as twenty-four, and many over ten per thousand—the varying rates of loss being in themselves proof of the unreliability of the tables, and of the general average system of insuring all lives of the same age at the same rate. Life insurance, he said, is simply protection of the family in case of the death of its head, and its simple and common sense method is found in the payment, year by year, of the natural premium representing the mortality belonging properly to that year,—the "Term Life Increasing Premium,"—at low cost, without surplus, without "dividends," without speculation, without deception.

Dr. Lambert was appropriately introduced by Dr. Carpenter, of the Assembly, and was listened to throughout his long address with marked attention.

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LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES,

Passed at the First Session of the Forty-third Congress.

[GENERAL NATURE—No. 16.]

AN ACT to amend the act entitled "An act to encourage the growth of timber on western prairies."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the act entitled "An act to encourage the growth of timber on western prairies," approved March third, eighteen hundred and seventy three, be, and the same is hereby, amended so as to read as follows: That any person who is the head of a family or who has arrived at the age of twenty one years, and is a citizen of the United States, or who shall have filed his declaration of intention to become such, as required by the naturalization laws of the United States, who shall plant, protect, and keep in a healthy, growing condition for eight years, forty acres of timber, the trees thereon not being more than twelve feet apart each way, on any quarter-section of any of the public lands of the United States, or twenty acres on any legal subdivision of eighty acres, or ten acres on any legal subdivision of forty acres, or one fourth part of any fractional subdivision of land less than forty acres, shall be entitled to a patent for the whole of said quarter section, or of such legal subdivision of eighty or forty acres, or fractional subdivision of less than forty acres, as the case may be, at the expiration of said eight years, on making proof of such fact by not less than two credible witnesses: Provided, That not more than one quarter of any section shall be thus granted, and that no person shall make more than one entry under the provisions of this act, unless fractional subdivisions of less than forty acres are entered which, in the aggregate, shall not exceed one quarter-section.

SEC. 2. That the person applying for the benefit of this act shall, upon application to the register of the land district in which he or she is about to make such entry, make affidavit before the register, or the receiver, or some officer authorized to administer oaths in the district where the land is situated, who is required by law to use an official seal, that said entry is made for the cultivation of timber, and upon filing said affidavit with said register and said receiver, and on payment of ten dollars, he or she shall thereupon be permitted to enter the quantity of land specified, and the party making an entry of a quarter-section under the provisions of this act shall be required to break ten acres of the land covered thereby the first year, ten acres the second year, and twenty acres the third year after date of entry, and to plant ten acres of timber the second year, ten acres the third year, and twenty acres the fourth year after date of entry. A party making an entry of eighty acres shall break and plant at the times hereinbefore prescribed, one-half of the quantity required of a party who enters a quarter-section, and a party entering forty acres shall break and plant, at the times hereinbefore prescribed, one quarter of the quantity required of a party who enters a quarter-section, or a proportionate quantity for any smaller fractional subdivision: Provided, however, That no final certificate shall be given or patent issued for the land so entered until the expiration of eight years from the date of such entry, and if at the expiration of such time, or at any time within five years thereafter, the person making such entry, or if he or she be dead, his or her heirs or legal representatives shall prove, by two credible witnesses, that he, or she, or they have planted, and, for not less than eight years, have cultivated and protected such quantity and character of timber as aforesaid, they shall receive a patent for such quarter-section or legal subdivision of eighty or forty acres of land, or for any fractional quantity of less than forty acres, as herein provided. And in case of the death of a person who has complied with the provisions of this act for the period of three years, his heirs or legal representatives shall have the option to comply with the provisions of this act, and receive, at the expiration of eight years, a patent for one hundred and sixty acres, or receive without delay a patent for forty acres, relinquishing all claim to the remainder.

SEC. 3. That if at any time after the filing of said affidavit, and prior to the issuing of the patent for said land, the claimant shall abandon the land, or fail to do the breaking and planting required by this act, or any part thereof, or shall fail to cultivate, protect, and keep in good condition such timber, then, and in that event, such land shall be subject to entry under the homestead laws, or by some other person under the provisions of this act: Provided, That the party making claim to said land, either as a homestead settler or under this act, shall give at the time of filing his application, such notice to the original claimant as shall be prescribed by the rules established by the Commissioner of the General Land Office, and the rights of the parties shall be determined as in other contested cases.

SEC. 4. That each and every person who, under the provisions of the act entitled "An act to secure homesteads to actual settlers on the public domain," approved May twentieth, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, or any amendment thereto, having a homestead on said public domain, who, at any time after the end of the third year of his or her residence thereon, shall, in addition to the settlement and improvements now required by law, have had under cultivation, for two years, one acre of timber, the trees thereon not being more than twelve feet apart each way, and in a good thrifty condition, for each and every sixteen acres of said homestead, shall, upon due proof of such fact, by two credible witnesses receive his or her patent for said homestead.

SEC. 5. That no land acquired under the provisions of this act shall in any event become liable to the satisfaction of any debt or debts contracted prior to the issuing of certificate therefor.

SEC. 6. That the Commissioner of the General Land Office is hereby required to prepare and issue such rules and regulations, consistent with this act, as shall be necessary and proper to carry its provisions into effect, and that the registers and the receivers of the several land-offices shall each be entitled to receive two dollars at the time of entry, and the same sum when the claim is finally established and the final certificate issued.

SEC. 7. That the fifth section of the act entitled "An act in addition to an act to punish crimes against the United States, and for other purposes," approved March third, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven, shall extend to all oaths, affirmations, and affidavits required or authorized by this act.

SEC. 8. That parties who have already made entries under the act approved March third, eighteen hundred and seventy-three, of which this is amendatory, shall be permitted to complete the same upon full compliance with the provisions of this act.

Approved, March 13, 1874.

CONVENTION between the United States and Belgium. Extradition. Concluded March 19, 1874. Ratification advised by Senate March 27, 1874. Ratified by President March 31, 1874. Ratified by King of the Belgians April 30, 1874. Ratifications exchanged at Brussels April 30, 1874. Proclaimed May 1, 1874.

By the President of the United States of America.

A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas a convention between the United States of America and His Majesty the King of the Belgians was concluded and signed by their respective Plenipotentiaries at Washington on the 19th day of March last, which convention, being in the English and French languages, is word for word as follows:

The United States of America and His Majesty the King of the Belgians, having judged it expedient with a view to the better administration of justice, and to the prevention of crimes within their respective territories and jurisdiction, that persons convicted of or charged with the crimes hereinafter specified, and being fugitives from justice, should, under certain circumstances, be reciprocally delivered up, have resolved to conclude a convention for that purpose, and have appointed as their Plenipotentiaries: the President of the United States of America, Hamilton Fish, Secretary of State of the United States; and His Majesty the King of the Belgians, Maurice Delfosse, His Majesty's Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary in the United States: who, after reciprocal communication of their full powers, found in good and due form, have agreed upon the following articles, to wit:

ARTICLE I.

The Government of the United States and the Government of Belgium mutually agree to deliver up persons who, having been convicted of or charged with any of the crimes specified in the following article, committed within the jurisdiction of one of the contracting parties, shall seek an asylum, or be found within the territories of the other: Provided that this shall only be done upon such evidence of criminality as, according to the laws of the place where the fugitive or person so charged shall be found, would justify his or her apprehension and commitment for trial if the crime had been there committed.

ARTICLE II.

Persons shall be delivered up who shall have been convicted of or be charged, according to the provisions of this convention, with any of the following crimes:

1. Murder, comprehending the crimes designated in the Belgian penal code by the terms of parricide, assassination, poisoning, and infanticide.

2. The attempt to commit murder.

3. The crimes of rape, arson, piracy, and mutiny on board a ship whenever the crew, or part thereof, by fraud or violence against the commander, have taken possession of the vessel.

4. The crime of burglary, defined to be the act of breaking and entering by night into the house of another with the intent to commit felony; and the crime of robbery, defined to be the act of feloniously and forcibly taking from the person of another goods or money by violence or putting him in fear, and the corresponding crimes punished by the Belgian laws under the description of thefts committed in an inhabited house by night, and by breaking in by climbing or forcibly; and thefts committed with violence or by means of threats.

5. The crime of forgery, by which is understood the utterance of forged papers, and also the counterfeiting of public, sovereign, or government acts.

6. The fabrication or circulation of counterfeit money, either coin or paper, or of counterfeit public bonds, bank notes, obligations, or, in general, anything being a title or instrument of credit, the counterfeiting of seals, dies, stamps, and marks of state and public administrations, and the utterance thereof.

7. The embezzlement of public moneys committed within the jurisdiction of either party by public officers or depositaries.

8. Embezzlement by any person or persons, hired or salaried, to the detriment of their employers, when the crime is subject to punishment by the laws of the place where it was committed.

ARTICLE III.

The provisions of this treaty shall not apply to any crime or offence of a political character, nor to any crime or offence committed prior to the date of this treaty, except the crimes of murder and arson; and the person or persons delivered up for the crimes enumerated in the preceding article shall in no case be tried for any crime committed previously to that for which his or their surrender is asked.

ARTICLE IV.

Neither of the contracting parties shall be bound to deliver up its own citizens or subjects under the stipulations of this convention.

ARTICLE V.

If the person whose surrender may be claimed pursuant to the stipulations of the present treaty shall have been arrested for the commission of offences in the country where he has sought an asylum, or shall have been convicted thereof, his extradition may be deferred until he shall have been acquitted, or have served the term of imprisonment to which he may have been sentenced.

ARTICLE VI.

Requisitions for the surrender of fugitives from justice shall be made by the respective diplomatic agents of the contracting parties, or, in the event of the absence of these from the country or its seat of government, they may be made by superior consular officers.

If the person whose extradition may be asked for shall have been convicted of a crime, a copy of the sentence of the court in which he may have been convicted, authenticated under its seal, and an attestation of the official character of the judge by the proper executive authority, and of the latter by the minister or consul of the United States or of Belgium, respectively, shall accompany the requisition. When, however, the fugitive shall have been merely charged with crime, a duly authenticated copy of the warrant for his arrest in the country where the crime may have been committed, and of the depositions upon which such warrant may have been issued, must accompany the requisition as aforesaid. The President of the United States, or the proper executive authority in Belgium, may then issue a warrant for the apprehension of the fugitive, in order that he may be brought before the proper judicial authority for examination. If it should then be decided that, according to the law and the evidence, the extradition is due pursuant to the treaty, the fugitive may be given up according to the forms prescribed in such cases.

ARTICLE VII.

The expenses of the arrest, detention, and transportation of the persons claimed shall be paid by the government in whose name the requisition has been made.

ARTICLE VIII.

This convention shall take effect twenty days after the day of the date of the exchange of ratifications, and shall continue in force during five years from the day of such exchange; but if neither party shall have given to the other six months' previous notice of its intention to terminate the same, the convention shall remain in force five years longer, and so on.

The present convention shall be ratified, and the ratifications exchanged, at Brussels as soon thereafter as possible.

In witness whereof the respective plenipotentiaries have signed the present convention in duplicate, and have thereunto affixed their seals.

Done at the city of Washington, the 19th day of March, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

[SEAL.] HAMILTON FISH.
[SEAL.] MAURICE DELFOSSE.

And whereas the said convention has been duly ratified on both parts, and the respective ratifications of the same were exchanged at Brussels on the 30th day of April, 1874, by the Plenipotentiaries of the respective Governments.

Now, therefore, be it known that I, ULYSSES S. GRANT, President of the United States of America, have caused the said convention to be made public, to the end that the same, and every clause and part thereof, may be observed and fulfilled with good faith by the United States and the citizens thereof.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the city of Washington this first day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, and of the Independence of the United States of America the ninety-eighth.

[SEAL.] U. S. GRANT.
By the President:
HAMILTON FISH,
Secretary of State.

[GENERAL NATURE—No. 22.]

AN ACT making appropriations for the naval service for the year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and seventy five, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and they are hereby, appropriated, to be paid out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the naval service of the Government for the year ending June thirtieth eighteen hundred and seventy-five, and for other purposes:

For pay of commissioned and warrant officers at sea, on shore, on special service, and of those on the retired list and unemployed, and for mileage and transportation of officers traveling under orders, and for pay of the petty officers, seamen, ordinary seamen, landsmen, and boys, including men of the engineers' force, and for the Coast Survey service, eight thousand five hundred men, six million two hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

For contingent expenses of the Navy Department, one hundred thousand dollars.

For civil establishment at the different navy-yards, as follows: At Kittery, Maine, eighteen thousand seven hundred and fifty-nine dollars; at Charlestown, Massachusetts, twenty-three thousand and ninety-three dollars and forty cents; at Brooklyn, New York, twenty-three thousand seven hundred and eighty-five dollars and forty cents; at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, twenty one thousand two hundred and ninety-three dollars and forty cents; at Norfolk, Virginia, eighteen thousand five hundred and thirty eight dollars and twenty cents; at Pensacola, Florida, eight thousand one hundred and forty-five dollars; at Washington, District of Columbia, nineteen thousand one hundred and twenty-three dollars and twenty cents; at Mare Island, California, twenty thousand three hundred and seventeen dollars and twenty cents; and at League Island naval station, Pennsylvania, four thousand six hundred and eighty dollars, making in all, the sum of one hundred and fifty-seven thousand seven hundred and thirty-eight dollars and eighty cents.

For civil establishment at the several naval hospitals and naval laboratory, thirty-nine thousand, one hundred and sixty-one dollars.

BUREAU OF NAVIGATION.

For foreign and local pilotage and towage of ships of war, fifty thousand dollars.

For services and materials in correcting compasses on board ship, and for adjusting and testing compasses on shore, three thousand dollars.

For nautical and astronomical instruments, nautical books, maps, charts, and sailing-directions, and repairs of nautical instruments for ships of war, ten thousand dollars.

For books for libraries for ships of war, three thousand dollars.

For navy-signals and apparatus, namely, signal-lights, lanterns, and rockets, including running-lights, drawings, and engravings for signal-books, six thousand dollars.

For compass-fittings, including binnacles, tripods, and other appendages of ships' compasses, to be made in the navy yards, five thousand dollars.

For logs and other appliances for measuring the ship's way, leads and other appliances for sounding, [illegible] dollars.

For lanterns and lamps, and their appendages, for general use on board ship, including those for the cabin, ward-room, and steerage, for the holds and spirit-room, for decks and quartermaster's use, five thousand dollars.

For bunting and other materials for flags, and making and repairing flags of all kinds, five thousand dollars.

For oil for ships of war other than that used for the engineer department, candles when used as a substitute for oil in binnacles, running-lights, for chandlery and [illegible] and soap used in navigation department, twenty thousand dollars.

For stationery for commanders and navigators of vessels of war, two thousand dollars.

For musical instruments, and music for vessels of war, one thousand dollars.

For steering signals and indicators, and for speaking-tubes and gongs, for signal-communication on board vessels of war, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses of the Bureau of Navigation, freight and transportation of navigation-materials; instruments, books, and stores, postage and telegraphing, advertising for proposals; packing-boxes and materials, blank books, forms, and stationery at navigation-offices, five thousand dollars.

For drawing, engraving, and printing, and photo-lithographing charts, electrotyping and correcting old plates, preparing and publishing sailing-directions, and other hydrographic information, twenty thousand dollars, and for making charts, including those of the Pacific coast, thirty thousand dollars.

For fuel, lights, and office-furniture, care of building and other labor; purchase of books for library, drawing-materials, and other stationery; postage, freight, and other contingent expenses, five thousand dollars.

For rent and repairs of building, two thousand eight hundred dollars.

For expenses of Naval Observatory, namely:

For pay of one clerk, one thousand eight hundred dollars.

For three assistants at one thousand five hundred dollars each.

For wages of one instrument-maker, one messenger, three watchmen, and one porter, for keeping grounds in order and repairs to buildings, for fuel, light, and office-furniture, and for stationery, purchase of books for library, chemicals for batteries, postage and freight, and all other contingent expenses, ten thousand dollars.

For transcribing astronomical observations upon sheets for publication, one thousand two hundred dollars.

For one chronometrical thermometer, five hundred and fifty dollars.

For necessary furniture and equipments for the new building for the great telescope, two thousand dollars.

For the last payment for the great refracting-telescope, ten thousand dollars.

For expenses of Nautical Almanac.

For pay of computers and clerks, for compiling and preparing for publication the American Ephemeris and Nautical Almanac, eighteen thousand dollars.

For continuance of work on new plan as discovered by American astronomers, two thousand dollars.

For rent, fuel, labor, stationery, boxes, expresses and miscellaneous items, one thousand five hundred dollars.

BUREAU OF ORDNANCE.

For fuel and materials necessary in carrying on the mechanical branches of the Ordnance Department at the navy-yards and stations, seventy-five thousand dollars.

For labor at all the navy-yards, two hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

For repairs to ordnance-buildings, magazines, gun-parks, machinery, and other accessories of the like character, ten thousand dollars.

For miscellaneous items, freight, express-charges, and purchase of instruments, five thousand dollars.

For the Torpedo Corps.

For the purchase and manufacture of gunpowder, nitroglycerine, and gun-cotton, twelve thousand dollars.

For purchase and manufacture of electrical machines, galvanic batteries, and insulated wire, twenty thousand dollars.

For purchase of copper, iron, wood, and other materials necessary for the manufacture of torpedoes, and for work on the same, twenty-five thousand dollars.

For construction of torpedo-boats, purchase of coffer-work or hulks, and contingent expenses, twenty five thousand dollars.

For repairs to buildings and wharves one thousand dollars.

For labor, including chemist, pyrotechnist, electrician, machinist, and clerical force, fifteen thousand dollars.

For contingent expenses of the ordnance service of the navy, one thousand dollars.

BUREAU OF EQUIPMENT AND RECRUITING.

For equipment of vessels:

For coal for steamers' use, including expenses of transportation; storage, labor, hemp, wire, and other materials for the manufacture of rope, hides, cordage, canvas, leather; iron for manufacture of cables, anchors, and galleys, condensing and boat-detaching apparatus; cables, anchors, furniture, hose, bake-ovens, and cooking-stoves, life-rafts, heating-apparatus for receiving-ships; and for the payment of labor in equipping vessels, and manufacture of articles in the navy-yards pertaining to this bureau, one million sixty five thousand dollars.

For contingent expenses of the Bureau of Equipment and recruiting, namely: For expenses of recruiting, freight and transportation of stores, transportation of enlisted men, mileage to honorably-discharged men; printing, advertising, expenses of auction-sales, telegraphing, stationery, apprehension of deserters, assistance to vessels in distress, and good-conduct badges for enlisted men, seventy-five thousand dollars.

BUREAU OF YARDS AND DOCKS.

For general maintenance of yards and docks namely: For general expenses of the Bureau of Yards and Docks, freight and transportation of materials and stores; printing, stationery, and advertising, including the commandant's office, books, models, maps, and drawings; purchase and repair of fire-engines, machinery, and patent rights to use the same; repairs on steam-engines, and attendance on the same, purchase and maintenance of oxen, and horses, and driving teams, carts, and timber-wheels for use in the navy-yards, and tools and repairs of same, postage and telegrams [illegible] for Government houses and offices in the navy-yards; coal and other fuel, candles, oil, and gas, cleaning and clearing up yards, and care of buildings; attendance on fires; lights, fire-engines and apparatus, incidental labor at navy-yards; water-tax, and for toll and ferriage; pay of the watchmen in the navy-yards, and for flags, awnings, and packing-boxes, and for contingent expenses of yards and docks, (not exceeding forty thousand dollars,) eight hundred thousand dollars.

At the Naval Asylum, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania: For superintendent, six hundred dollars; steward, four hundred and eighty dollars; matron, three hundred and sixty dollars, cook, two hundred and forty dollars, assistant cook, one hundred and sixty-eight dollars; chief laundress, one hundred and ninety-two dollars, three laundresses, at one hundred and sixty-eight dollars each, eight scrubbers and waiters, at one hundred and sixty-eight dollars each, six laborers, at two hundred and forty dollars each, stable-keeper and driver, three hundred and sixty dollars; master-at-arms, four hundred and eighty dollars, corporal, three hundred dollars; barber, three hundred and sixty dollars, carpenter, eight hundred and forty-five dollars, furnaces, grates, and ranges, six hundred dollars; repairs of all kinds, five thousand dollars, and for support of beneficiaries, forty thousand dollars; in all, fifty-three thousand two hundred and seventy-three dollars, which sum shall be paid out of the income from the naval-pension fund.

BUREAU OF MEDICINE AND SURGERY.

For support of the medical department for surgeons' necessaries for vessels in commission, navy-yards, naval stations, Marine Corps, and Coast Survey, thirty thousand dollars.

For necessary repairs of naval laboratory, hospitals, and appendages, including roads, wharves, outhouses, steam-heating apparatus, sidewalks, fences, gardens, and farms, five thousand dollars.

For contingent expenses of the bureau, freight on medical stores, transportation of insane patients to the Government hospital, advertising, telegraphing, purchase of books, expenses attending the naval medical board of examiners, purchase and repair of wagons, harness, purchase and feed of horses, cows, trees, garden-tools and seeds, twenty-five thousand dollars.

BUREAU OF PROVISIONS AND CLOTHING.

For provisions for the officers, seamen, and marines, one million three hundred thousand dollars.

For purchase of water for ships, thirty five thousand dollars.

For contingent expenses: For freight and transportation to foreign and home stations, candles, fuel, tailor alterations and [illegible] inspection buildings, tools and repairing same at eight inspections, special watchmen in eight inspections, books, and blank stationery, telegrams, postage and express charges; tolls, ferriages, and car-tickets, ice, and incidental labor not chargeable to other appropriations, fifty thousand dollars.

BUREAU OF CONSTRUCTION AND REPAIR.

For preservation of vessels on the stocks and in ordinary; purchase of materials and stores of all kinds, labor in navy yards and on foreign stations, preservation of materials, purchase of tools, wear, tear, and repair of vessels afloat, and for general care and protection of the Navy in the line of construction and repair; incidental expenses, namely, advertising and foreign postage, three million three hundred thousand dollars.

For protection of timber lands, five thousand dollars.

BUREAU OF STEAM ENGINEERING.

For repairs and preservation of boilers and machinery on naval vessels; and for tools, repair and preservation of yard machinery and tools, and for labor in navy-yards and stations and before included and for the [illegible] expenses; and for purchase and preservation of oils, coal, iron, and all materials and stores; and for completing and erecting on board vessels [illegible] with boilers, one million eight hundred thousand dollars.

NAVAL ACADEMY.

For pay of professors and others, for one professor of drawing, (head of department,) two thousand five hundred dollars; four professors, namely, one of mathematics (assistant,) one of chemistry, one of English studies, history and law and one of French at two thousand two hundred dollars each; twelve assistant professors, namely, four of French, one of Spanish, three of English studies, history, and law, six of mathematics, one of astronomy, and two of drawing, at one thousand eight hundred dollars each; sword-master, at one thousand five hundred dollars, and two assistants at one thousand dollars each; boxing-master and gymnast, at one thousand two hundred dollars, and assistant librarian at one thousand four hundred dollars; three clerks to superintendent, at one thousand two hundred dollars, one thousand dollars, and eight hundred dollars, respectively; one clerk to commandant of midshipmen, one thousand dollars, one clerk to paymaster, one thousand dollars, one apothecary seven hundred and fifty dollars; one commissary, two hundred and eighty-eight dollars; one cook, three hundred and twenty-five dollars and fifty cents; one messenger to [illegible] department, six hundred dollars, one armorer, five hundred and twenty-nine dollars and fifty cents, one gunner's mate, four hundred and sixty-nine dollars and fifty cents, and one quartermaster [illegible] four hundred and nine dollars and fifty cents; one coxswain, four hundred and sixty-nine dollars and fifty cents; three seamen in the department of seamanship, at three hundred and forty-nine dollars and fifty cents each; one band master, five hundred and twenty-eight dollars; eighteen first-class musicians, at three hundred and forty-eight dollars each, seven second class musicians at three hundred dollars each; two drummers and one fifer, (first-class,) at three hundred and forty-eight dollars each; in all, fifty-eight thousand [illegible] hundred and twenty six dollars.

Pay of watchmen and others: Captain of the watch at two dollars and fifty cents per day, nine hundred and twelve dollars and fifty cents; four watchmen at two dollars and twenty-five cents per day, three thousand two hundred and eighty-five dollars, foreman of the gas and steam-heating works at five dollars per diem, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-five dollars; twelve attendants at gas and steam-heating works at academy, at new quarters for cadet-midshipmen and at school ships, one at [illegible] dollars fifty cents, three at three dollars, and eight at two dollars and fifty cents per day each, seven thousand eight hundred and sixty-two dollars, three joiners, two painters, and two masons, at three dollars and fifty cents per day each, eight thousand nine hundred and forty-two dollars and fifty cents, one tinner, one gas-fitter, and one blacksmith, at three dollars and fifty cents per day each, three thousand eight hundred and thirty-two dollars and fifty cents.

Pay of mechanics and others: One mechanic at work-shop, at two dollars and twenty five cents per diem, eight hundred and twenty-one dollars and twenty-five cents, one master laborer, to keep public grounds in order at two dollars and twenty-eight cents per diem, eight hundred and thirty-two dollars and twenty cents, fourteen laborers to assist in same, three at two dollars per diem each and eleven at one dollar and seventy-five cents per diem each, nine thousand two hundred and sixteen dollars [illegible] one laborer to superintend [illegible] public grounds, and so [illegible] at two dollars and twenty-eight cents per diem, eight hundred and thirty-two dollars and twenty cents, four attendants at recitation rooms library chapel and offices, at twenty dollars per month each, nine hundred and sixty dollars, two [illegible] to keep in order and attend to quarters of cadet midshipmen, public buildings, and so [illegible], at twenty dollars per month each, four thousand eight hundred dollars.

For pay of employés in the department of steam-engineering, for machinists, boiler-makers, and others, eight thousand seven hundred and sixty dollars.

For repairs and improvements of public buildings and for repairing the wall inclosing the grounds of the academy, fourteen thousand dollars.

For contingent expenses, forty six thousand six hundred dollars.

MARINE CORPS.

For pay of officers of the Marine Corps, and for pay of non-commissioned officers, musicians, and others of the corps, three hundred and nineteen thousand seven hundred and sixty dollars: Provided, That the office of commandant of the Marine Corps having the rank of a brigadier-general of the Army shall continue until a vacancy shall occur in the same, and no longer, and when such vacancy shall occur in said office, immediately thereupon all laws and parts of laws creating said office shall become inoperative, and shall by virtue of this act, from thenceforth be repealed: And provided further, That thereafter the commandant of the Marine Corps shall have the rank and pay of a colonel, and shall be appointed by selection by the President from the officers of said corps.

For the civil force of the Marine Corps, ten thousand dollars.

For pay of fifteen hundred privates, and no more, two hundred and seventy thousand dollars.

For provisions one hundred thousand dollars.

For clothing, one hundred thousand dollars.

For fuel, thirty thousand, eight hundred and fifty-two dollars.

For military stores namely: For pay of mechanics, repair of arms, purchase of accoutrements, ordnance-stores, flags, drums, fifes, and other instruments, nine thousand dollars.

For transportation of troops five thousand dollars.

For transportation of officers travelling without troops, one thousand dollars.

For repairs of barracks and rent of offices where there are no public buildings, six thousand dollars.

For forage of horses belonging to field and staff officers, three thousand dollars.

For hire for quarters for officers where there are no public quarters, ten thousand dollars.

For contingencies, namely: Freight, ferriage, toll, cartage, wharfage, purchase and repair of boats, labor, burial of deceased marines, stationery, telegraphing, apprehension of deserters, oil, candles, gas; repairs of gas and water fixtures; water-rent; barrack-furniture, furniture for officers' quarters, bed-sacks, wrapping-paper, oil-cloth, crash, rope, twine, spades, shovels, axes, picks; carpenters' tools, repairs to fire-engines, purchase and repair of engine-hose; purchase of lumber for benches, mess-tables, bunks; repairs to public carryall, purchase and repair of harness, purchase and repair of handcarts and wheel barrows, scavengering, purchase and repair of galleys, cooking-stoves, ranges, stoves where there are no grates, gravel for parade grounds, repair of pumps, furniture [illegible], brooms, buckets, paving, and for other purposes, fifteen thousand dollars.

Approved, June 6, 1874.

[GENERAL NATURE—No. 19.]

AN ACT making appropriations for the construction, preservation, and repair of certain fortifications and other works of defense for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and seventy-five.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the following fortifications and other works of defense, for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and seventy-five, namely:

For Fort Preble, Fort and Harbor, Maine, twenty thousand dollars.

For Fort Scammel, Portland Harbor, Maine, thirty thousand dollars.

For batteries, Portsmouth Harbor, New Hampshire, thirty thousand dollars.

For batteries at Long Island Head, Boston Harbor, Massachusetts, forty thousand dollars.

For Fort Adams, New port Harbor, twenty thousand dollars.

For fort on Dutch Island, west entrance to Narragansett Bay, Rhode Island, twenty thousand dollars.

For Fort Trumbull, New London Harbor, Connecticut, twenty five thousand dollars.

For fort on Willett's Point, East River, New York, thirty thousand dollars.

For Fort Schuyler, East River, New York, twenty five thousand dollars.

For Fort Hamilton and additional batteries, (for completing the same,) New York Harbor, New York, twenty-six thousand dollars.

For fort on the site of Fort Tompkins, Staten Island, New York Harbor, New York, thirty thousand dollars.

For Battery Hudson, New York Harbor, New York, thirty thousand dollars.

For Fort Delaware, Delaware River, Delaware, twenty-five thousand dollars.

For Battery at Finn's Point, Delaware River, New Jersey, thirty thousand dollars.

For New Port, opposite Fort Delaware, Delaware River, thirty thousand dollars.

For Fort Monroe, Hampton Roads, Virginia, thirty thousand dollars.

For Fort Moultrie, Charleston Harbor, South Carolina, twenty thousand dollars.

For Fort Sumter, Charleston Harbor, South Carolina, twenty thousand dollars.

For Fort Pulaski, Savannah River, Georgia, twenty thousand dollars.

For Fort Jackson, Mississippi River, Louisiana, thirty thousand dollars.

For Fort Saint Philip, Mississippi River, Louisiana, thirty thousand dollars.

For Fort Taylor, Key West, Florida, twenty thousand dollars.

For fort at Fort Point, entrance to San Francisco Harbor, California, thirty thousand dollars.

For fort at Lime Point, San Francisco Harbor, California, thirty thousand dollars.

For fort on Alcatraz Island, harbor of San Francisco, California, twenty thousand dollars.

For torpedoes for harbor-defense, and preservation of the same, one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars: Provided, That the money herein appropriated for torpedoes shall only be used in the establishment and maintenance of torpedoes to be operated from shore-stations for the destruction of an enemy's vessel approaching the shore or entering the channel and fairways of harbors.

For contingencies of fortifications, seventy five thousand dollars.

For surveys and reconnoissances in the military divisions and departments, thirty thousand dollars.

For continuing exploration and survey of the Territories of the United States west of the one hundredth meridian, thirty thousand dollars.

Approved, April 3, 1874.

[GENERAL NATURE—No. 6.]

AN ACT relative to private contracts or agreements made with Indians prior to May twenty-first, eighteen hundred and seventy-two.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That hereafter it shall not be lawful for any United States officer, or other person under its employ or control to recognize the binding force or legality, or in any manner sustain or enforce or counsel, or give any aid or assistance to sustain or enforce, any contract or agreement made by any person or persons, or corporation, with any band, tribe, or nation of Indians, or individual Indian or Indians, not a citizen of the United States, entered into prior to the date of the act of Congress entitled "An act regulating the mode of making private contracts with Indians," approved May twenty-first, eighteen hundred and seventy-two, for the payment or delivery of any money or other thing of value, in present or prospective, or for the granting or procuring any privilege to him or her, or any other person or persons, or corporation, in consideration of services for, or advancements made to, said Indians relative to their lands, or to any claim growing out of or in reference to annuities, installments, or other moneys, claims, demands, or thing under laws or treaties with the United States, or official acts of any officer thereof, or in any way connected with or due from the United States, unless such contract or agreement was reduced to writing and duly signed by the parties in interest thereto at the time it was entered into and fully made known to the parties at the time the contract was signed, and then not until such original written contract shall first have been presented to and examined by the Secretary of the Interior and the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, and these facts by them severally endorsed thereon, and a copy of said contract and of any assignments that may have been made thereon duly entered of record in the office of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs.

SEC. 2. That in addition thereto there shall also be filed in said Commissioner's Office, and retained therein as official papers, and be examined by said Commissioner and Secretary, and that fact indorsed on them, the following statement of facts touching each and all such contracts and agreements so presented; which statements shall be sworn to specially by all and severally the person or persons claiming interest in and seeking the support and enforcement of such contract or agreement, and not by agent or attorney. First, that the writing presented for examination and record as provided for in the first section of this act, and purporting to be the original contract or agreement, is in fact such, and that it was entered into and reduced to writing at the date and for the purposes it purports to have been made and executed; secondly, such sworn statement shall give particularly the names of the real parties in interest in the original contract or agreement, naming them if not named in the written contract or agreement, and if either of the contracting parties is a band, tribe, or nation of Indians, or a corporation or firm, the name of the person, officer, or agent contracting in their behalf, together with his authority for so doing, shall be specially stated; thirdly, a particular statement of all and singular the services rendered or the thing or things done under such contract or agreement prior to said filing, with those things to be done or rendered, together with a particular statement of any and all moneys paid or advanced by either party under such contract or agreement, giving in all cases the time, place, and real value of services rendered, or thing or things done, or the kind and manner of payment, whether in money, property, or credits, up to the date of the filing of the said sworn statement; fourthly, state specifically whether the original contract or agreement had been submitted to any Secretary of the Interior, Commissioner of Indian affairs, superintendent of Indian affairs, Indian agent, commissioner, or other person having official control of or connection with Indian affairs, giving the time when, place where, and person by name to whom such submission was made, and whether by said officer indorsed or not, or whether any such officer was cognizant of such contract or agreement, having been made, through [illegible] submitted to him for approval.

SEC. 3. That the Secretary or Commissioner of Indian Affairs is hereby empowered to require, in writing, any additional facts or proofs that may be necessary to aid in determining the true character of the contract or agreement, or assignments thereof.

Eastern and Maine Central Railroad Line

ARRANGEMENT [illegible]

Commencing [illegible] June [illegible]

Passenger [illegible] leave Bangor [illegible] A. M., and [illegible] P. M. [illegible] trains for Waterville at 3 o'clock P. M. [illegible] with Dexter and Belfast trains.

Night Express, with Pullman Sleeping [illegible] Augusta, leaves at 7.45 P. M., [illegible] passenger train from St. John.

Freight train for Portland and Boston [illegible] 5 45 A. M. [illegible] arrives in Boston at [illegible] morning.

Passenger trains are due (Night Express) [illegible] A. M., connecting with train on E. & N. A. [illegible] Houlton, Calais, St. Stephens, St. John, [illegible]

Mixed train arrives from Waterville at [illegible] Leaves Bangor for Waterville and intermediate stations at 3 00 P. M.

Passenger train from Boston and Portland, [illegible] all intermediate stations, arrives at 7.4[illegible] P. M.

Freight train from Boston [illegible] at 6 15 P. M.

L. L. LINCOLN [illegible]

GEO. F. FIELD, Gen'l [illegible]

July 23.

CONSOLIDATED

European and North American Railway.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT [illegible]

Express train leaves Bangor (Exchange Street Station,) for St. John at 8.00 A. M.

Trains leave Bangor for Oldtown at 11 45 A. M., and 5 15 and 6 10 P. M.

Trains leave Bangor (Exchange street Station) for Guilford at 7.45 A. M., and 3 [illegible] P. M.

Trains leave Guilford for Bangor at 4 [illegible] 2 30 P. M. These trains [illegible] trains for Boston.

Trains leave Mattawamkeag for Bangor at [illegible] A. M. and 4 15 P. M. Leave Dover [illegible] Kenduskeag at 8 00 A. M. and 5.10 P. M.

Express trains connect at Mattawamkeag Junction with N. B. & C. trains for Houlton, Woodstock, St. Stephen and St. Andrews [illegible] Fredericton Junction with train [illegible] ton.

Bangor, [illegible]

Boston and Maine Railroad

Trains leave Portland for Boston and intermediate stations at 6 15 and 9 10 A. M., and 3 10 and [illegible] P. M.

Leave Boston for Portland at [illegible] 3.30 and 6.00 P. M.

Passengers from the line of Maine Central and Knox and Lincoln Railways should [illegible] and have their Baggage checked for the Boston and Maine Transfer Station at Portland, where trains make close connection with all trains [illegible] Central Railroad.

JAS. T. [illegible]

Dec. 31, 1873.

International Steamship Co

Eastport Calais, and St. John, Digby [illegible]

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT

THREE TRIPS PER WEEK

On and after Monday June [illegible] the International Steamship Company [illegible] City of Portland, Capt. S. H. Pike, New York, Capt. E. B. Winchester, and New Brunswick, Capt. [illegible] will leave Railroad Wharf foot of State Street for and every Monday Wednesday and Friday at [illegible] P. M. for Eastport and St. John, N. B.

Returning will leave St. John at [illegible] the same days.

Connections made at Eastport for St. Andrews, Robbinston, Calais, Woodstock and Houlton.

Connections made at St. John for Digby, Annapolis, Windsor, Kentville, Halifax N. S., Shediac, Amherst, Pictou, Summerside, Charlottetown and Fredericton.

Freight received on days of sailing until [illegible] o'clock P. M.

Jun18 tf [illegible] R. STUBBS, Agent.

Portland & Boston Steamers

In order to Accommodate Passengers arriving in Portland by Evening Trains,

The STAUNCH and SUPERIOR Sea-Going Steamers,

John Brooks and Forest City

will, until further notice run as follows:

Leaving Franklin Wharf for Boston Daily, (Sundays excepted,)

At 8 o'clock P. M.

Returning, leave India Wharf, Boston same day at 7 o'clock P. M.

These Steamers have been newly fitted up with steam apparatus for heating cabins and state rooms, and now afford the most convenient and comfortable means of transportation between Boston and Portland.

Passengers by this long established line obtain every comfort and convenience, arrive in season to take the earliest trains out of the city, and avoid the inconvenience of arriving late at night.

Freight taken at low rates.

Mark goods care P. S. Packet Co.

Fare $1.50. State Rooms may be secured in advance by mail.

P. S. *Boston Railroad tickets accepted on steamers.*

J. B. COYLE, Jr., Gen'l Agent, Portland.

June 29, 1874.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP LINE FOR CALIFORNIA, JAPAN AND CHINA, AND KINGSTON, JAMAICA.

Great reduction in rates of freight and passage. Rates always lower than by any other route. Comfort, Safety and Economy combined. Line equipped with new and elegant Iron Steamers. Passenger accommodations [illegible]

PASSAGE RATES.

[illegible] including Panama R. R. [illegible] Steerage $50. [illegible]

[illegible] allowed each adult. [illegible] on board. Medicine and attendance [illegible] business, health or pleasure [illegible] to San Francisco as it is the *safest, the cheapest and most comfortable and the best* [illegible]

One of the splendid New Steamships of this line [illegible] New York, as follows

[illegible] July 1, at 12 noon.

[illegible] Saturday, June [illegible] thereafter.

FREIGHT.

Through rates given from Boston and [illegible] Freight at lowest rates [illegible] any Shipments made to the New [illegible] Rates.

Steamers for [illegible] only sail on intermediate [illegible] (passage rates, Cabin $50 gold, Steerage [illegible]) and make close connection at Panama with the large and elegant Steamers of this line for San Francisco, and also with Steamers for all Central American and South Pacific Ports.

Steamers leave San Francisco for Japan and China on June 18th and [illegible] thereafter.

C. L. BARTLETT & CO., Agents [illegible] State street, Boston [illegible]

RUFUS HATCH, Vice-President and Managing Director.

Agents in Portland, W. D. LITTLE & CO. [illegible] Exchange street.

Maine Steamship Company

SEMI WEEKLY LINE

Steamers Chesapeake and Franconia

Will [illegible] leave Franklin Wharf [illegible] every MONDAY and THURSDAY [illegible] leave Pier 38 East River, New York, every MONDAY and THURSDAY, at 4 P. M.

The FRANCONIA, leaving Portland on THURSDAYS, is fitted up with fine accommodations for passengers, making this the most convenient and comfortable route for travellers between New York and Maine.

Passage in State Room $5, meals extra.

Goods forwarded to and from Philadelphia, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, and all parts of Maine.

Shippers are requested to send their freight to the Steamers as early as 4 P. M., on the days they leave Portland. For further information apply to HENRY FOX, General Agent, Portland.

J. F. AMES, Ag't Pier 38, E. R., New York.

apr24 tf

STONINGTON LINE.

FOR NEW YORK.

AHEAD OF ALL OTHERS.

This is the Only Inside Route Avoiding Point Judith.

Steamboat Express train leaves Boston [illegible] Boston & Providence R. R. Depot daily, [illegible] at 5.30 P. M., connecting at Stonington with the entirely new and superb Steamer Rhode Island, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, and with the elegant and popular Steamer Stonington every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, arriving in New York always in advance of all other lines.

Baggage checked from Bangor to New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

Tickets procured of A. W. BENSON, at depot of Maine Central Railroad.

L. W. FILKINS, Gen Passenger Ag't, New York.
D. S. BABCOCK, President.

oct20 ly

State of Maine.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Court of Probate, January Term A. D. 1874.

Upon the petition of Mary F. Crowell, widow of William E. Crowell, late of Exeter, in said County, deceased, for an allowance out of the personal estate of which said deceased died possessed,

ORDERED, That said widow give public notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in The Bangor Weekly Courier, a newspaper published in Bangor, in said County, that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said County to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor, on the last Tuesday in February, next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have why the same should not be granted.

JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge.

A true copy—Attest:

6 AMBROSE C. FLINT, Register.

Commissioners' Notice.

PENOBSCOT, ss. April 1st, A. D. 1874.

We, the undersigned, having been duly appointed by the Hon. JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge of Probate for said County, Commissioners to receive and examine the claims of the creditors of

LUCIUS COOMBS, late of Carroll

in said County, deceased, whose estate has been represented insolvent, hereby give public notice agreeably to the Order of the said Judge of Probate that six months from and after the last Tuesday in March, 1874, have been allowed to said creditors to present and prove their claims, and that we will attend to the service assigned us, at L. H. Burr's hotel in Springfield, on the last Saturday in May next, and the second Saturday in September next, at one of the clock in the afternoon of each of said days.

HIRAM BURR, ABEL A. BLANCHARD, Commissioners.

16

Mercantile Printing!

Bill Heads, Statements, Circulars, Cards, Shop Bills, etc., executed in the best style at

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N. W. & H. S

JOSIAH H. D

COUNSELOR

PORTLAND

WM. M. HO

ATTORNEY AND COUNS

FILES

NOW IS THE TIME

1000 DOZEN

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J. H. RYDER

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163 Washington and

G. A. COWAN, E

GEORGE'S

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P. S. & J. B. HU

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